Financial Statements as of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and Independent Auditors' Reports

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Governors West Virginia University at Parkersburg Parkersburg, West Virginia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of West Virginia University at Parkersburg, a component unit of the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of West Virginia University at Parkersburg, Foundation, Inc., which represents 100% of the total assets, net assets and total revenues of the discretely component unit of West Virginia University at Parkersburg. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the West Virginia University at Parkersburg, Foundation, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issues by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the West Virginia University at Parkersburg Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Board of Governors
West Virginia University at Parkersburg

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of West Virginia University at Parkersburg as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability and contributions, and schedule of proportionate share of net OPEB liability and schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2020, on our consideration of West Virginia University at Parkersburg's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering West Virginia University at Parkersburg's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania September 30, 2020

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Overview

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is required supplementary information and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). This section of West Virginia University at Parkersburg's ("WVU at Parkersburg", "WVUP", or "College") annual financial report provides an overview of WVUP's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the previous fiscal year. Comparative analysis is also presented for fiscal year 2019 compared to fiscal year 2018. The primary focus is on fiscal year 2020.

WVUP's annual report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows. These statements focus on the financial condition, the results of operations, and cash flows of WVU at Parkersburg. Each of these statements is discussed below.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At June 30, 2020, WVUP's total net position increased from the previous year-end by \$2.7 million. The increase in net position is primarily due to increases in tuition and fees, State appropriations, Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) funding, and payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVUP. These positive changes in revenues were partially offset by decreases in State grants and contracts revenue and Federal Pell grants revenue and increases in salaries and wages expense, scholarships and fellowships expense, and CARES Act expense.

#### **Net Position**

The statements of net position present the assets (current and noncurrent), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities minus deferred inflows of resources) of WVUP as of the end of the fiscal years. Assets denote the resources available to continue the operations of WVUP. Deferred outflows of resources indicate the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future fiscal year. Liabilities indicate how much WVUP owes vendors, employees and lenders. Deferred inflows of resources indicate the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future fiscal year. Net position measures the equity or the availability of funds of WVUP for future periods.

The components of net position are displayed in three major categories:

Net investment in capital assets. This category represents WVUP's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted. This category includes resources which are restricted, either due to externally imposed constraints or because of restrictions imposed by law. They are further divided into two additional components - nonexpendable and expendable. Nonexpendable restricted net position includes endowment and similar type funds for which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal. WVUP did not have any nonexpendable restricted components of net position during fiscal year 2020 or fiscal year 2019. Expendable restricted net position includes resources for which WVUP is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

*Unrestricted.* This category includes resources that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Such resources are derived primarily from tuition and fees (not restricted as to use), state appropriations, sales and services of educational activities, and auxiliary enterprises. Unrestricted components of net position are used for transactions related to the educational and general operations of WVUP and may be designated for specific purposes by action of WVUP's management or the Board of Governors.

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position (in thousands)**

	As of June 30					
		2020		2019		2018
Assets						
Current Assets	\$	25,315	\$	22,573	\$	20,338
Noncurrent Assets		26,872		25,950		26,070
Total Assets	\$	52,187	\$	48,523	\$	46,408
Deferred Outflows of Resources		620		647		439
Total	\$	52,807	\$	49,170	\$	46,847
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Current Liabilities	\$	5,941	\$	4,110	\$	3,865
Noncurrent Liabilities		3,991		5,392		6,202
Total Liabilities		9,932		9,502		10,067
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,591		1,122		780
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of						
Resources	\$	11,523	\$	10,624	\$	10,847
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	25,391	\$	24,328	\$	24,167
Restricted		290		323		291
Unrestricted		15,603		13,895		11,542
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	41,284	\$	38,546	\$	36,000

Total assets of WVU at Parkersburg increased by \$3.7 million to a total of \$52.2 million as of June 30, 2020. The increase was primarily due to increases in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and capital assets, offset by decreases in appropriations due from primary government.

