BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Bluefield State College Bluefield, West Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Bluefield State College (the "College"), a component unit of the West Virginia Higher Education Fund as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the discretely presented component unit of Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. (a component unit of the College) or Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation (a component unit of the College) for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc., and Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. and Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Governing Board
Bluefield State College

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the College as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the College implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, for the year ended June 30, 2015, which represents a change in accounting principle. As of July 1, 2014, the College's net position was restated to reflect the impact of adoption. A summary of the restatement is presented in Note 2. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of TRS net pension liability and TRS schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2016, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania January 29, 2016

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Our discussion and analysis of Bluefield State College's (the College) financial performance provides an overview of the College's financial activities during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013. Since this discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please refer to the College's basic financial statements on pages 13 to 20 and the notes to financial statements on pages 21 to 68.

During the fiscal year 2003, the College adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and an amendment to GASB Statement No. 14. As a result, the audited financial statements of the Bluefield State College Foundation, Incorporated (the Foundation) are presented here with the College's financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the College determined that the Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation (the Corporation) resources were significant and required presentation in accordance with the GASB statements. The Foundation and the Corporation are private nonprofit organizations that report under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features.

Complete financial statements of the Foundation can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Bluefield State College Foundation at 1629 College Drive, Bluefield, West Virginia 24701. Complete financial statements of the Corporation can be obtained from the Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation at 219 Rock Street, Bluefield, West Virginia 24701.

Financial Highlights from Bluefield State College

The following are brief summaries for the College:

- The College's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities at the end of fiscal year 2015 by approximately \$13.0 million, compared to approximately \$16.4 million and \$16.5 million in 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability at fiscal year-end 2015 was approximately \$5.6 million, all recorded as unrestricted.
- A new net pension liability of approx. \$.5 million was added in FY 2015 to reflect the College's portion of the Teacher's Retirement System liability as a result of implementing GASB 68 (See Notes 2 and 11).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The College has implemented GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities* beginning with fiscal year 2003. GASB No. 35 requires the College to present financial information as a whole rather than focusing on individual funds. Two major changes in the last several years are the recording of depreciation for capital assets and reclassifying certain loan program equity balances as liabilities. In addition, federal and state loan and grant programs are no longer reported as revenues and expenses in the financial statements since the transactions are directly with the student receiving the loan or grant.

This report consists of management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements include the statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and statement of cash flows.

The statement of net position presents the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position can be an indicator of improvement or deterioration of the College's financial position.

Changes in net position during the year are reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. All revenues, expenses, and changes are reported as the underlying event occurs that results in the revenue, expense, or change. The statement of cash flows presents information on actual cash inflows or outflows as they occur.

Financial Analysis of the College

Of the College's net position of approximately \$13.0 million, \$18.1 million (139%) represents its net investment in capital assets of land, land improvements, buildings, equipment and library books. These capital assets are utilized to provide educational and related services to students and the communities and are not available for future spending. Unrestricted net position is available to meet the College's obligations. The unrestricted net position decreased to a further deficit of approximately (\$5.8) million. There is approximately \$5.6 million of unrestricted assets related to OPEB liability. The State of West Virginia has adopted a plan for elimination of the OPEB liability by 2035 for all state agencies. The unrestricted cash represents the amount not restricted via plant operations, auxiliaries, grant and loan funds, and state code restrictions.

The College's net position from 2014 to 2015 decreased by approximately \$3.4 million with cash decreasing by approximately \$1.7 million, debt to the Commission decreasing by approximately \$0.1 million, and net capital assets decreasing by approximately \$.9 million.

Condensed Statements of Net Position June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 (in millions)

	2	015	2014		2	2013
Cash Other Current Assets	\$	2.0	\$	3.7 1.2	\$	6.2
Total Current Assets		3.1		4.9		7.3
Capital Assets		18.3		19.2		16.5
Other Noncurrent Assets		0.6		0.6		0.6
Total Noncurrent Assets		18.9		19.8		17.1
Total Assets		22.0		24.7		24.4
Deferred Outflows of Resources		0.1				
Total	\$	22.1	\$	24.7	\$	24.4
Current Liabilities	\$	2.2	\$	2.4	\$	2.2
Noncurrent Liabilities		6.7		5.9		5.7
Total Liabilities		8.9		8.3		7.9
Deferred Inflows of Resources		0.2		-		-
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		18.1		18.8		16.0
Restricted		0.7		1.0		0.9
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(5.8)		(3.4)		(0.4)
Total Net Position		13.0		16.4		16.5
Total	\$	22.1	\$	24.7	\$	24.4

For the year ended June 30, 2015 there was a decrease of approximately \$3.4 million in net position. The OPEB liability as of June 30, 2015 was approximately \$5.6 million compared to the approximately \$5.3 million at June 30, 2014. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$2.7 million with cash decreasing by approximately \$1.7 million. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased approximately \$.7 million mainly due to recording the new net pension liability as a result of adoption of GASB 68 of approx. \$.5 million and increase in the OPEB liability of approximately \$.2 million.

The following table summarizes the operating results and nonoperating revenue for the past three fiscal years.

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 (in millions)

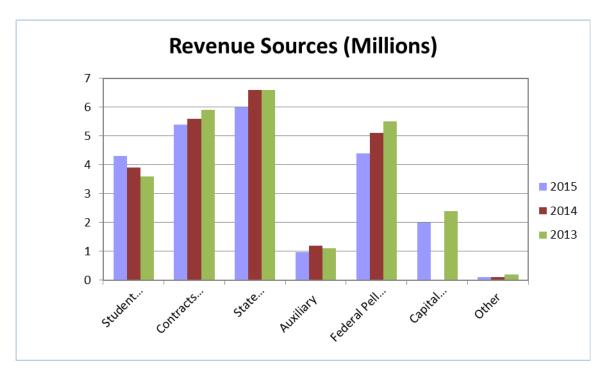
	2015		2014		2	2013
Operating Revenues:						
Tuition and Fees	\$	4.2	\$	4.3	\$	3.9
Contracts and Grants		5.1		5.4		5.6
Auxiliary		8.0		1.0		1.2
Other		0.1		0.1		0.1
		10.2		10.8		10.8
Less: Operating Expenses		22.8		23.4		23.1
Operating Loss		(12.6)		(12.6)		(12.3)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
State Appropriations		5.9		6.0		6.6
Federal Pell Grants		4.0		4.4		5.1
Net Nonoperating Revenue		9.9		10.4		11.7
Loss Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains						
and Losses		(2.7)		(2.2)		(0.6)
Capital Proceeds from the Commission		0.1		0.2		_
Capital Bond Proceeds from the State				1.8		0.1
Total Change in Net Position	\$	(2.6)	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.5)

Gross tuition and fees decreased to \$9.7 in 2015 from approximately \$10.3 million in 2014. The scholarship allowance decreased from approximately \$6.0 million in 2014 to approximately \$5.5 million in 2015 as a result of a decrease in enrollment.

Total operating expenses decreased \$.6 million from approximately \$23.4 million in 2014 to \$22.8 million in 2015.

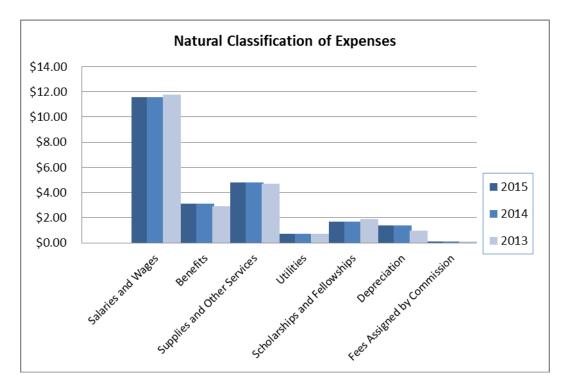
Revenue Sources Years Ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 (in millions)

	2015		2014		2	013
Student Tuition and Fees	\$	4.2	\$	4.3	\$	3.9
Contracts and Grants		5.1		5.4		5.6
State Appropriations		5.9		6.0		6.6
Auxiliary		8.0		1.0		1.2
Federal Pell Grants		4.0		4.4		5.1
Capital Projects and Bond Proceeds		0.1		2.0		0.1
Other		0.1		0.1		0.1
Total Revenue Sources	\$	20.2	\$	23.2	\$	22.6

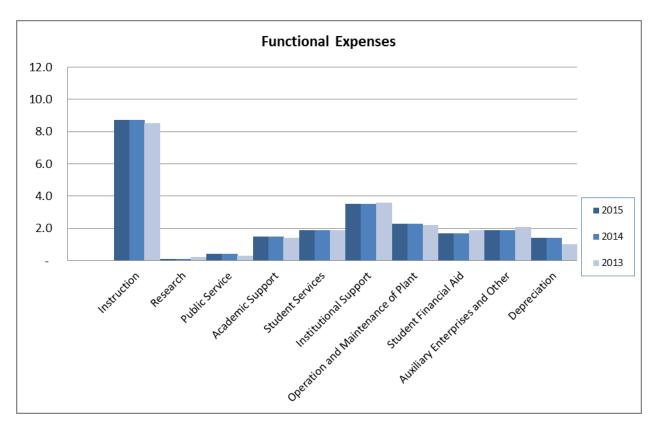


Operating Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 (in millions)

Natural Classification	2015		2015 2014		2	2013
Salaries and Wages	\$	11.3	\$	11.6	\$	11.8
Benefits		3.1		3.1		2.9
Supplies and Other Services		4.5		4.8		4.7
Utilities		0.9		0.7		0.7
Scholarships and Fellowships		1.5		1.7		1.9
Depreciation		1.4		1.4		1.0
Fees Assigned by Commission		0.1		0.1		0.1
		_				_
	\$	22.8	\$	23.4	\$	23.1



Functional Classification	2015		2014		2	2013
Instruction	\$	8.3	\$	8.7	\$	8.5
Research		0.1		0.1		0.2
Public Service		0.4		0.4		0.3
Academic Support		1.3		1.5		1.4
Student Services		1.9		1.9		1.9
Institutional Support		4.3		3.5		3.6
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2.0		2.3		2.2
Student Financial Aid		1.5		1.7		1.9
Auxiliary Enterprises and Other		1.5		1.9		2.1
Depreciation		1.4		1.4		1.0
	\$	22.8	\$	23.4	\$	23.1



The statement of cash flows presents detailed information about the cash activities of Bluefield State College during the year. The statement is divided into five parts. The first section deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used in the operating activities. The second section reflects cash flows from noncapital financing activities. This section reflects the cash received and spent for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes. The third section deals with the cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets and related items and related funding received. The fourth section reflects the cash flows from investing activities and shows interest received from investing activities. The fifth section reconciles the net cash used in operating activities to the operating loss reflected in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by approximately \$1.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 (in millions)

	2015		2014		:	2013
Cash Provided by (Used in):						
Operating Activities	\$	(10.9)	\$	(10.7)	\$	(10.8)
Non Capital Financing Activities		9.8		10.4		11.8
Capital Financing Activities		(0.6)		(2.2)		(0.6)
Investing Activities		-		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1.7)		(2.5)		0.4
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		3.7		6.2		5.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	2.0	\$	3.7	\$	6.2

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The debt service obligation payable to the Commission for the College for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 was approximately \$260 thousand, \$368 thousand, and \$478 thousand, respectively. The College entered into a loan agreement with the Commission during fiscal year 2011 to fund capital projects. The outstanding balance on the loan at June 30, 2015 was approximately \$260 thousand.

The following is a brief summary of capital asset activity for the College as a whole:

- Construction in progress (CIP) additions of \$3.6 were transferred to building.
- There was \$497,223 in purchases towards buildings in fiscal year 2015. There were no disposals of land or buildings during fiscal year 2015.
- Equipment purchases totaled \$27,838 and disposals of equipment during the year were \$38,057.
- Library book purchases were \$8,968.
- Depreciation expense was \$1,383,549.