- Cash and cash equivalents increased \$3.0 million compared to prior year primarily due to increases in cash inflows from tuition and fees, grants and contracts, and State appropriations. The increase is offset by decreases in cash inflows from Federal Pell grants and increases in cash outflows for payments to employees. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$1.8 million from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Appropriations due from primary government decreased \$500,000 as no supplemental State
  appropriations were granted to WVUP in fiscal year 2020 versus \$500,000 received from WV Senate Bill
  1027 late in fiscal year 2019. This category of assets increased \$500,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal
  year 2019.
- Accounts receivable increased \$125,000 due to increases in receivables due from grants and contracts and financial aid. Accounts receivables increased \$119,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Net capital assets increased \$932,000 due to the completion of building renovations primarily funded by the Higher Education Policy Commission and purchases of welding and shop equipment offset by depreciation. Net capital assets decreased \$109,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions," and Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date", WVUP reported deferred outflows related to pensions, in the amount of \$24,000, at June 30, 2020. This is a decrease of \$6,000 from the deferred outflows related to pensions of \$30,000 at June 30, 2019. During fiscal year 2020, these deferred outflows represent WVUP's proportionate share of the difference between expected and actual experience, the change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, changes in assumptions, and employer contributions made by WVUP during fiscal year 2020 (after the measurement date of June 30, 2019) to the pension plan.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", WVUP reported deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") in the amount of \$596,000, at June 30, 2020. This is a decrease of \$21,000 from the deferred outflows related to OPEB of \$617,000 at June 30, 2019. These deferred outflows represent the change in proportion and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and employer contributions made by WVUP during fiscal year 2020 (after the measurement date of June 30, 2019) to a postemployment benefit plan – the West Virginia Postemployment Benefit Plan – which is administered by the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency ("PEIA") and the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (the "RHBT"). These deferred outflows also represent the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings and the opt-out proportionate share.

Total liabilities for the year increased by \$430,000 from the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to increases in accounts payable, accrued payroll, unearned revenue, and due to the Commission. This increase is offset by decreases in net other post employment benefits liability and note payable to West Virginia University.

- Accounts payable increased \$586,000 due increases in payables related to equipment purchases, the
  deferral of the employer's portion of Social Security taxes as allowed by the CARES Act, and revolving
  balances related to purchase card payments. Accounts payable decreased \$102,000 from fiscal year 2018
  to fiscal year 2019.
- Accrued payroll increased \$149,000 primarily due to the timing of cash payments for payroll and increased salaries from prior year. Accrued payroll increased \$40,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

- Unearned revenue increased \$719,000 from prior year. This is primarily attributable to increased learn and earn grants received in the spring and was also affected by the closure of the campus due to COVID-19. Unearned revenue increased \$205,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Due to Commission increased \$247,000 due to WV Higher Education grant funds that are to be returned in fiscal year 2020. Due to Commission decreased \$2,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Parkersburg recorded \$3.0 million as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The OPEB plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan that covers the retirees of State agencies, colleges and universities, county boards of education and other government entities administered by PEIA and the RHBT. As a participant in the OPEB plan, Parkersburg is required to recognize its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability provided through the plan. The proportionate share is calculated based on employer and non-employer contributions to the OPEB plan. The OPEB liability decreased by \$1.0 million from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. The OPEB liability decreased by \$370,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Notes payable to West Virginia University decreased \$287,000 due to payments made on Energy Performance Contract Phase II during fiscal year 2020. Notes payable to West Virginia University decreased \$275,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

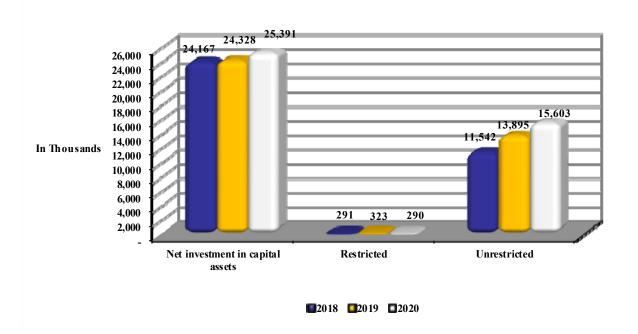
In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions," and Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date," during fiscal year 2020 and 2019, WVUP recorded deferred inflows related to pensions in the amount of \$54,000 and \$71,000 respectively. These deferred inflows represent WVUP's proportionate share of the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, the difference between expected and actual experience, and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings.

WVUP recorded deferred inflows related to OPEB in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" of \$1.5 million and \$1.1 million at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively. For fiscal year 2020, these deferred inflows represent the University's proportionate share of the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on plan investments, the difference between employer contributions and the University's proportionate share of contributions, the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and the opt-out proportionate share.

WVUP's current assets of \$25.3 million were sufficient to cover current liabilities of \$5.9 million, indicating that WVUP has sufficient available resources to meet its current obligations.

The following is a comparative illustration of net position.