Readers interested in more detailed information regarding capital assets and debt administration should review the accompanying Notes 6 and 9 to the financial statements.

Economic Outlook

The College's overall financial position is stable. The College's enrollment has declined slightly in 2015, and the large lab upgrade on campus has enhanced the learning environment and conditions.

With the national economy continuing to be challenging, the College continues to be mindful of our students, keeping tuition at the level lowest in the State for baccalaureate institutions, and competitive with nearby Virginia counties. College personnel continue to be concerned of the happenings in the nation's capital, Washington, DC and the effect sudden changes may have on higher education. The "Other Postemployment Benefit" liability also will continue to be a challenge for a few years until the liability is fully funded. We are very appreciative for the State of West Virginia addressing this issue.

Contacting the College's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Bluefield State College's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the Vice President of Financial and Administrative Affairs at Bluefield State College, 219 Rock Street, Bluefield, West Virginia 24701.

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance of \$884,813 and \$564,672,	\$ 2,007,958	\$ 3,728,252
Respectively	694,870	587,348
Loans Receivable, Current Portion	3,181	3,741
Prepaid Expenses	8,792	4,492
Due from the Commission	10,100	195,996
Due from New River Community and Technical College	<u>-</u>	134,339
Inventories	301,576	289,954
Total Current Assets	3,026,477	4,944,122
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	142,901	142,442
Investments	453,891	444,693
Loans Receivable, Net of Allowance of \$116,512 and \$178,674,		
Respectively	33,972	36,453
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	18,329,104	19,172,066
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,959,868	19,795,654
Total Assets	21,986,345	24,739,776
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows TRS Plan	74,335	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 22,060,680	\$ 24,739,776
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 262,744	\$ 743,704
Accrued Liabilities	1,269,096	1,023,123
Unearned Revenue	118,764	132,573
Compensated Absences, Current Portion	439,798	451,414
Debt Service Obligation Payable to the Commission, Current Portion	75,000	109,000
Total Current Liabilities	2,165,402	2,459,814
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Advances from Federal Sponsors	94,251	96,506
Compensated Absences	291,321	267,298
Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	5,573,023	5,290,071
Net Pension Liability	551,643	-
Debt Service Obligation Payable to the Commission, Net of Current Liabilities	184,500	259,500
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,694,738	5,913,375
Total Liabilities	8,860,140	8,373,189
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows TRS Plan	228,484	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,088,624	8,373,189
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,069,604	18,803,566
Restricted for:	405.004	400 400
Nonexpendable Endowment	495,391	486,193
Expendable Scholarships	145,781	107,737
Expendable Crants	85,802 19,524	86,130 307,055
Expendable Grants Unrestricted (Deficit)	(5,844,046)	(3,424,094)
Total Net Position	12,972,056	16,366,587
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position	\$ 22,060,680	\$ 24,739,776
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BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
OPERATING REVENUES		
Student Tuition and Fees (Net of Scholarship Allowance of		
\$5,461,276 and \$6,060,895, Respectively)	\$ 4,230,263	\$ 4,308,287
Contracts and Grants:	0.00= 400	0.004.444
Federal	2,807,128	2,864,111
State	1,768,441	2,052,282
Private	490,246	486,845
Interest on Student Loans Receivable	34	1,424
Sales and Services of Educational Activities Auxiliary Enterprise Revenue (Net of Scholarship Allowance of	49,408	66,497
\$246,579 and \$325,717, Respectively)	787,476	982,941
Miscellaneous - Net	56,416	42,769
Total Operating Revenues	10,189,412	10,805,156
	10,100,112	10,000,100
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and Wages	11,311,695	11,560,831
Benefits	3,124,471	3,150,249
Supplies and Other Services	4,511,932	4,821,104
Utilities Student Financial Aid Scholarshing and Fallowshing	810,758	685,721
Student Financial Aid - Scholarships and Fellowships Depreciation	1,529,040 1,383,549	1,689,861 1,370,874
Assessments by the Commission for Operations	78,068	85,215
Total Operating Expenses	22,749,513	23,363,855
OPERATING LOSS	(12,560,101)	(12,558,699)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Appropriations	5,856,558	5,938,342
Federal Pell Grants	3,972,920	4,415,024
Investment Income	20,016	49,890
Payments on Behalf of the College	73,637	- (4.700)
Assessments by the Commission for Debt Service	(1,792)	(1,792)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(36,451)	10 401 464
Net Nonoperating Revenues	9,884,888	10,401,464
DECREASE IN NET POSITION BEFORE OTHER REVENUES,		
EXPENSES, GAINS AND LOSSES	(2,675,213)	(2,157,235)
CAPITAL PROCEEDS FROM COMMISSION	62,500	187,500
CAPITAL BOND PROCEEDS FROM THE STATE	<u> </u>	1,784,947
DECREASE IN NET POSITION	(2,612,713)	(184,788)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,366,587	16,551,375
RESTATEMENT FOR JULY 1, 2014, PENSION LIABILITY	(781,818)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED	15,584,769	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,972,056	\$ 16,366,587

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Student Tuition and Food	\$ 4.092.292	\$ 4,315,591
Student Tuition and Fees Contracts and Grants	\$ 4,092,292 4,956,391	\$ 4,315,591 5,057,503
Payments to and on Behalf of Employees	(14,019,595)	(14,222,477)
Payments to Suppliers	(4,758,623)	(4,216,148)
Payments to Utilities	(726,753)	(726,136)
Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships	(1,529,040)	(1,689,861)
Collections of Loans to Students	3,041	25,559
Sales and Service of Educational Activities	88,655	23,892
Auxiliary Enterprise Charges Fees Assessed by Commission	792,668 (78,068)	974,798 (85,215)
Other Receipts, Net	244,231	(143,399)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(10,934,801)	(10,685,893)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Appropriations	5,856,558	5,938,342
Federal Pell Grants	3,972,920	4,415,024
Direct Lending Receipts	6,674,690	8,096,271
Direct Lending Payments	(6,674,690)	(8,096,271)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	9,829,478	10,353,366
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	, <u>-</u>	,,
Purchases of Capital Assets	(577,038)	(4,023,886)
Proceeds from Commission Payments to Commission for Debt Service	62,500	187,500 (1,792)
Bond Funds Transferred from Other State Agencies	(1,792)	(1,792) 1,784,947
Payments to Commission for Loan	(109,000)	(109,000)
Withdrawals from Noncurrent Cash and Cash Equivalents	(459)	(7,881)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	(625,789)	(2,170,112)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments	20,016	49,890
Purchase of Investments	(9,198)	(26,317)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	10,818	23,573
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,720,294)	(2,479,066)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	3,728,252	6,207,318
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,007,958	\$ 3,728,252
DECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH LISED IN OPERATING		
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$ (12,560,101)	\$ (12,558,699)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense	1,383,549	1,370,874
Effect of Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	70.074	(0.47.050)
Accounts Receivables, Net	78,374	(347,050)
Loans to Students, Net Prepaid Expenses	3,041 (4,300)	25,559 (2,991)
Inventories	(4,300) (11,622)	(2,991) 126,926
Accounts Payable	(480,960)	215,657
Accrued Liabilities	245,973	17,960
Compensated Absences	12,407	23,866
Other Postemployment Benefits	282,952	312,438
Unearned Revenue	(13,809)	113,758
Advances from Federal Sponsors	(2,255)	(15,435)
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	(2,389)	-
Other	-	(45,414)
Due to the Commission		(57,681)
Due to New River Community and Technical College	134,339	134,339
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (10,934,801)	\$ (10,685,893)
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS		
Expenses Paid on Behalf of the College	\$ 73,637	\$ -
Expenses I aid on benait of the college	\$ 73,637	\$ -

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015		2014
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$	1,143,118	\$	1,275,998
Interest Receivable		6,350		6,823
Contributions Receivable, Net Discount and Allowance		-		53,029
Cash Restricted for Long-Term Investment		113,901		74,057
Investments		10,567,672		10,224,976
Assets Held for Others		40,963		29,033
Other Assets		2,092		1,451
Total Assets	\$	11,874,096	\$	11,665,367
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
LIABILITIES				
Amounts Held on Behalf of Others	\$	40,963	\$	29,033
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted		9,555,775		9,459,747
Temporarily Restricted		631,061		702,727
Permanently Restricted		1,646,297		1,473,860
Total Net Assets		11,833,133		11,636,334
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	11,874,096	\$	11,665,367

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		•		•			rmanently estricted		Total
REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT	_				_		_					
Net Gifts	\$	19,247	\$	105,582	\$	137,732	\$	262,561				
Interest Income		30,666		5,241		-		35,907				
Dividend Income		160,590		44,532		-		205,122				
Fundraising Income		28,991		-		-		28,991				
Other Income		381		-		-		381				
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains		59,573		6,829		-		66,402				
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		199,145		(233,850)		34,705						
		498,593		(71,666)		172,437		599,364				
EXPENSES AND SUPPORT College Support:												
Student Support		241,559		-		-		241,559				
Institutional Support		79,502		-		-		79,502				
Conferences, Meetings and Travel		6,418		-		-		6,418				
Other Expenses		27,272						27,272				
		354,751	·	-		-		354,751				
FUND RAISING EXPENSES		7,978		-		-		7,978				
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT EXPENSES		39,836		-				39,836				
		402,565						402,565				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		96,028		(71,666)		172,437		196,799				
NET ASSETS		0.450.745		700 707		4 470 000						
Beginning		9,459,747		702,727		1,473,860		11,636,334				
Ending	\$	9,555,775	\$	631,061	\$	1,646,297	\$ ^	11,833,133				

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

DEVENUES AND STUED SUPPORT	Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		Permanently Restricted			Total
REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT	•	40.055	•	40 477	•	07.004	•	404.005
Net Gifts	\$	18,657	\$	48,477	\$	67,831	\$	134,965
Interest Income		31,001		3,419		-		34,420
Dividend Income		147,925		27,379		-		175,304
Fundraising Income		28,035		-		-		28,035
Other Income		6		-		-		6
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains		1,190,518		24,130		-		1,214,648
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		17,027		4,510		(21,537)		
		1,433,169		107,915		46,294		1,587,378
EXPENSES AND SUPPORT College Support:								
Student Support		248,980		-		-		248,980
Institutional Support		93,864		-		-		93,864
Conferences, Meetings and Travel		24,124		-		-		24,124
Other Expenses		26,393						26,393
		393,361		-		-		393,361
FUND RAISING EXPENSES		12,734		-		-		12,734
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT EXPENSES		37,942						37,942
		444,037		-				444,037
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		989,132		107,915		46,294		1,143,341
NET ASSETS								
Beginning		8,470,615		594,812	1	,427,566		10,492,993
Ending	\$	9,459,747	\$	702,727	\$ 1	,473,860	\$	11,636,334

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION A COMPONENT UNIT OF BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

ASSETS		2015		2014
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	59,155	\$	
Receivables, Net	φ	122,005	φ	139,422
Assets Held for Others		220,952		214,383
Inventory		5,758		5,758
Total Current Assets		407,870		359,563
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		3,494,965		3,737,618
INTANGIBLES, NET		46,901		55,453
Total Assets	\$	3,949,736	\$	4,152,634
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	247,441	\$	197,986
Cash Overdraft		-		446
Funds Held for Others		15,017		11,751
Deferred Revenue		220,952		214,383
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Total Current Liabilities		76,396 559,806		72,316 496,882
Total Gulferit Elabilities		339,000		1 30,002
LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT PORTION		3,270,787		3,347,183
Total Liabilities		3,830,593		3,844,065
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted		119,143		308,569
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	3,949,736	\$	4,152,634

BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION A COMPONENT UNIT OF BLUEFIELD STATE COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

		2015	2014
SUPPORT AND REVENUE	<u>-</u>		
Rental Income	\$	654,419	\$ 707,495
Contributions and Donations		100,000	100,000
Federal, State and Private Contracts and Grants		257,280	299,477
Other Income		83,383	80,330
Total Revenue and Support		1,095,082	1,187,302
EXPENSES			
Program Services:			
Federal Programs		211,040	268,538
State Programs		25	3,000
Private and Unrestricted Programs		949,602	 945,575
Total Program Expenses		1,160,667	1,217,113
Support Services:			
Management and General		123,841	96,972
Total Operating Expenses		1,284,508	1,314,085
Change in Net Assets From Operations		(189,426)	(126,783)
Other Changes:			
Donations of capital assets to Bluefield State College			 14,240
DECREASE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS		(189,426)	(141,023)
Beginning Net Assets		308,569	 449,592
ENDING NET ASSETS	\$	119,143	\$ 308,569

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION

Bluefield State College (the College) is governed by the Bluefield State College Board of Governors (the Board). The Board was established by Senate Bill 653 (S.B. 653).