## COMPARISON OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018



Net investment in capital assets increased \$1.1 million from prior year. This increase is primarily due to building renovations and equipment purchases. This category increased \$161,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

Restricted net position decreased \$33,000 due to sponsored programs and scholarships and fellowships activity. This category increased \$32,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

Unrestricted net position increased \$1.7 million from prior year. This category is primarily affected by tuition and fee revenue, other operating revenues, State appropriations, Federal Pell grants, investment income, salaries and wages expense, benefits expense, scholarship and fellowships expense, and supplies and other services expense. This category increased \$2.4 million from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

#### **Unrestricted Net Position (in thousands)**

		2020		2019
Total unrestricted position before OPEB liability, net pension liability, deferred inflows and deferred outflows	\$	19.613	\$	18,435
Plus: Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits	Ф	596	Ф	617
Plus: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		24		30
Less: Net OPEB liability		2,967		3,991
Less: Net pension liability		72		74
Less: Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits		1,537		1,051
Less: Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		54		71
Total unrestricted net position	\$	15,603	\$	13,895

#### Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position present the operating revenues, operating expenses, nonoperating revenues and expenses and other revenues, expenses, gains or losses of WVUP for the fiscal years presented.

State appropriations, while budgeted for operations, are considered and reported as non-operating revenues. This is because State appropriations are provided by the West Virginia Legislature (the "Legislature") to WVUP without the Legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues. Likewise, Federal Pell grants are reported as nonoperating, because of specific guidance in the AICPA industry audit guide. Student tuition and fees are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances. Financial aid to students is reported using the NACUBO alternative method. Under this method, certain aid, such as loans and federal Stafford loans, is accounted for as a third party payment, while all other aid is reflected either as operating expenses or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

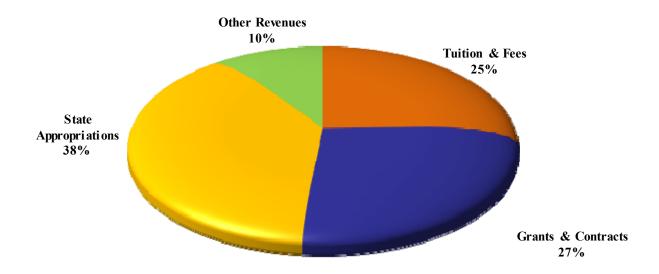
#### **Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)**

	Year Ended June 30					
		2020		2019		2018
Operating Revenues	\$	9,651	\$	9,361	\$	9,656
Operating Expenses		24,092		22,360		22,000
Operating Loss		(14,441)		(12,999)		(12,344)
Net Nonoperating Revenues		16,055		15,452		14,694
Income before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses		1,614		2,453		2,600
Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of						
W VU Parkers burg		1,124		93		278
Increase in Net Position		2,738		2,546		2,878
Net Position at Beginning of Year		38,546		36,000		32,677
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		-		-		445
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated		38,546		36,000		33,122
Net Position at End of Year	\$	41,284	\$	38,546	\$	36,000

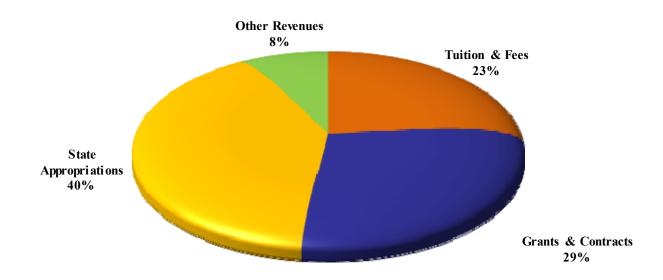
#### Revenues:

The following charts illustrate the composition of revenues by source for 2020 and 2019:

## 2020



## 2019



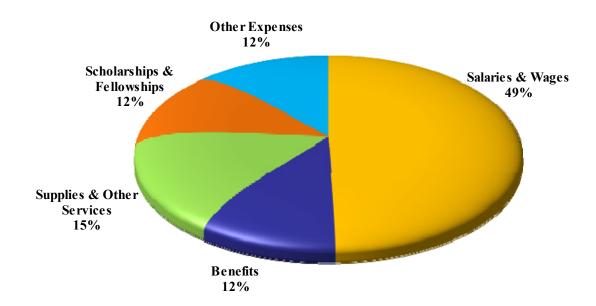
Total revenues for fiscal year 2020 were \$26.9 million, an increase of \$1.9 million from prior year. The most significant sources of revenue for WVUP are State appropriations, Federal Pell grants, tuition and fees, and grants and contracts. Some highlights of the information presented on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are as follows:

- Net tuition and fees increased \$771,000 due to decreases in scholarship allowance primarily caused by decreases in financial aid recognized as revenue and increases in the amount of refunds returned to students. Tuition and fees revenue remained comparable to prior year. Tuition and fees, net decreased \$664,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- State appropriations increased \$324,000 due to a larger base budget allocation in fiscal year 2020. The increase is offset by a decrease in supplemental appropriations from Senate Bill 1027 which occurred in fiscal year 2019. No supplemental appropriations were received in fiscal year 2020. State appropriations increased \$908,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Revenue increased \$934,000 due to the receipt of funding from the CARES Act. The CARES Act allocated funding to the Education Stabilization Fund through the CARES Act for the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF). Each institution received one grant comprised of two parts: student aid and institutional aid. WVUP recognized \$876,000 for the student aid portion of HEERF and \$58,000 for the institutional portion of HEERF in fiscal year 2020.
- Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg increased \$1.0 million due to the completion of building renovations funded by Commission bonds. Most of this funding occurred in fiscal year 2020. This category of revenue decreased \$185,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- State grants and contracts revenue decreased \$372,000 from prior year. The decrease is primarily due to increased deferral of revenue offset by increases in individual grant funding. State grants and contracts increased \$418,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Sales and services of educational departments decreased \$117,000 from prior year due to decreases in student activities and programs revenues and testing fees offset by increases in nonauxiliary dining revenue. This category of revenue increased \$97,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Federal Pell grants revenue decreased \$487,000 due to a slight decline in overall enrollment and changes in the mix of students enrolled. WVUP had continued increased enrollment of high school students leading to a smaller percentage of students who would qualify for Federal Pell grants. Federal Pell grants revenue decreased \$539,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Investment income decreased \$121,000 from prior year due to lower rates of return at the WV State Treasury offset by increased cash balances. Investment income increased by \$188,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

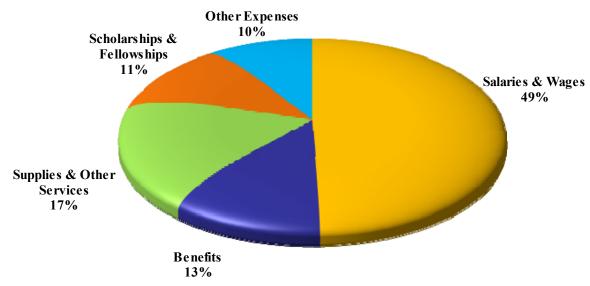
#### Expenses:

The following is a graphic comparison of total expenses by category between 2020 and 2019:

## 2020



## 2019



Total expenses for fiscal year 2020 were \$24.2 million, an increase of \$1.7 million. Changes in the categories of expenses are detailed below. Total expenses increased \$358,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

- Salaries and wages increased \$863,000 mainly due to employees receiving a 5% pay increase beginning in October 2019 and the addition of new positions including the VP of Enrollment, Director of Alumni Relations, Director of Event Planning, and Student Activities Coordinator. Salaries and wages increased \$477,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Benefits expense decreased \$54,000 from prior year primarily due to decreases in other post employment benefits expense offset by increases in benefits tied to salaries and wages. Benefits expense increased \$2,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Scholarship and fellowship expenses increased \$314,000 from the prior year. This is mainly due to increases in the scholarships allowance offset by decreases in financial aid disbursements. This expense category decreased \$645,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Supplies and other services decreased \$176,000 mainly due to decreases in purchases of noncapitalizable computers and furniture. Supplies and other services increased \$514,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Expenses increased \$877,000 for the pay out of student aid received through the CARES Act Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund.

#### **Cash Flows**

The statements of cash flows provide information about the cash receipts, cash payments, and net change in cash resulting from the operating, investing, and financing activities (capital and noncapital) of WVU at Parkersburg during the year. This statement helps users assess WVUP's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing.

The statement of cash flows is divided into five sections:

Cash flows from operating activities. This section shows the net cash used by the operating activities of WVUP.

Cash flows from noncapital financing activities. This section reflects the cash received and paid for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes.

Cash flows from capital financing activities. This section includes cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items.

Cash flows from investing activities. This section shows the purchases, proceeds, and interest received from investing activities.

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities. This section provides a schedule that reconciles the accrual-based operating income (loss) and net cash used in operating activities.