Powers and duties of the Board include, but are not limited to, the power to determine, control, supervise and manage the financial, business and educational policies and affairs of the institution under its jurisdiction, the duty to develop a master plan for the institution, the power to prescribe the specific functions and institution's budget request, the duty to review at least every five years all academic programs offered at the institution and the power to fix tuition and other fees for the different classes or categories of students enrolled at its institution.

S.B. 653 also created the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission (the Commission), which is responsible for developing, gaining consensus around and overseeing the implementation and development of a higher education public policy agenda.

As a requirement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards (GASB), the College has included information from the Bluefield State College Foundation, Incorporated (the Foundation) and Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation (the Corporation).

Although the College benefits from the activities of the Foundation, the Foundation is independent of the College in all respects. The Foundation is not a subsidiary of the College and is not directly or indirectly controlled by the College. The Foundation has its own separate, independent Board of Directors, Moreover, the assets of the Foundation are the exclusive property of the Foundation and do not belong to the College. The College is not accountable for, and does not have ownership of, any of the financial and capital resources of the Foundation. The College does not have the power or authority to mortgage, pledge, or encumber the assets of the Foundation. The Board of Directors of the Foundation is entitled to make all decisions regarding the business and affairs of the Foundation including, without limitation, distributions made to the College. Under State law, neither the principal nor income generated by the assets of the Foundation can be taken into consideration in determining the amount of State-appropriated funds allocated to the College. Third parties dealing with the College, the Board, and the State of West Virginia (the State) (or any agency thereof) should not rely upon the financial statements of the Foundation for any purpose without consideration of all the foregoing conditions and limitations. See Note 13 for additional disclosure.

Although the College benefits from the activities of the Corporation, the Corporation is independent of the College in all respects. The Corporation is not a subsidiary of the College and is not directly or indirectly controlled by the College. The assets of the Corporation are the exclusive property of the Corporation and do not belong to the College. The College is not accountable for, and does not have ownership of, any of the financial and capital resources of the Corporation. The College does not have the power or authority to mortgage, pledge, or encumber the assets of the Corporation. Any income resulting from the operations of the Corporation is for the benefit of the Corporation and is not distributed to the College. Third parties dealing with the College, the Board, and the State (or any agency thereof) should not rely upon the financial statements of the Corporation for any purpose without consideration of all the foregoing conditions and limitations. See Note 13 for additional disclosure.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the College have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by GASB. The combined financial statement presentation required by GASB provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position and cash flows.

Reporting Entity

The College is an operating unit of the West Virginia Higher Education Fund and represents separate funds of the State of West Virginia (the State) that are not included in the State's general fund. The College is a separate entity, which along with all State institutions of higher education, the Commission (which includes West Virginia Network for Educational Telecomputing), and West Virginia Council for Community and Technical Education form the Higher Education Fund of the State. The Higher Education Fund is considered a component unit of the State, and its financial statements are discretely presented in the State's comprehensive annual financial report.

The basic criteria for inclusion in the accompanying financial statements is the exercise of oversight responsibility derived from the College's ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters of related entities.

As of July 1, 2003, the College adopted GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 14. As a result, the audited financial statements of the Foundation are presented as a discrete component unit with the College's combined financial statements in accordance with GASB. The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under FASB standards, including the Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's audited financial information as it is presented herein except that in accordance with governmental accounting standards, the Foundation's statements of cash flows are not presented.

The Corporation is presented as a discrete component unit with the College's combined financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 in accordance with GASB. The Corporation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under FASB standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Corporation's audited financial information as it is presented herein except that in accordance with governmental accounting standards, the Corporation's statements of cash flows are not presented.

The Center for Applied Research and Technology of Bluefield State College and the Bluefield State College Alumni Association are not part of the College reporting entity and are not included in the accompanying financial statements as the College has no ability to designate management, cannot significantly influence operations of the entity and is not accountable for the fiscal matters of the entity under GASB.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial Statement Presentation

GASB establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that financial statements be presented on a basis to focus on the College as a whole. Net position is classified into four categories according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of College obligations. The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent that debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted Net Position, Expendable

This includes resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

The West Virginia State Legislature, as a regulatory body outside the reporting entity, has restricted the use of certain funds by Article 10, Fees and Other Money Collected as State Institutions of Higher Education of the West Virginia State Code. House Bill 101 passed in March 2004 simplified the tuition and fee structure and removed the restrictions but included designations associated with auxiliary and capital items. These activities are fundamental to the normal ongoing operations of the institution. These restrictions are subject to change by future actions of the State Legislature.

Restricted Net Position, Nonexpendable

This includes endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted net position includes resources that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Such resources are derived from tuition and fees (not restricted as to use), state appropriations, sales and services of educational activities and auxiliary enterprises. Unrestricted net position is used for transactions related to the educational and general operations of the College and may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Governors.

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting with a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are reported when earned and expenditures when materials or services are received. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of net position, the College considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents balances on deposit with the State of West Virginia Treasurer's Office (the State Treasurer) are pooled by the State Treasurer with other available funds of the State for investment purposes by the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (the BTI). These funds are transferred to the BTI and the BTI is directed by the State Treasurer to invest the funds in specific external investment pools in accordance with West Virginia code, policies set by the BTI, and by provisions of bond indentures and trust agreements, when applicable.

Balances in the investment pools are recorded at fair value or amortized cost which approximates fair value. Fair value is determined by a third-party pricing service based on asset portfolio pricing models and other sources, in accordance with GASB. The BTI was established by the State Legislature and is subject to oversight by the State Legislature. Fair value and investment income are allocated to participants in the pools based upon the funds that have been invested. The amounts on deposit are available for immediate withdrawal or on the first day of each month for the WV Short Term Bond Pool and, accordingly, are presented as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying combined financial statements.

The BTI maintains the Consolidated Fund investment fund, which consists of eight investment pools and participant-directed accounts, three of which the College may invest in. These pools have been structured as multi-participant variable net asset funds to reduce risk and offer investment liquidity diversification to the Fund participants. Funds not required to meet immediate disbursement needs are invested for longer periods. A more detailed discussion of the BTI's investment operations pool can be found in its annual audited financial report. A copy of the annual report can be obtained from the following address: 1900 Kanawha Boulevard East, Room E-122, Charleston, West Virginia 25305 or http://www.wvbti.com.

Permissible investments for all agencies include those guaranteed by the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities (U.S. Government obligations); corporate debt obligations, including commercial paper, which meet certain ratings; certain money market funds; repurchase agreements; reverse repurchase agreements; asset-backed securities; certificate of deposit; state and local government securities (SLGS); and other investments. Other investments consist primarily of investments in accordance with the Linked Deposit Program, a program using financial institutions in West Virginia to obtain certificates of deposit, loans approved by the legislature and any other program investments authorized by the legislature.

Appropriations Due from Primary Government

For financial reporting purposes, appropriations due from the State are presented separate from cash and cash equivalents, as amounts are not specific deposits with the State Treasurer but are obligations of the State.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

It is the College's policy to provide for future losses on uncollectible accounts, contracts, grants and loans receivable based on an evaluation of the underlying account, contract, grant and loan balances, the historical collectability experienced by the College on such balances and such other factors which, in the College's judgment, require consideration in estimating doubtful accounts.

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are stated at the lower-of-cost or market, cost being determined on the first-in, first-out method.

Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments that are (1) externally restricted to make debt service payments and long-term loans to students, or to maintain sinking or reserve funds, (2) to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets or settle long-term liabilities, and (3) permanently restricted net position, are classified as a noncurrent asset in the accompanying combined statements of net position.

Investments

GASB requires the College to record certain investment balances at fair value. The College's investments were on deposit with First Community Bank, Inc. and First Century Bank, Inc. These funds represented the George M. Cruise Endowed Chair of Health Sciences/Nursing and the James H. Shott Endowed Chair of Business, respectively. Funds on deposit are invested in Federal Agency Bonds, money market funds, the underlying securities of which are securities of the U.S. Government, Federated Prime Value Obligation Funds, equity market funds, fixed income securities, and other mutual funds invested in high-quality fixed income securities. These funds are classified as long term due to the restrictions on expenditure. Amounts held for restricted expenditures are available for immediate withdrawal.

Investments are made in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Uniform Prudent Investor Act codified as article six-C, chapter forty-four of the West Virginia Code.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant and equipment, books and materials that are part of a catalogued library and infrastructure assets. Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or construction, or fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 20 to 50 years for buildings and infrastructure, 20 years for land improvements, 7 years for library books and 3 to 10 years for furniture and equipment. The College's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. There was no interest capitalized during 2015 or 2014. The accompanying combined financial statements reflect all adjustments required by GASB.

Unearned Revenue

Revenues for programs or activities to be conducted primarily in the next fiscal year are classified as unearned revenue, including items such as orientation fees and room and board. Financial aid and other deposits are separately classified as deposits.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB provides for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expenditures, assets, and liabilities, including applicable note disclosures and required supplementary information. During fiscal year 2006, House Bill No. 4654 was established to create a trust fund for postemployment benefits for the State. The College is required to participate in this multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan, the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund, sponsored by the State of West Virginia. Details regarding this plan and its stand-alone financial statements can be obtained by contacting the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA), 601 57th St. SE, Suite 2, Charleston, West Virginia 25304-2345 or http://www.wvpeia.com.

GASB requires entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave or payments in lieu of accrued vacation or sick leave as such benefits are earned and payment becomes probable. The College's full-time employees earn up to two vacation leave days for each month of service and are entitled to compensation for accumulated, unpaid vacation leave upon termination. Full-time employees also earn 1 1/2 sick leave days for each month of service and are entitled to extend their health or life insurance coverage upon retirement in lieu of accumulated, unpaid sick leave. Generally, two days of accrued sick leave extend health insurance for one month of single coverage, and three days extend health insurance for one month of family coverage. For employees hired after 1988, or who were hired before 1988 but did not choose such coverage until after 1988 but before July 1, 2001, the employee shares in the cost of the extended benefit coverage to the extent of 50% of the premium required for the extended coverage. Employees hired July 1, 2001, or later will no longer receive sick leave credit toward insurance premiums when they retire. Additionally, all retirees have the option to purchase continued coverage regardless of their eligibility for premium credits. This liability is now provided for under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan sponsored by the State.

Certain faculty employees (generally those with less than a 12-month contract) earn a similar extended health or life insurance coverage retirement benefit based on years of service. Generally, 3 1/3 years of teaching service extend health insurance for 1 year of single coverage, and 5 years extend health insurance for 1 year of family coverage. Faculty hired after July 1, 2009, will no longer receive years of service credit toward insurance premiums when they retire. Employees hired after July 1, 2010, receive no health insurance premium subsidy from the College. Two groups of employees hired after July 1, 2010, will not be required to pay the unsubsidized rate: 1) active employees who were originally hired before July 1, 2010, who have a break in service of fewer than two years after July 1, 2010; and 2) retired employees who retired before July 1, 2010, return to active service after July 1, 2010, and then go back into retirement. In those cases, the original hire date will apply.

The estimated expense and expense incurred for the vacation leave or OPEB benefits are recorded as a component of benefits expense in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), and additions to/reductions from the TRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the TRS financial statements, which can be found at ttps://www.wvretirement.com/Publications .html#CAFR. The plan schedules of TRS are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus in accordance with U.S. GAAP as prescribed by GASB. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Investments are reported at fair value. Detailed information on investment valuation can be found in the TRS financial statements. Management of TRS has made certain estimates and assumptions relating to employer allocation schedules, and actual results could differ. (See Note 11.)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Consumption of net position by the College that is applicable to a future fiscal year is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position. As of June 30, 2015, the College had deferred outflows of resources related to pension of \$74,335 (see Note 11).

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Acquisition of net position by the College that is applicable to a future fiscal year is reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position. As of June 30, 2015, the College had deferred inflows related to pensions of \$228,484 (see Note 11).

Risk Management

The State's Board of Risk and Insurance Management (BRIM) provides general, property and casualty, and medical malpractice liability coverage to the College and its employees. Such coverage may be provided to the College by BRIM through self-insurance programs maintained by BRIM or policies underwritten by BRIM that may involve experience-related premiums or adjustments to BRIM.

BRIM engages an independent actuary to assist in the determination of its premiums so as to minimize the likelihood of premium adjustments to the College or other participants in BRIM's insurance programs. As a result, management does not expect significant differences between the premiums the College is currently charged by BRIM and the ultimate cost of that insurance based on the College's actual loss experience. In the event such differences arise between estimated premiums currently charged by BRIM to the College and the College's ultimate actual loss experience, the difference will be recorded, as the change in estimate becomes known.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Risk Management (Continued)

In addition, through its participation in the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA) and a third-party insurer, the College has obtained health, life, prescription drug coverage, and coverage for job related injuries for its employees. In exchange for payment of premiums PEIA and the third-party insurer, the College has transferred its risks related to health, life, prescription drug coverage, and job related injuries.

West Virginia had a single private insurance company, BrickStreet Insurance, which provided workers' compensation coverage to all employers in the state. BrickStreet retains the risk related to the compensation of injured employees under the program.

Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenues

Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, (3) most federal, state, local, and nongovernmental grants and contracts, and (4) sales and services of educational activities.

Nonoperating Revenues

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenues that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB, such as state appropriations, Federal Pell Grants, and investment income, and sale of capital assets (including natural resources).

Other Revenue

Other revenues consist primarily of capital grants and gifts.

Use of Restricted Net Position

The College has not adopted a formal policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Generally, the College attempts to utilize restricted net position first when practicable.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The College makes loans to students under the Federal Direct Student Loan Program. Under this program, the U.S. Department of Education makes interest subsidized and nonsubsidized loans directly to students, through the College. Direct student loan receivables are not included in the College's statement of net position as the loans are repayable directly to the U.S. Department of Education. In 2015 and 2014, respectively, the College received and disbursed approximately \$6.7 million and \$8.1 million, under the Federal Direct Student Loan Program on behalf of the U.S. Department of Education, which is not included as revenue and expense on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The College also distributes other student financial assistance funds on behalf of the federal government to students under the federal Pell Grant, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant and Federal Work Study programs. The activity of these programs is recorded in the accompanying financial statements. In 2015 and 2014, the College received and disbursed approximately \$4.2 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, under these federal student aid programs.

Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf.

Financial aid to students is reported in the financial statements under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and College Business Officers (NACUBO). Certain aid such as loans, funds provided to students as awarded by third parties, and Federal Direct Lending is accounted for as a third-party payment (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment). All other aid is reflected in the financial statements as operating expenses, or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expense represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to the student in the form of reduced tuition. Under the alternative method, these amounts are computed on a College basis by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, on the ratio of total aid to the aid not considered to be third-party aid.

Government Grants and Contracts

Government grants and contracts normally provide for the recovery of direct and indirect costs, subject to audit. The College recognizes revenue associated with direct costs as the related costs are incurred. Recovery of related indirect costs is generally recorded at fixed rates negotiated for a period of one to five years.

Income Taxes

The College is exempt from income taxes, except for unrelated business income, as a governmental instrumentality under federal income tax laws and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service as described in Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash Flows

Any cash and cash equivalents escrowed, restricted for noncurrent assets or in funded reserves have not been included as cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statements of cash flows.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risk and Uncertainties

Investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in risk and values will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Newly Adopted Statements Issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

The College has implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Statements Nos. 68 and 71 require the College to report its share of the defined benefit pension liabilities and expense, as well as the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, allocated to it by the West Virginia State Teachers Retirement System ("TRS"). The balance of the net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at July 1, 2014 is reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as a restatement to the 2015 Net Position – beginning of the year. TRS was not able to provide sufficient information to restate the financial statements for the period ending June 30, 2014.

	 2015
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Previously stated	\$ 16,366,587
July 1, 2014, Balance of the Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows	
of Resources	 (781,818)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated	\$ 15,584,769

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recent Statements Issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

The GASB has issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 72 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The requirements of this statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers and are not within the scope of Statement 68. This statement also establishes requirements for pensions that are provided through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. This statement also establishes requirements for governments that hold assets accumulated for purposes of providing pensions through defined benefit pension plans that are not administered through trusts that meet certain criteria and amends certain provisions for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 and for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 73 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. This statement establishes financial reporting standards for state and local governmental other postemployment benefit plans – defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans – that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. This statement also establishes financial reporting standards for governments that hold assets accumulated for purposes of providing other postemployment benefits through defined benefit plans that are not administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 74 may have on its financial statements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recent Statements Issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (Continued)

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit other postemployment benefits and defined contribution other postemployment benefits that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through other postemployment benefit plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. This statement also establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit other postemployment benefits and defined contribution other postemployment benefits that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through other postemployment benefit plans that are not administered through trusts that meet certain criteria. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement establishes the hierarchy of GAAP for state and local governments. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 76 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. This standard establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 77 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit pensions provided to the employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 78 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. The College has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 79 may have on its financial statements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The composition of cash and cash equivalents held was as follows:

	June 30, 2015					
	Current		Noncurrent			Total
State Treasurer In Bank	\$	1,833,715 166,943	\$	41,074 101,827	\$	1,874,789 268,770
On Hand		7,300		-		7,300
Total	\$	2,007,958	\$	142,901	\$	2,150,859
		June 30, 2014				
		Current	N	oncurrent		Total
State Treasurer In Bank On Hand	\$	3,628,050 92,900 7,302	\$	41,073 101,369 -	\$	3,669,123 194,269 7,302
Total	\$	3,728,252	\$	142,442	\$	3,870,694

Cash held by the State Treasurer includes \$468,956 and \$726,510 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, of restricted cash for sponsored projects, loans, and other purposes.

The combined carrying amount of cash in bank at June 30, 2015 and 2014, was \$268,770 and \$194,269 as compared with the combined bank balance of \$407,799 and \$375,461, respectively. The difference is primarily caused by outstanding checks and items in transit. The bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or were collateralized by securities held by the State's agent. Regarding federal depository insurance, interest-bearing accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. Non-interest-bearing accounts are 100% insured through December 31, 2015.

Amounts with the State Treasurer as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, are comprised of three investment pools, the WV Money Market Pool, the WV Government Money Market Pool and the WV Short Term Bond Pool.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The following table provides information on the Standard & Poor's rating of the investment pools as of June 30:

	201	5	2014			
External Pool	Carrying Value (in Thousands)	S&P Ratings	Carrying Value (in Thousands)	S&P Ratings		
WV Money Market Pool WV Government Money Market Pool	\$ 1,858,253 \$ 16.128	AAAm AAAm	\$ 3,565,029 \$ 29.287	AAAm AAAm		
WV Short Term Bond Pool	\$ 10,128	Not Rated	\$ 74,807	Not Rated		

A Fund rated "AAAm" has extremely strong capacity to maintain principal stability and to limit exposure to principal losses due to credit, market, and/or liquidity risks. "AAAm" is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk — Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. All the amounts with the State Treasurer are subject to interest rate risk.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table provides information on the weighted-average maturities for the WV Money Market Pool and the WV Government Money Market Pool:

	2015	5	2014	
	Carrying Value	WAM	Carrying Value	WAM
External Pool	(in Thousands)	(Days)	(in Thousands)	(Days)
WV Money Market Pool	\$ 1,858,253	47	\$ 3,565,029	36
WV Government Money Market Pool	\$ 16,128	51	\$ 29,287	37

The following table provides information on the effective duration for the WV Short Term Bond Pool:

		201	5	2014			
			Effective		Effective		
External Pool	•	ng Value ousands)	Duration (Days)	ying Value housands)	Duration (Days)		
WV Short Term Bond Pool	\$	408	410	\$ 74,807	407		

Other Investment Risks — Other investment risks include concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk, and foreign currency risk. None of the BTI's Consolidated Fund's investment pools or accounts is exposed to these risks as described below.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the College will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's investment policy limits investment maturities from potential fair value losses due to increasing interest rates. No more than 5% of the money market fund's total market value may be invested in the obligations of a single issuer, with the exception of the U.S. government and its agencies.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable were as follows at June 30:

	2015		2014		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$611,925 and \$564,672 in 2015 and 2014, Respectively	\$	282,729	\$	258,424	
Grants and Contracts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$272,888 and \$0 in 2015 and					
2014, Respectively		137,333		303,052	
Other Accounts Receivable		274,808		25,872	
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	694,870	\$	587,348	

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, investments had a combined carrying value of \$453,891 and \$444,693, of which \$179,167 and \$177,320 is invested with First Community Bank and \$274,724 and \$267,373 is invested with First Century Bank, respectively. Of the funds invested with First Community Bank, 89% is invested in Federal Government Bonds, 3% is invested in fixed income securities and 2% is invested in a money market fund and corporate bonds 6%, the underlying securities of which were securities of the U.S. Government. Of the funds invested with First Century Bank, 68% is invested in equities, 30% is invested in fixed income securities and 2% is invested in money market funds, the underlying securities of which were securities of the Federated Government Obligation Tax Managed Fund and Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund.

The investments are held with a third-party trustee. The money market funds invest in U.S. Government Securities and Federated Prime Value Obligation Funds. These funds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The U.S. Government Securities are also rated Aaa by Moody's. The Federal Government Bonds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The fixed income securities invest in Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Freddie Mac Notes and certificates of deposit under the CDARS program. The equity market securities, fixed income securities and limited partnerships are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. Management believes that there is no significant custodial credit risk nor interest rate risk for any of the funds. Furthermore, the funds are not exposed to any significant concentration of credit risk nor any foreign currency risk.