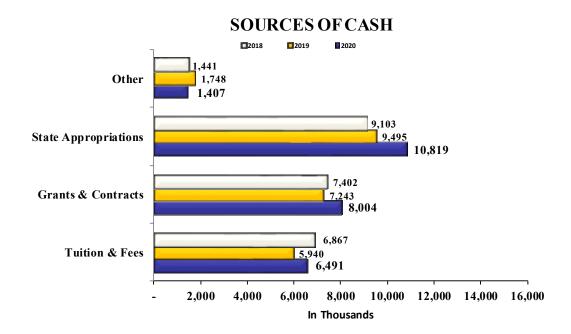
#### **Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)**

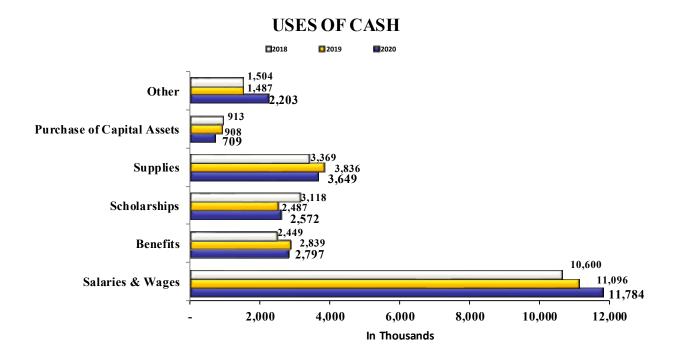
	Year Ended June 30					
		2020		2019		2018
Cash Provided (Used) By:	<u></u>					
Operating Activities	\$	(12,259)	\$	(11,570)	\$	(10,410)
Noncapital Financing Activities		16,065		14,293		14,461
Capital Financing Activities		(1,120)		(1,392)		(1,167)
Investing Activities		321		442		254
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,007		1,773		3,138
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		21,383		19,610		16,472
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	24,390	\$	21,383	\$	19,610

Total cash and cash equivalents increased by \$3.0 million during fiscal year 2020 to \$24.4 million.

- Net cash used in operating activities increased \$689,000 primarily due to increases in cash outflows for CARES Act expenses and payments to employees offset by increases in inflows from tuition and fees and grants and contracts. This category experienced an increase in cash of \$1.2 million from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities increased by approximately \$1.8 million primarily due to increases in cash inflows from State appropriations and CARES Act revenue offset by decreases in inflows from Federal Pell grants. This category experienced a decrease of \$168,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Net cash used in capital financing activities decreased \$272,000 primarily due to decreases in cash outflows for purchases of capital assets. This category experienced an increase of \$226,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.
- Net cash from investing activities decreased \$121,000 due to decreases in cash inflows from investment income. This category experienced an increase of \$188,000 from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

The following graphs illustrate the sources and uses of cash:





#### **Capital Asset and Long Term Debt Activity**

WVU at Parkersburg completed several construction projects in the fiscal year 2020 and 2019, financed by gifts, grants, and other WVUP funds.

- The most significant capital improvements planned for fiscal year 2021 are the completion of the library renovations, completion of the digital media production studio, replacing entry doors to the activity center and replacement of windows in the bookstore hallway. Funding for these projects will come from student tuition and fees and an advance grant from the WV Community & Technical College System.
- The most significant capital activity completed in 2020 included the replacement of various flooring in the main building, renovation and restoration of the main building elevator cars, expansion of the fire suppression system in the main building, and complete remodeling of the main building courtyard. Smaller projects included the replacement of an air handling unit at the Caperton Center and replacement of the concrete at the Veteran's Center patio. Finally, we began construction of a digital media production studio and completed the architectural phase of the renovation of our campus library and tutoring center. Funding for these projects will come from WVHEPC Bonds and student tuition and fees.
- 2019 The most significant capital activity completed in 2019 the resurfacing of the lower east parking lot, creation of a twenty-five-space parking lot at the Applied Technology Center, replacement of the Caperton Center Chiller, replacement of 2 HVAC units at the Jackson County Center, and the completing of the nursing lab expansion.

WVU at Parkersburg has planned capital projects expecting to cost approximately \$750,000 during the fiscal year 2021. The largest projects will be the renovation of the library at a cost of approximately \$450,000, and completion of the digital media production studio at an estimated cost of \$150,000.

In December 2016, WVU at Parkersburg entered into a loan agreement with the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission in the amount of \$450,000 to fund the cost of the main building fourth-floor HVAC unit. The loan is non-interest bearing and is being repaid in ten semi-annual installments of \$45,000 through December 2021. As of June 30, 2020 the balance of the loan totaled \$135,000.

In addition to the above loan, WVUP entered into various capital lease agreements primarily for copying equipment. As of June 30, 2020, the balance of all capital leases payable totaled \$68,824 with payments payable through December 2023.