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset transactions for the College for the years ended June 30:

	2015						
	Beginning	Ending					
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 277,942	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 277,942		
Construction in Progress	3,700,168	56,263	13,254	(3,644,039)	99,138		
Total Capital Assets not being							
Depreciated	\$ 3,978,110	\$ 56,263	\$ 13,254	\$ (3,644,039)	\$ 377,080		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements	\$ 4,381,817	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,381,817		
Buildings	27,289,033	497,223	-	3,644,039	31,430,295		
Equipment	4,098,433	27,838	38,057	-	4,088,214		
Library Books	1,412,407	8,968			1,421,375		
Total Other Capital Assets	37,181,690	534,029	38,057	3,644,039	41,321,701		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Land Improvements	2,536,940	263,413	-	-	2,800,353		
Buildings	14,739,549	987,582	-	-	15,727,131		
Equipment	3,328,693	123,757	1,606	-	3,450,844		
Library Books	1,382,552	8,797			1,391,349		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	21,987,734	1,383,549	1,606		23,369,677		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated - Net	\$ 15,193,956	\$ (849,520)	\$ 36,451	\$ 3,644,039	\$ 17,952,024		
Capital Asset Summary:							
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$ 3,978,110	\$ 56,263	\$ 13,254	\$ (3,644,039)	\$ 377,080		
Other Capital Assets	37,181,690	534,029	38,057	3,644,039	41,321,701		
Total Cost of Capital Assets	41,159,800	590,292	51,311	-	41,698,781		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	21,987,734	1,383,549	1,606		23,369,677		
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 19,172,066	\$ (793,257)	\$ 49,705	\$ -	\$ 18,329,104		

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	2014						
	Beginning				Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 277,942	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 277,942		
Construction in Progress	343,263	3,382,007		(25,102)	3,700,168		
Total Capital Assets not being	004.005		•	A (05.400)	A 0.070.440		
Depreciated	\$ 621,205	\$ 3,382,007	\$ -	\$ (25,102)	\$ 3,978,110		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements	\$ 4,381,817	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,381,817		
Buildings	26,860,775	403,156	-	25,102	27,289,033		
Equipment	4,024,002	232,346	157,915	-	4,098,433		
Library Books	1,406,030	6,377			1,412,407		
Total Other Capital Assets	36,672,624	641,879	157,915	25,102	37,181,690		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Land Improvements	2,273,527	263,413	_	-	2,536,940		
Buildings	13,889,474	850,075	-	-	14,739,549		
Equipment	3,239,256	247,352	157,915	-	3,328,693		
Library Books	1,372,518	10,034	-	-	1,382,552		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	20,774,775	1,370,874	157,915		21,987,734		
Other Capital Assets - Net	\$ 15,897,849	\$ (728,995)	\$ -	\$ 25,102	\$ 15,193,956		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$ 621,205	\$ 3,382,007	\$ -	\$ (25,102)	\$ 3,978,110		
Other Capital Assets	36,672,624	641,879	157,915	25,102	37,181,690		
Total Cost of Capital Assets	37,293,829	4,023,886	157,915	-	41,159,800		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	20,774,775	1,370,874	157,915		21,987,734		
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 16,519,054	\$ 2,653,012	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,172,066		

The College maintains certain collections of inexhaustible assets to which no value can be practically determined. Accordingly, such collections are not capitalized or recognized for financial statement purposes. Such collections include contributed works of art, historical treasures, and literature that are held for exhibition, education, research, and public service. These collections are neither disposed of for financial gain nor encumbered in any means.

Title for certain real property is with the Commission. Title for some land was with the original Board of Directors. Those deeds/records have not been converted to BSC. At some point in the future, title can be changed to BSC.

At June 30, 2015, the College had no outstanding contractual commitments for property, plant, and equipment expenditures.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the College for the years ended June 30:

		2015			
Beginning			Ending	Current	
Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion	
\$ 96,506	\$ -	\$ 2,255	\$ 94,251	\$ -	
718,712	12,407	-	731,119	439,798	
5,290,071	617,941	334,989	5,573,023	-	
-	855,474	303,831	551,643	-	
368,500	-	109,000	259,500	75,000	
\$ 6,473,789	\$ 1,485,822	\$ 750,075	\$ 7,209,536	\$ 514,798	
		2014			
Beginning			Ending	Current	
Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion	
\$ 111,941	\$ -	\$ 15,435	\$ 96,506	\$ -	
694,846	23,866	-	718,712	451,414	
4,977,633	521,888	209,450	5,290,071	-	
477,500		109,000	368,500	109,000	
\$ 6,261,920	\$ 545,754	\$ 333,885	\$ 6,473,789	\$ 560,414	
	\$ 96,506 718,712 5,290,071 	Balance Additions \$ 96,506 \$ - 718,712 12,407 5,290,071 617,941 - 855,474 368,500 - \$ 6,473,789 \$ 1,485,822 Beginning Balance Additions \$ 111,941 \$ - 694,846 23,866 4,977,633 521,888 477,500 -	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions \$ 96,506 - \$ 2,255 718,712 12,407 - 5,290,071 617,941 334,989 - 855,474 303,831 368,500 - 109,000 \$ 6,473,789 \$ 1,485,822 \$ 750,075 2014 Beginning Balance Additions Reductions \$ 111,941 - \$ 15,435 694,846 23,866 - 4,977,633 521,888 209,450 477,500 - 109,000	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions Ending Balance \$ 96,506 \$ - \$ 2,255 \$ 94,251 718,712 12,407 - 731,119 5,290,071 617,941 334,989 5,573,023 - 855,474 303,831 551,643 368,500 - 109,000 259,500 \$ 6,473,789 \$ 1,485,822 \$ 750,075 \$ 7,209,536 Ending Balance \$ 111,941 \$ - \$ 15,435 \$ 96,506 694,846 23,866 - 718,712 4,977,633 521,888 209,450 5,290,071 477,500 - 109,000 368,500	

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with GASB, OPEB costs are accrued based upon invoices received from PEIA based upon actuarial determined amounts. At June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the noncurrent liability related to OPEB costs was \$5,573,023, \$5,290,071, and \$4,977,633, respectively. The total of OPEB expense incurred and the amount of OPEB expense that relates to retirees was \$617,941 and \$521,888, respectively, during 2015, or 83%. The total of OPEB expense incurred and the amount of OPEB expense that relates to retirees was \$521,888 and \$430,548, respectively, during 2014, or 83%. The total of OPEB expense incurred and the amount of OPEB expense that relates to retirees was \$515,492 and \$433,404, respectively, during 2013, or 84%. As of the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 there were 29, 29, and 28 retirees receiving these benefits, respectively. During the 2012 legislative session, the State took proactive measures to address this unfunded liability, which will take effect in future fiscal years and fully fund the liability by 2037.

NOTE 9 STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION INDEBTEDNESS

The College is a State institution of higher education. It receives a State appropriation in partial support of its operations. In addition, the College is subject to the legislative and administrative mandates of State government. Those mandates affect all aspects of the College's operations, its tuition and fee structure, its personnel policies and its administrative practices.

The State has chartered the Commission with the responsibility to construct or renovate, finance and maintain various academic and other facilities of the State's universities and colleges, including certain facilities of the College. Financing for these facilities was provided through revenue bonds issued by the former Board of Regents or the former Boards of the College and College Systems (the Boards). These obligations administered by the Commission are the direct and total responsibility of the Municipal Bond Commission, as successor to the former Boards.

The Commission assesses each public institution of higher education for funds to meet the payment of debt service on these various bonds. The tuition and registration fees of the members of the former State College System are generally pledged as collateral for the Commission's bond indebtedness. Student fees collected by the institution in excess of the debt service allocation are retained by the institution for internal funding of capital projects and maintenance. Although the bonds remain as a capital obligation of the Commission, an estimate of the obligation of each institution is reported as a long-term payable by each institution and as a receivable by the Commission. During 2015 and 2014, the College paid \$1,792 and \$1,792, respectively, to the Commission against the debt obligation. The amount due to Commission at June 30, 2015 is \$-0-.

During fiscal year 2011, the College entered into two capital project loans with the Higher Education Policy Commission in the amounts of \$410,000 and \$340,000 to fund an HVAC replacement project. Under these agreements, there is no interest charged to the College. The loan for \$410,000 is to be repaid over 10 years in semi-annual payments of \$20,500 while the loan for \$340,000 is to be repaid over 5 years in semi-annual payments of \$34,000. During 2015, the College paid \$109,000 to the Commission against the loans.

The scheduled maturities of amounts due to the Commission at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2016	\$ 75,000
2017	41,000
2018	41,000
2019	41,000
2020	41,000
2021	 20,500
	\$ 259,500

NOTE 10 UNRESTRICTED DEFICIT

The College's unrestricted net position at June 30, 2015 and 2014 includes certain undesignated net position, as follows:

	2015	 2014
Designated for Repair and Replacement	\$ 120,031	\$ 103,396
Undesignated	 (391,054)	1,762,581
Total Unrestricted Net Position before		_
OPEB Liability	(271,023)	1,865,977
Less: OPEB Liability	5,573,023	5,290,071
Total Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (5,844,046)	\$ (3,424,094)

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS

Substantially all full-time employees of the College participate in either the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (the TRS) or the Teachers' Insurance and Annuities Association - College Retirement Equities Fund (the TIAA-CREF). Previously, upon full-time employment, all employees were required to make an irrevocable selection between the STRS and TIAA-CREF. Effective July 1, 1991, the STRS was closed to new participants. Current participants in the STRS are permitted to make a one-time election to cease their participation in that plan and commence contributions to the West Virginia Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan. Contributions to and participation in the West Virginia Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan by College employees have not been significant to date.

Defined Contribution Benefit Plans

The TIAA-CREF is a cost-sharing defined contribution plan in which benefits are based solely upon amounts contributed plus investment earnings. Employees who elect to participate in this plan are required to make a contribution equal to 6% of total annual compensation. The College matches the employees' 6% contribution. Contributions are immediately and fully vested. In addition, employees may elect to make additional contributions to TIAA-CREF which are not matched by the College.

Total contributions to the TIAA-CREF for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$1,141,724, \$1,149,324, and \$1,143,398, which consisted of equal contributions of \$570,862, \$574,662, and \$571,669, respectively, from both the College and covered employees.

Effective January 1, 2003, higher education employees enrolled in the basic 401(a) retirement plan with TIAA-CREF have an option to switch to the new Educators Money 401(a) Basic Retirement Plan. New hires have a choice of either plan. As of June 30, 2015, the College did not have any employees enrolled in the new Educators Monday 401(a) Basic Retirement Plan.

The Great West benefit program is also available to new employees. Total contributions to Great West for year ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$13,210, \$10,669, and \$16,652, which consisted of equal contributions \$6,605, \$5,334 and \$8,326, respectively, from both the College and employees.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Defined Contribution Benefit Plans (Continued)

The College's total payroll for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 was \$11,293,704, \$11,508,196, and \$11,791,761, respectively. Total covered employees' salaries in the TIAA-CREF and Great West were \$9,514,380, and \$110,084, respectively, in 2015; \$9,577,700, and \$88,900, respectively, in 2014; and \$\$9,528,317, and \$138,766, respectively, in 2013.

Defined Benefit Plan

Some employees of the College are enrolled in a defined benefit pension plan, the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), which is administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB).

Following is the College's pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, revenues, and the pension expense and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

TRS
\$ 551,643
\$ 74,335
\$ 228,484
\$ 73,637
\$ 71,946
\$ 74,335
\$ \$ \$

TRS Plan Description

TRS is a multiple employer defined benefit cost sharing public employee retirement system providing retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. It covers all full-time employees of the 55 county public school systems in the State of West Virginia (the State) and certain personnel of the 13 State-supported institutions of higher education, State Department of Education and the Higher Education Policy Commission hired prior to July 1, 1991. Employees of the State-supported institutions of higher education and the Higher Education Policy Commission hired after June 30, 1991, are required to participate in the Higher Education Retirement System. TRS closed membership to new hires effective July 1, 1991.

TRS is considered a component unit of the State of West Virginia for financial reporting purposes, and, as such, its financial report is also included in the State of West Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. TRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained from the TRS website at https://www.wvretirement.com/Publications.html#CAFR.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. A member is eligible for normal retirement at age 60 with five years of service, age 55 with 30 years of service or any age with 35 years of service. A member may retire with 30 years of credited service at any age with the pension reduced actuarially if the member retires before age 55. Terminated members with at least five, but less than 20, years of credited service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions are entitled to a deferred retirement commencing at age 62. Retirement benefits are equivalent to 2% of average annual salary multiplied by years of service. Average salary is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years of earnings during the last 15 fiscal years of earnings. Chapter 18, Article 7A of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan, including contribution rates, to the State Legislature.

Contributions

The funding objective of the CPRB pension trust funds is to meet long-term benefit requirements through contributions, which remain relatively level as a percent of member payroll over time, and through investment earnings. Contribution requirements are set by CPRB. A member who withdraws from service for any cause other than death or retirement may request that the accumulated employee contributions plus interest be refunded.

Member Contributions: TRS funding policy provides for member contributions based on 6% of members' gross salary. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for members and employers are established by State law and are not actuarially determined.

Employer Contributions: Employers make the following contributions:

The State (including institutions of higher education) contributes:

- 1. 15% of gross salary of their State-employed members hired prior to July 1, 1991;
- 2. 15% of School Aid Formula (SAF) covered payroll of county-employed members;
- 3. 7.5% of SAF-covered payroll od members of the TDCRS:
- 4. a certain percentage of fire insurance premiums paid by State residents; and
- 5. under WV State code section 18-9-A-6a, beginning in fiscal year 1996, an amount determined by the State Actuary as being needed to eliminate the TRS unfunded liability within 40 years of June 30, 1994. As of June 30, 2014, the College's proportionate share attributable to this special funding subsidy was \$73,637.

The College's contributions to TRS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, were \$74,335, \$73,656, and \$93,632, respectively.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for financial reporting purposes were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2013 and rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The following actuarial assumptions were used and applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll.
- Asset valuation method: Investments are reported at fair (market) value.
- Amortization method and period: Level dollar, fixed period over 40 years, from July 1, 1994 through fiscal year 2034.
- Investment rate of return of 7.50%, net of pension plan administrative and investment expenses.
- Projected salary increases: Teachers 3.75–5.25% and non-teachers 3.40–6.50%, based on age.
- Inflation rate of 2.2%.
- Discount rate of 7.50%
- Mortality rates based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables.
- Withdrawal rates: Teachers 1.2-30% and non-teachers 1.4-22.5%.
- Disability rates: 0-0.8%
- Retirement age: An age-related assumption is used for participants not yet receiving payments.
- Retirement rates: 15-100%
- Ad hoc cost-of-living increases in pensions are periodically granted by the State Legislature. However, the retirement system makes no automatic provision for such increases.

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. The most recent experience study covered the period from July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2010. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the CPRB adopts revised assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the long-term arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014, are summarized below.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity	5.4%	27.5%
International Equity	6.3%	27.5%
Core Fixed Income	0.7%	*
High-yield Fixed Income	2.6%	15.0%
TIPS	0.7%	=
Real Estate	4.6%	10.0%
Private Equity	7.7%	10.0%
Hedge Funds	2.8%	10.0%

^{*}Core and high-yield fixed income securities have a combined target allocation of 15.0%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, TRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TRS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. In the event of benefit payments that are not covered by the pension plan's fiduciary net position, a municipal bond rate of 3.66% is to be used to discount the benefit payments not covered by the plan's fiduciary net position. The rate equals the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the College's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the College's TRS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

			Cu	rrent Discount				
	1%	Decrease	Rate			1% Increase		
	(6.50%)			(7.50%)	(8.50%)			
Net Pension Liability	\$	715,408	\$	551,643	\$	411,034		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The TRS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

At June 30, 2015, the College's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability was \$1,798,024. Of this amount, the College recognized approximately \$551,643 as its proportionate share on the Statement of Net Position. The remainder of \$1,246,381 denotes the College's proportionate share of net pension liability attributable to the special funding.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The allocation percentage assigned to each participating employer and non-employer contributing entity is based on their proportionate share of employer and non-employer contributions to TRS for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Employer contributions are recognized when due. At June 30, 2014, the College's proportion was 0.015989%, a decrease of 0.004481% from its proportion of 0.020470% calculated as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the College recognized TRS pension expense of \$71,746. Of this amount, \$(1,691) was recognized as the College's proportionate share of the TRS expense and \$73,637 as the amount of pension expense attributable to special funding from a non-employer contributing entity. The College also recognized revenue of \$73,637 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2015, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the TRS pension are as follows.

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Changes in Proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ -	\$	155,568
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions after the measurement date	- 74,335		72,916 -
Total	\$ 74,335	\$	228,484

The College will recognize the \$74,335 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension contributions after the measurement date as a reduction of the TRS net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in TRS pension expense as follows.

Fiscal Year Ended	An	ortization
June 30, 2016	\$	(49,913)
June 30, 2017		(49,913)
June 30, 2018		(49,913)
June 30, 2019		(49,913)
June 30, 2020		(28,832)
	\$	(228,484)

Payables to the pension plan

The College did not report any amounts payable for normal contributions to the TRS as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 12 LEASES

The College leases a branch campus facility in the State. Rental payments for the facility were \$215,452 for the year end June 30, 2015. Following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments for the term of this operating lease.

Year Ending June 30, 2016 Rental
Payments
\$ 215,452

NOTE 13 DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a separate nonprofit organization incorporated in the State of West Virginia and has as its purpose "...to aid, strengthen and further in every proper and useful way, the work and services of the College and its affiliated nonprofit organizations..." Oversight of the Foundation is the responsibility of a separate and independently elected Board of Directors, not otherwise affiliated with the College. In carrying out its responsibilities, the Board of Directors of the Foundation employs management, forms policy and maintains fiscal accountability over funds administered by the Foundation. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College and is therefore discretely presented with the College's financial statements in accordance with GASB. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the President of the Bluefield State College Foundation at College Avenue, Bluefield, Virginia 24605.

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Foundation contributed \$205,738 and \$197,721 respectively, to the College for scholarships and grants and employee compensation.

NOTE 13 DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

The Corporation is a separate nonprofit organization incorporated in the State of West Virginia and has as its purpose "...form partnerships and develop commitments for assistance from a wide spectrum of community based organizations in both the public and private sectors. The corporation will work to identify and eliminate barriers that inhibit access to technology training and market based development activities in communities served by the College..." Oversight of the Corporation is the responsibility of a separate and independently elected Board of Directors, not otherwise affiliated with the College. In carrying out its responsibilities, the Board of Directors of the Corporation employs management, forms policy and maintains fiscal accountability over funds administered by the Corporation. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Corporation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Corporation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by donors or grant restrictions. Because these restricted resources held by the Corporation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Corporation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Corporation is considered a component unit of the College and is therefore discretely presented with the College's financial statements in accordance with GASB. Complete financial statements for the Corporation can be obtained from the President of the Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation at 219 Rock Street, Bluefield, Virginia 24701.

NOTE 14 AFFILIATED ORGANIZATIONS (UNAUDITED)

There are separately incorporated organizations affiliated with the College which include the Center for Applied Research and Technology of Bluefield State College and the Bluefield State College Alumni Association. Oversight responsibility for these entities rests with independent boards and management not otherwise affiliated with the College. Accordingly, the financial statements of such organizations are not included in the accompanying combined financial statements under the blended component unit requirements. They are not included in the College's accompanying financial statements as, they (1) are not material or (2) have dual purposes (i.e., not entirely or almost entirely for the benefit of the College).

NOTE 15 CONTINGENCIES

The nature of the education industry is such that, from time to time, claims will be presented against the college on account of alleged negligence, acts of discrimination, breach of contract or disagreements arising from the interpretation of laws or regulations. While some of these claims may be for substantial amounts, they are not unusual in the ordinary course of providing educational services in a higher education system. In the opinion of management, all known claims are covered by insurance or are such that an award against the College would not seriously impact the financial position of the College.

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The College's management believes disallowances, if any, will not have a significant financial impact on the College's financial position.

NOTE 15 CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The College owns various buildings which are known to contain asbestos. The College is not required by federal, state or local law to remove the asbestos from its buildings. The College is required under Federal Environmental, Health and Safety Regulations to manage the presence of asbestos in its buildings in a safe condition. The College addresses its responsibility to manage the presence of asbestos in its buildings on a case by case basis. Significant problems of dangerous asbestos conditions are abated as the condition becomes known. The College also addresses the presence of asbestos as building renovation or demolition projects are undertaken and through asbestos operation and maintenance programs directed at containing, managing or operating with the asbestos in a safe condition.

NOTE 16 NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS

These tables represent operating expenses within both natural and functional classifications for the years ended June 30:

				20	115			
	Salaries and Wages	Benefits	Supplies and Other Services	Utilities	Scholarships and Fellowships	Depreciation	Fees Assessed by Commission	Total
Instruction Research Public Service Academic Support Student Services General Institutional Support Operations and Maintenance of Plant Student Financial Aid Auxiliary Enterprises Depreciation Other	\$ 5,824,101 13,979 208,775 678,132 1,211,471 2,146,762 707,952	\$ 1,576,064 3,534 57,212 195,743 330,393 567,099 252,826	\$ 920,308 15,898 95,455 396,822 377,940 1,515,722 405,905 2,000 781,882	\$ 28 - 1,718 989 50,838 656,635 - 100,550	\$ - - 2,000 - 1,527,040 - -	\$ - - - - - - 1,383,549	\$ - - - - - - - 78,068	\$ 8,320,501 33,411 361,442 1,272,415 1,922,793 4,280,421 2,023,318 1,529,040 1,544,555 1,383,549 78,068
Total	\$ 11,311,695	\$ 3,124,471	\$ 4,511,932	\$ 810,758	\$ 1,529,040	\$ 1,383,549	\$ 78,068	\$ 22,749,513
				20	114			
	Salaries and Wages	Benefits	Supplies and Other Services	Utilities	Scholarships and Fellowships	Depreciation	Fees Assessed by Commission	Total
Instruction Research Public Service Academic Support Student Services General Institutional Support Operations and Maintenance of Plant Student Financial Aid Auxiliary Enterprises Depreciation Other	\$ 6,062,290 73,423 208,617 689,770 1,162,237 2,044,175 736,142 - 584,177	\$ 1,622,320 18,267 67,218 212,297 312,397 530,378 252,545 - 134,827	\$ 1,040,852 3,800 100,651 539,283 387,344 821,770 808,572 - 1,118,832	\$ 44 	\$ - - - - - 1,689,861 - -	\$ - - - - - - 1,370,874	\$ - - - - - - - - 85,215	\$ 8,725,506 95,490 376,498 1,442,087 1,862,691 3,467,886 2,309,238 1,689,861 1,938,509 1,370,874 85,215
Total	\$ 11,560,831	\$ 3,150,249	\$ 4,821,104	\$ 685,721	\$ 1,689,861	\$ 1,370,874	\$ 85,215	\$ 23,363,855

NOTE 17 COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES

The following are the notes taken directly from the Foundation's (pages 50 to 60) and the Research and Development Corporation's (pages 61 to 68) financial statements.

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER MATTERS

Nature of Foundation

Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is incorporated as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State of West Virginia. The purpose of the Foundation is to provide for student scholarships and faculty and staff development at Bluefield State College (the College).

The Foundation is managed by an independently elected Board of Directors not otherwise affiliated with the College. All contributions generally are for the benefit of the College and are administered by the Foundation.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation and Accounting

The accompanying financial statements present information regarding the Foundation's financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted. The three classes are differentiated based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions, as described below:

Unrestricted net assets are free of donor-imposed restrictions. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Directors or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties. Revenues, gains, and losses that are not temporarily or permanently restricted by donors are included in this classification. Expenses are reported as decreases in this classification.

Temporarily restricted net assets are limited in use by donor-imposed stipulations that expire either by the passage of time or that can be fulfilled by action of the Foundation pursuant to those stipulations.

Permanently restricted net assets are amounts required by donors to be held in perpetuity; however, the income on these assets is available to meet various restricted and other operating needs. These net assets primarily include permanent endowment funds and funds held in trust by others.

Cash and Short-Term Investments

The Foundation considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Short-Term Investments (Continued)

The money market investment accounts are approximately \$1,277,000 and \$1,350,000 for June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and the principal underlying assets are securities of the U.S. Government, its agencies, authorities and instrumentality's and obligations of U.S. banks. The estimated fair value of short-term investments approximates cost. Cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Cash held for long-term investment is classified as investment.