#### **Economic Outlook**

West Virginia University at Parkersburg (WVUP) is located in Wood County in West Virginia. During the first seven months of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Wood County economy remained stable and strong as unemployment rates hovered around 4.7 percent. However, all of that changed when the COVID-19 global pandemic was declared in March of 2020. The West Virginia unemployment rate jumped from 4.9% at February 29, 2020, to a high of 15.9% in April and experienced only a modest recovery to 10.4% at June 30, 2020. In comparison, the unemployment rate of other counties in our service region ranged from a low of 9.2 percent in Ritchie County to a high of 14.9 percent in Roane County. This trend follows that of the State of West Virginia whose June 2020 unemployment rate of 10.4 percent leaves the state ranked thirty-third in the nation.

The West Virginia Economic Outlook 2020, a report published by WVU Bureau of Business and Economic Research, provides predictions on the future status of the West Virginia's economy based on historical data and growth projection models. However, at the time that document was published, COVID-19 was not yet present anywhere in the world. Nobody could have predicted that a worldwide pandemic would strike and wreak havoc on global economies. As many parts of the world entered into various levels of quarantine or lockdown to slow the spread of the virus, many workers were furloughed. Businesses closed. Some of the closures were temporary, but many have become permanent as businesses simply did not have the capital or cash flow to survive.

History has shown that local community colleges and universities generally experience an increase in enrollment during times of economic recession or depression. However, COVID-19 has presented many challenges that have not been experienced by colleges and universities in the past. Most notable among those challenges, was the necessity to move to technology-enhanced delivery of course content to protect the health of students, faculty, and staff. While it is true that online learning has become more popular in recent years, most colleges and universities continued to offer the majority of their course instruction in face-to-face, in-seat formats. Pivoting to technology-enhanced online delivery was a monumental shift for universities all over the world. Requiring faculty to create content that could be delivered online with only days of preparation time was nearly an impossible request. To what should have been no one's surprise, faculty across the world rose to the occasion and made this pivot with more grace and effectiveness than anyone had the right to expect. Some students made the transition to online learning easily while others struggled. Many of the students who struggled did so because of a lack of access to dependable broadband internet service.

Despite all of these challenges, the majority of WVUP's students completed the Spring 2020 term. WVUP was pleasantly surprised and delighted when we experienced nearly 10% growth in our summer term enrollment over levels of the previous summer. While we are a few weeks from having final enrollment numbers for the Fall 2020 semester, it appears that we will maintain at least level enrollment despite the announcement that we would continue to offer most classes in a technology-enhanced format.

Nobody knows how long these adjustments will be necessary or exactly what the future holds for the local, national, or global economies. Nor, can they predict how the pandemic will impact the future of higher education. WVUP's Board of Governors and administration feel that we are fiscally sound and have the ability to weather any storm that may face us. However, WVUP receives about a third of its annual operating resources in the form of State appropriations and the University's financial resources are closely tied to the fiscal performance of the State of West Virginia. Despite the pandemic, the State of West Virginia was able to end their fiscal year with a balanced budget.

WVUP will continue to implement revenue enhancement strategies and numerous cost control measures to reduce the growth in operating expenditures in the coming fiscal years to prevent budgetary stresses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. WVUP recently implemented a strategic enrollment plan laying out a long-term enrollment strategy that we believe will stabilize enrollment and provide for financial stability in years to come.

WVUP continues to pursue grants, donations, and gifts to enhance its operating revenues. Improving the level of Federal, State, and private grant activity at WVUP has been a strategic priority for the past several years and the increased focus has been successful as grant revenues, primarily from state sources, continue to remain at significantly high levels. These strategic efforts are continuing and WVUP expects this trend in grant-related revenue to continue in FY 2021 and beyond. Even in times of uncertainty, WVUP believes it is poised to weather the storm and prosper as a beacon of hope to our local service area.