Fund Descriptions

General Administrative Account – Funds that were released from Title III restrictions and internally restricted by the Foundation's Board for the purpose of ensuring funds be available for future administrative costs. Most donors elect for endowed funds to be permanently restricted for scholarships and, following the market's downturns, the Board felt it necessary to set aside funds to cover needed future administrative costs.

Endowed Account – Funds permanently set aside by donors for specific uses with the majority designated for scholarships. The Robertson endowment; however, is for use by the library.

Peters Engineering Chair – Account endowed for use as directed by the Head of the Engineering Division.

FCB Title III and **FCBT Title III** – Funds set aside with one-half of the income allowed to be used by the Foundation as it chose until June 2010. Restrictions have been satisfied and the funds have now been released for the Foundation to use in any manner it feels is beneficial to Bluefield State College. The Board has determined to continue using one-half of the income for disbursements and has internally restricted the use of the remaining funds for future needs.

BSC General Foundation Account – Unrestricted funds and property held by the Foundation. Monies are used for administrative costs, discretionary funds for use by the President and Executive Director of the Foundation as approved by the Board and any other day-to-day costs of maintaining the Foundation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises are recognized as revenue in the period received and as assets, decreases of liabilities, or expenses depending on the form of the benefits received. Promises are recorded at net realizable value if they are expected to be collected in one year and at fair value if they are expected to be collected in more than one year. Conditional promises are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, management has recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$-0- and \$1,328, respectively.

Investments

Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. The fair value of investments in equities, bonds, U.S. securities, exchange traded mutual funds, and short-term assets is determined by reference to quoted market prices. Net unrealized and realized gains or losses are reflected in the statements of activities. Certain land and other investments, which are not readily marketable, are carried at cost.

Gifts of investments are recorded at their fair value (based on quotations or appraisals) at date of gift. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on the trade date.

Income and realized and unrealized net gains on investments of endowment and similar net asset classes are reported as follows:

- As increases in permanently restricted net assets if the terms of the gift require that they be added to the principal of a permanent endowment fund;
- As increases in temporarily restricted net assets if the terms of the gift impose restrictions on the use of the income;
- As increases in unrestricted net assets in all other cases.

Assets Whose Use is Limited

Assets whose use is limited consist of assets internally designated by the Foundation for specific use. The Foundation retains control over these assets and may, at its discretion, subsequently use the assets for other purposes. These assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, investments, and other property. Cash and cash equivalents and investments within this category follow the same policies noted earlier for regular cash and cash equivalents (those whose use is not limited).

Amounts Held on Behalf of Others

Amounts held on behalf of others are used to account for assets held by the Foundation as an agent. These funds are custodial by nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of operations. The Foundation is acting as an agent to facilitate the transfer of property between East River Foundation and Bluefield State College Research & Development Foundation. No amount has been recorded in the financial statements related to this transfer.

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give or contributions receivable, are recognized as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions, in the period the donor's commitment is received. Unrestricted, unconditional promises to give for future operations are recognized as temporarily restricted revenues unless the donor explicitly stipulates its use to support current period activities.

Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate commensurate with the risks involved. Amortization of the discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is provided based upon management's judgment, including such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution, and nature of the fundraising activity.

Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions that are met in the same year as received are reported as revenues of the temporarily restricted net asset class, and a reclassification to unrestricted net assets is made to reflect the expiration of such restrictions.

The Foundation occasionally utilizes office space located in a college owned building and receives assistance in development and administration of the Foundation by an employee of the College.

The value of these services as well as other donated volunteer services are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements since there is no objective basis available by which to measure the value of such services.

Income Tax Status

The Foundation is a nonprofit organization exempt from federal income taxes under *Internal Revenue Code* Section 501(c)(3) based upon its determination letter dated October 16, 1969. In addition, the Foundation qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation within the meaning of Section 509(a) of the *Internal Revenue Code*.

The Federal Forms 990 of the Foundation for the fiscal years 2014, 2013 and 2013 are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, generally for three years after they are filed.

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk Concentration

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Foundation to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and investments. The Foundation places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents. Concentration of credit risk for investments is limited by the Foundation's policy of diversification of investments.

Reclassification

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 11, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable and the related allowance at June 30, 2015 and 2014 consist of:

	2015			2014		
Unconditional Promises to Give	\$	-	\$	55,561		
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Promises		-		1,328		
Unamortized Discount of 1.0% for						
2015 and 2014, Respectively				1,204		
Net Unconditional Promises to Give	\$		\$	53,029		
	2015			2014		
Expected to be Collected in:	2015			2014		
Expected to be Collected in: Less than One Year	2015		\$	2014 35,522		
·			\$			

The ownership of pledges receivable for each class of net assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	20	15	 2014
Temporarily Restricted	\$		\$ 53,029

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

Investments are comprised of the following:

	2015		 2014
Certificates of Deposits	\$	665,156	\$ 300,441
Corporate and Municipal Bonds and Notes		1,577,363	1,743,518
Equity Investments		5,654,254	5,507,773
Mutual Funds		2,298,409	2,283,837
Real Estate		342,600	342,600
Limited Partnership		29,890	46,807
	\$	10,567,672	\$ 10,224,976

The ownership of investments for each class of net assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	 2015	 2014
Unrestricted	\$ 8,789,559	\$ 8,590,037
Temporarily Restricted	227,808	333,339
Permanently Restricted	 1,550,305	 1,301,600
	\$ 10,567,672	\$ 10,224,976

Realized and unrealized gains (losses) recognized during the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 consisted of the following:

		2015			2014_		
Realized	\$	\$	79,823		\$	13,624	
Unrealized			(13,421)			1,201,024	
	\$	\$	66,402		\$	1,214,648	
	<u>Ψ</u>	Ų	00,402		Ψ	1,214,0	

Government obligations consist principally of obligations to the U.S. Treasury and agencies. Corporate obligations are concentrated in the financial services and utilities sectors. Corporate equities are diversified, with no significant industry concentrations.

NOTE 4 UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Unrestricted net assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 include the following:

	2015		2014
Designated: Investment in Land, Leased for Charitable Purposes Internally Restricted by Board	\$ 250,000 7,988,757	•	\$ 250,000 7,915,110
	8,238,757		8,165,110
Undesignated:			
Other	1,224,418		1,202,037
Investment in Land	92,600		92,600
	1,317,018		1,294,637
	\$ 9,555,775		\$ 9,459,747

NOTE 4 UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Land is leased to another nonprofit entity for \$1 per year to assist in its charitable purpose. The lease renews in 10-year terms, but automatically terminates May 31, 2083 or if the land is not used for the stated purpose. The lease provides that the leasee must maintain liability coverage of one million dollars to protect the Foundation.

As of June 30, 2015, funds internally restricted by the Foundation's Board for the purpose of ensuring funds be available for future needs of the Foundation totaled \$7,988,757 and \$7,915,110 for administrative costs.

NOTE 5 TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for the following purposes or periods:

	 2015	2014
Provide Scholarship Assistance and	 _	_
Operations of the Foundation	\$ 432,688	\$ 515,565
Engineering Technology Department	 198,373	 187,162
	\$ 631,061	\$ 702,727

NOTE 6 PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 are restricted to investment in perpetuity, the income from which is expendable to support:

	 2015	2014
Engineering Technology Department	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Financial Aid	 1,496,297	 1,323,860
	\$ 1,646,297	\$ 1,473,860

NOTE 7 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

The fair value measurement accounting literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels. Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority: Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets; and Level 3 inputs consist of unobservable inputs and have the lowest priority. The Foundation uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. When available, the Foundation measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value.

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements

Cash and short-term investments have principal underlying assets which are securities of the U.S. government, its agencies, authorities and instrumentalities and obligations of U.S. banks. The estimated fair value approximates cost. Cash restricted for long term is classified as investment and is stated at cost, which approximates market value. The fair value of investments in equities, bonds, U.S. securities, exchange traded mutual funds, and short-term assets is determined by reference to quoted market prices.

Gains and losses (realized and unrealized) included in statements of activities are reported in net realized and unrealized gain (loss).

NOTE 7 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. The methodology for valuing partnerships was changed in 2014 due to asset being publicly traded in an active market.

publicity radical in an active market.		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using						
		Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	O Obse In	ificant ther ervable outs vel 2)	Signif Unobse Inpi (Leve	ervable uts
June 30, 2015								
Cash and Short-Term Investments Cash Restricted for Long-Term	\$ 1	1,163,118	\$	1,163,118	\$	-	\$	-
Investment Investments:		113,901		113,901		-		-
Certificates of Deposits Corporate and Municipal Bonds		665,156		665,156		-		-
and Notes	•	1,577,363		1,577,363		_		_
Equity Investments		5,654,254		5,654,254		-		-
Mutual Funds		2,298,409		2,298,409		-		-
Limited Partnership		29,890		29,890				
	\$ 11	1,502,091	\$	11,502,091	\$		\$	-
						easureme Date Usi		
	,	Fair Value	N	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Sign O Obse In	iificant ther ervable puts vel 2)	Signif Unobse Inp (Leve	ervable uts
June 30, 2014								
Cash and Short-Term Investments Cash Restricted for Long-Term	\$	1,275,998	\$	1,275,998	\$	-	\$	-
Investment Investments:		74,057		74,057		-		-
Certificates of Deposits Corporate and Municipal Bonds		300,441		300,441		-		-
and Notes		1,743,518		1,743,518		-		-
Equity Investments		5,507,773		5,507,773		-		-
Mutual Funds Limited Partnership		2,283,837 46,807		2,283,837 46,807				
	\$ 1 ⁻	1,232,431	\$	11,232,431	\$		\$	-

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Certain local financial institutions hold substantially all the Foundation's assets in their trust departments. Some of the Foundation's Board members also serve as officers and directors of these institutions. The Foundation paid \$23,360 and \$21,386 in management fees to these related parties for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 9 FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

Expenses are reported on a functional basis that discloses the purposes for which the expenses have been incurred. A brief description of each of the functional classifications follows:

College Support – Funds expended primarily to provide support services for Bluefield State College. It includes scholarships awarded to the students and the provision of services that directly assist the academic functions, such as faculty development, as well as capital projects.

Foundation Fundraising Expenses – Expenses related to community and alumni relations, including development and fundraising.

Financial Management Expenses – Expenses incurred principally for (1) central executive-level activities concerned with management of day-to-day operations and long-range planning, (2) legal and fiscal operations, and (3) administrative data processing.

NOTE 10 NET ASSETS RELEASED FROM RESTRICTIONS

Net assets were released from donor restrictions when expenses were incurred to satisfy the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events as specified by donors. Restrictions were satisfied as follows for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015			2014		
Operating:						
Financial Aid	\$	199,145	\$	17,027		
Reclassifications to Permanent Funds		34,705		(21,537)		
	\$	233,850	\$	(4,510)		

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation (the Corporation) was organized for the purpose of operating a non-profit organization exclusively for charitable, educational and scientific purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In 2008, the Corporation purchased a college dormitory facility to house students. Revenues are derived from federal, state or private sources in the form of grants. The majority of revenues are derived from office space rented to start-up businesses and dormitory rooms rented to students.

The Corporation provides most of its resources for the benefit of Bluefield State College. Furthermore, because of the relationship with Bluefield State College the Corporation is considered a discretely presented component unit of the Bluefield State College.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, reflect all significant receivables, payables and other liabilities.

Basis of Presentation

Financial statement presentation follows the requirements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board and report using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Corporation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Corporation considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Corporation maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Corporation has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Corporation believes that the banks are credit worthy and that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

The Corporation has receivables from grants, other State Agencies and also leases office space to businesses and dormitory rooms to students based on contractual agreements. Receivables are stated at face value with an allowance for doubtful accounts, based on historical collection experience, and an evaluation of the accounts receivable that are deemed delinquent based on billing due dates or other contractual terms, with no interest accrued. When accounts are deemed uncollectible, they are charged against the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$3,372 and \$59,593, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories consisting of food items are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined primarily on the first-in, first-out method.

Funds Held for Others

Funds held for others are used to account for assets held by the Corporation as an agent. These funds are custodial by nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of operations. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, approximately \$220,700 and \$213,700, respectively, of the funds held for others balance was held on behalf of Bluefield State College, a related party of the Corporation.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at the date of the gift, less accumulated depreciation. Additions, improvements and expenditures that materially improve or extend the life of an asset are capitalized. The Corporation utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Upon retirement or sale of an asset, its cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the property accounts. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the depreciable assets.

<u>Intangibles</u>

Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist primarily of expenses incurred for the operation of the Mountain View Dormitory and related payroll liabilities.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of grants that have been received for a specific purpose, but have not yet met revenue recognition criteria.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted Net Assets

The unrestricted category consists of funds whose use is limited only to the extent that the Corporation's bylaws limit the activities of the organization. Contributions with donor-imposed restrictions met in the same year in which the contribution is recognized are reported as changes in unrestricted net assets.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are comprised of funds whose use has been limited by donors to a specific time period and/or purpose. The Corporation currently has no temporarily restricted net assets.

Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets are comprised of funds whose use has been restricted by the donor and must be maintained permanently by the Corporation. The Corporation currently has no permanently restricted net assets.

Support and Revenue

Support received under conditional contracts and grants is reported as deferred revenue until qualifying expenses have been incurred or other conditions have been substantially met. Contracts and grants receivable represent amounts expected to be received after yearend on approved grants.

Contributed Services, Supplies, and Space

Contributions of services are recognized if the services received create or enhance nonfinancial assets, or require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. Contributed services and promises to give services that do not meet the above criteria are not recognized. Contributed services that are recognized are valued at the estimated cost that would have been incurred by the Corporation to purchase similar services. Donated space is valued at the estimated fair rental value. Donations of occupancy costs and other non-inventory items are expensed during the year the contributions are provided.

Functional Reporting

Expenses are reported on a functional basis that discloses the purpose for which the expenses have been incurred. A brief description of each of the functional classifications is as follows:

- Program Services Represent funds expended primarily to provide support for certain federal, state and private research and development programs.
- Management and General Represent expenses incurred principally for (1) executive level activities concerned with management of the operations, (2) legal and fiscal operations, and (3) other administrative related expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Functional Reporting (Continued)

 Fundraising – Represents expenses related to community and other development costs expended to perform fundraising for the Corporation. The Corporation had no fundraising expenditures for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Advertising Costs

Total advertising costs for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$3,117 and \$3,465, respectively.

Concentrations

Approximately 23% of the Corporation's support was provided by grants from the Federal Government for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Income Tax Status

The Corporation is exempt from federal income tax on its exempt purpose activities as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Effective July 1, 2010, the Corporation adopted ASC Topic 740-10, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. For the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Corporation has no material uncertain tax positions to be accounted for in the financial statements under the new rules. The Corporation recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense. As of June 30, 2015 tax years ending on or after June 30, 2012 remain subject to examination.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2014 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2015 presentation.

NOTE 2 RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables due the Corporation under grant or lease contractual agreements at June 30:

	2015		2015		2015			2014
Marshall University Research/IDEA Network of								
Biomedical Research Excellence Grants	\$	33,751	\$	28,104				
Morehouse School of Medicine Grant		-		5,083				
Student Rent Receivable		80,768		133,080				
Herbert Henderson Office of Minority Affairs Grant		-		3,017				
National Institute of Health/Department of Health								
and Human Services Grant		-		14,665				
West Virginia University Health Science								
Technology Grant		2,459		7,476				
Other Accounts Receivables		8,399		7,590				
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(3,372)		(59,593)				
	\$	122,005	\$	139,422				

NOTE 3 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30:

	 2015	 2014	
Land	\$ 492,289	\$ 492,289	
Land Improvements	7,076	7,076	
Buildings	4,710,547	4,710,547	
Furniture and Fixtures	152,292	152,292	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 5,362,204 (1,867,239)	5,362,204 (1,624,586)	
	\$ 3,494,965	\$ 3,737,618	

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$242,653 and \$243,068, respectively.

NOTE 4 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As part of the dormitory facility purchase in 2008, the Corporation has recorded a covenant not to compete, amortized over the life of the agreement, and facility start up costs, amortized over 20 years in the amount of \$111,042. Accumulated amortization of intangible assets was \$64,141 and \$55,589 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$8,552 and \$8,552, respectively.

NOTE 4 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Future amortization expense is as follows at June 30:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount						
2016	\$	6,052					
2017		3,552					
2018		3,552					
2019		3,552					
2020		3,552					
Thereafter		26,641					
Total	\$	46,901					
		_					
DEBT							
t consisted of the following at June 30:							

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM D Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30: Description 2015 2014 The Corporation borrowed \$1.8 million in January 2008 by issuing bonds through the City of Bluefield. The bonds mature in 2028. Bond proceeds were used to purchase a dormitory facility. Monthly payments are \$12,392 including a fixed rate of interest at 5.5% per annum. The debt is secured by land, building, furniture, fixtures and equipment. The debt agreement also contains a number of financial covenants. The Corporation is in compliance with all su Th of do se fix at CO Le

such covenants.	\$ 1,347,183	\$ 1,419,499
The Corporation assumed \$2.0 million in debt as part		
of a transaction where the Corporation acquired a		
lormitory facility. The debt is due in 2021. Debt is secured by a second lien on land, building, furniture,		
ixtures and equipment. Accrued interest is due in 2021		
at a fixed rate of 5.0% per annum. The Corporation is in		
compliance with all debt covenants.	2,000,000	2,000,000
	3,347,183	3,419,499
less: Current Portion	76,396	72,316
Long-Term Portion	\$ 3,270,787	\$ 3,347,183

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Debt matures as follows at June 30:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount					
2016	\$ 76,396					
2017	80,705					
2018	85,257					
2019	90,066					
2020	95,147					
Thereafter	 2,919,612					
Total	\$ 3,347,183					

Interest expense was \$176,490 and \$179,923 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 6 LEASES

The Corporation leases office space to various third party businesses under operating lease agreements. The building in which the office space is leased was impaired during fiscal year 2011. The cost of the building was valued at \$0 in the statement of financial position at June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Aggregate rental income from the lease agreements was approximately \$73,000 and \$71,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Future minimum rentals are as follows at June 30:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Amount
2016	\$ 42,086
2017	 13,010
Total	\$ 55,096

NOTE 7 CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The Corporation's management believes disallowances, if any, will not have a significant financial impact on the Corporation's financial position.

NOTE 8 DETAILS OF PROGRAM SERVICES AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Details of program services and support services at June 30 are as follows:

	2015	2014
Federal Programs:		
National Institute of Health/Department of Health		
and Human Services Grant	\$ 56,454	\$ 55,401
Marshall University Research/IDEA Network of		
Biomedical Research Excellence Grant	132,784	
NASA Grant	6,729	5,961
West Virginia University Health Science		
Technology Academy Grant	14,156	
Morehouse School of Medicine Grant	542	9,671
Herbert Henderson Office of Minority Affairs Grant	375	
	211,040	263,337
State Programs:		
Financial Literacy Grant	-	3,000
Tobacco Control Grant	25	
	25	3,000
Private and Unrestricted Programs:		
Mountainview Dormitory Facility	940,497	945,075
Bluefield State College International Initiatives	1,297	500
NCAA Choice Grant	7,808	5,201
	949,602	950,776
Support Services:		
Management and General	123,841	96,972
	\$ 1,284,508	\$ 1,314,085
	·	

NOTE 9 NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS

The natural classifications with functional classifications at June 30 are as follows:

	2015															
					9	Supplies			Sch	nolarships						
	Salaries and Wages Benefits		enefits	and Other Services Utilities		Itilities	Fellowships and Support Services				Interest Expense		Total			
Research Student Support Depreciation and	\$	12,850 71,714	\$	- 7,905	\$	58,677 180,203	\$	- 223,158	\$	38,024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,527 521,004
Amortization Interest Expense Other		- - 32,980		- - 4,403		- - 153,006		- 73,892		- - -		251,205 - -		- 176,491 -		251,205 176,491 264,281
	\$	117,544	\$	12,308	\$	391,886	\$ 2	297,050	\$	38,024	\$	251,205	\$	176,491	\$	1,284,508

NOTE 9 NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

	Salaries and Wages	В	enefits	Supplies and Other Services	U	Itilities	Fe and	diolarships llowships di Support ervices	epreciation and nortization		erest pense	 Total
Research Student Support Depreciation and	\$ 53,303 66,747	\$	- 7,926	\$ 46,970 171,840	\$ 2	- 221,680	\$	- 51,248	\$ - -	\$	-	\$ 100,273 519,441
Amortization Interest Expense Other	- - 70,432		- - 16,818	- - 90,587		- - 84,991		- - -	251,620 - -	1	- 79,923 -	251,620 179,923 262,828
	\$ 190,482	\$	24,744	\$ 309,397	\$ 3	306,671	\$	51,248	\$ 251,620	\$ 1	79,923	\$ 1,314,085

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year end, the Corporation renegotiated the terms of a \$2.0 million note payable. Under the terms of the new agreement, the note, which matured in November 2015, was assigned to the Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. and extended to January 2021.

In preparing these financial statements, the Corporation has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 29, 2016, the date the financial statements were issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

Schedule of Proportionate Share of TRS Net Pension Liability (NPL)

	College's						College's	College's Plan
	Proportionate						Proportionate	Fiduciary Net
	Share as a					College's	Share as a	Position as a
	Percentage of	College's		State's	Total	Covered	Percentage of	percentage of
Measurement	Net Pension	Proportionate	Р	roportionate	Proportionate	Employee	Covered	Total Pension
Date	Liability	Share		Share	Share	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
June 30, 2014	0.015989%	\$ 551,643	\$	1,246,381	\$ 1,798,024	\$ 491,040	112%	65.95%

TRS Schedule of Contributions

									Actual
									Contribution
	A	ctuarily			Con	tribution			as a Percentage
Measurement	De	termined		Actual	Def	iciency		Covered	of Covered
Date	Cor	ntributions	Co	ntribution	(Excess) Payroll			Payroll	Payroll
June 30, 2014	\$	72,747	\$	73,656	\$	(909)	\$	491,040	15%

These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as a change of benefit terms or assumptions. With only one year reported in the required supplementary information, there is no additional information to include in notes. Information, if necessary, can be obtained from the CPRB Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Bluefield State College Bluefield, West Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the of Bluefield State College (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. and the Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation, as described in our report on the College's financial statements. The financial statements of the Bluefield State College Foundation, Inc. and Bluefield State College Research and Development Corporation were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described on the following page as 2015-001 to be a material weakness.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bluefield State College's Response to Findings

The College's response to the finding identified in our audit is described below. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CURRENT YEAR

2015-001 - Depreciation Expense

Condition

Depreciation expense was understated for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Criteria

Depreciation expense is required to be calculated for all assets placed in service each fiscal year that have a remaining useful life.

<u>Cause</u>

The College's capital assets are managed in Excel as opposed to a fixed asset software module. A portion of depreciation expense was not recorded for two assets due to a formula error in the Excel spreadsheet.

Effect

An audit adjustment was recorded to increase depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation by \$256,639 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Auditors' Recommendation

We recommend the College review the process in place for calculating and recording depreciation expense to ensure depreciation expense is accurately calculated and correctly recorded each fiscal year.

Governing Board Bluefield State College

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

Explanation of disagreement with audit finding: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions planned in response to finding: Bluefield State College staff will be more diligent in verifying data.

Responsible party: Vice-President Financial and Administrative and Director of Financial Systems

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: Current and ongoing

Plan to monitor completion of corrective action plan: Bluefield State College staff will be more observant in rechecking data and information

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania January 29, 2016

Clifton Larson Allen LLP