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Dollars in Thousands)

	2020	2019
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,390	\$ 21,383
Appropriations due from primary government	-	500
Accounts receivable - net	503	378
Due from the Commission	80	104
Inventories	171	118
Prepaid expenses	 171	 90
Total current assets	 25,315	22,573
Noncurrent Assets:		
Other accounts receivable	91	101
Capital assets, net	 26,781	 25,849
Total noncurrent assets	 26,872	 25,950
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 52,187	\$ 48,523
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits	596	617
Deferred outflows related to pensions	24	30
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 620	647
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 52,807	\$ 49,170
		(continued

## STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Dollars in Thousands)
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND
Current Liabilities:

(Bollaro III Thousando)			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	N		
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	1,095	\$ 509
Accrued liabilities		317	294
Accrued payroll		699	550
Unearned revenue		2,662	1,943
Due to the Commission		247	-
Compensated absences		509	425
Leases payable, current portion		23	12
Note payable to West Virginia University, current portion		299	287
Note payable to the Commission, current portion	-	90	90
Total current liabilities		5,941	 4,110
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net other post employment benefits liability		2,967	3,991
Net pension liability		72	74
Leases payable		22	8
Note payable to West Virginia University		885	1,184
Note payable to the Commission		45	 135
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,991	 5,392
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	9,932	 9,502
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits		1,537	1,051
Deferred inflows related to pensions		54	71
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	1,591	\$ 1,122
		,	,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	11,523	\$ 10,624
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	25,391	\$ 24,328
Restricted for:			,
Expendable:			
Scholarships and fellowships		52	24
Sponsored programs		238	299
Total expendable		290	 323
Unrestricted		15,603	 13,895
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	41,284	\$ 38,546

See notes to financial statements.

# WVU AT PARKERSBURG FOUNDATION, INC. COMPONENT UNIT - STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

**AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019** 

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	199,648	\$	56,574
Investments, at Fair Value		11,695,033		11,399,104
Accrued Interest and Dividends Receivable	_	2,381	_	3,322
Total current assets		11,897,062		11,459,000
Property and equipment, net		1,141,155		1,213,431
Other assets		2,014		4,901
	_		' <u>-</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,040,231	\$	12,677,332
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	42,276	\$	11,575
Funds held for others		137,228		16,947
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	179,504	\$	28,522
NET ASSETS				
Without donor restrictions		1,425,244		1,473,239
With donor restrictions		11,435,483		11,175,571
TOTAL NET ASSETS		12,860,727		12,648,810
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	13,040,231	\$	12,677,332

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Dollars in Thousands)

OPERATING REVENUES           Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances of \$2,500 and \$3,234         \$ 6,617         \$ 5,84           Federal grants and contracts         82         72           Stude grants and contracts         1,477         1,799           Nongovernmental grants and contracts         541         517           Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances of \$96 and \$122         253         220           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         663         688           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         263         220           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         660         688           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         263         220           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         263         286           Total operating revenues (including revenues from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         263         286           Security (SEXEMENSE)         2,813         2,867         286           Scholarships and fellowships         2,833         2,599         29           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Indu cycenses	(Dollars in Thousands)		2020		2010
Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances of \$2,500 and \$3,234         \$ 6,617         \$ 72           Federal grants and contracts         1,427         1,799           Nongovernmental grants and contracts         541         517           Sales and services of educational departments         161         218           Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances of \$96 and \$122         253         220           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues         9,651         9,361         9,361           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         253         220           Other operations         11,027         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarship and fellowships         2,813         2,867           Supplies and other services         567         3,859 <th>ODED ATTING DEVENHES</th> <th></th> <th>2020</th> <th></th> <th>2019</th>	ODED ATTING DEVENHES		2020		2019
Federal grants and contracts		•	6.617	<b>©</b>	5 946
State grants and contracts         1,427         1,799           Nongovernmental grants and contracts         541         517           Sales and services of educational departments         101         218           Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholariship allowances of S96 and \$122         253         220           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         3630         889           Total operating revenues         9,651         9,361           OPERATING EXPENSES           Salaries and wages         11,927         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         3,714         3,890           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         9.7           CAKES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         2.5           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         22,360           OPERATING EXPENUES (EXPENSE)         10,319         9,995           State appropriations         10,319         9,995 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td>Þ</td><td>- /</td><td>Ф</td><td>,</td></t<>	•	Þ	- /	Ф	,
Nongovernmental grants and contracts         541         517           Sales and services of educational departments         101         218           Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances of \$96 and \$122         253         220           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           OPERATING EXPENSES           Salaries and wages         11,027         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         87         -           Service agreement expenses to West Virginia University         250         250           OPERATING LOSS           OPERATING LOS         (14,441)         (12,299)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9,995 <td>· ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	· ·				
Sales and services of educational departments         101         218           Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances of \$96 and \$122         253         220           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         660         689           Total operating revenues         9,651         9,361           OPERATING EXPENSES           Salaries and wages         11,927         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,803           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,880           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         9           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         220           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,299)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         10,131         9,99           State appropriations         10,319         9,99           State appropriations         9,34         9           Gilts					,
Auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances of \$96 and \$122         253         220           Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues         9,651         9,361           OPERATING EXPENSES           Salaries and wages         11,927         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,800           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expenses to West Virginial University         250         250           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,299)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         10,319         9,995           State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Gifts         2         1           CARES Act revenues         934         -           CARES Act revenues         934         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Other operating revenues (including revenue from outsourced enterprise of \$111 and \$122)         630         689           Total operating revenues         9,651         9,361           OPERATING EXPENSES           Salaries and wages         11,927         11,064           Benefüs         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           Sata appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798      <	•				
OPERATING EXPENSES           Salaries and wages         11,927         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9.995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         (54)         (62)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (6) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Salaries and wages         11,927         11,064           Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9.995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         334         4.2           Investment income         434         6.           Investment income         66         6.5           Fee sassessed by the Commission for debt service	Total operating revenues		9,651		9,361
Benefits         2,813         2,867           Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         668           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9.995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         321         442           Investment income         321         42           Investment income         321         42           Ees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating revenues	OPERATING EXPENSES				
Scholarships and fellowships         2,823         2,509           Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         10,319         9.955           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Investment income         (6)         (5)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         1,605         15,452	Salaries and wages		11,927		11,064
Utilities         567         608           Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,411)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614			2,813		2,867
Supplies and other services         3,714         3,890           Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         977           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9.995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurre	Scholarships and fellowships		2,823		2,509
Depreciation         1,023         1,075           Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877            Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         10,319         9.995           State appropriations         10,319         9.995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93 <td>Utilities</td> <td></td> <td>567</td> <td></td> <td>608</td>	Utilities		567		608
Assessments by the Commission for operations         98         97           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         30,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Giffs         2         1         1         4,998           CARES Act revenues         934         -         -           CARES Act revenues         934         -         -           Liners on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         1,005         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITION—BEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000 <td>Supplies and other services</td> <td></td> <td>3,714</td> <td></td> <td>3,890</td>	Supplies and other services		3,714		3,890
CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         877         -           Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         310,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Pederal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         1,614         2,453           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITION—BEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000 <td>Depreciation</td> <td></td> <td>1,023</td> <td></td> <td>1,075</td>	Depreciation		1,023		1,075
Service agreement expense to West Virginia University         250         250           Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         8         8           State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1         4         459           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -         -           Investment income         321         442           Increst on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         1(10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET	Assessments by the Commission for operations		98		97
Total operating expenses         24,092         22,360           OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,911         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (55)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITION—BEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense		877		-
OPERATING LOSS         (14,441)         (12,999)           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)         State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934            Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	Service agreement expense to West Virginia University		250		250
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)           State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITION—BEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	Total operating expenses		24,092		22,360
State appropriations         10,319         9,995           Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	OPERATING LOSS		(14,441)		(12,999)
Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         238         289           Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Gifts         2         1           Federal Pell grants         4,311         4,798           CARES Act revenues         934         -           Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	State appropriations		10,319		9,995
Federal Pell grants       4,311       4,798         CARES Act revenues       934       -         Investment income       321       442         Interest on capital asset-related debt       (54)       (62)         Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service       (6)       (5)         Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net       (10)       (6)         Net nonoperating revenues       16,055       15,452         INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES       1,614       2,453         Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg       1,124       93         INCREASE IN NET POSITION       2,738       2,546         NET POSITION—BEGINNING OF YEAR       38,546       36,000	Payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg		238		289
CARES Act revenues       934       -         Investment income       321       442         Interest on capital asset-related debt       (54)       (62)         Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service       (6)       (5)         Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net       (10)       (6)         Net nonoperating revenues       16,055       15,452         INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES       1,614       2,453         Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg       1,124       93         INCREASE IN NET POSITION       2,738       2,546         NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR       38,546       36,000	Gifts		2		1
Investment income         321         442           Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	Federal Pell grants		4,311		4,798
Interest on capital asset-related debt         (54)         (62)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	CARES Act revenues		934		-
Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	Investment income		321		442
Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net         (10)         (6)           Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	Interest on capital asset-related debt		(54)		(62)
Net nonoperating revenues         16,055         15,452           INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES         1,614         2,453           Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg         1,124         93           INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service		(6)		(5)
INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES  Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg  1,124 93 INCREASE IN NET POSITION 2,738 2,546 NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR 38,546 36,000	Other nonoperating (expenses) revenues - net		(10)		(6)
Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg1,12493INCREASE IN NET POSITION2,7382,546NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR38,54636,000	Net nonoperating revenues		16,055		15,452
INCREASE IN NET POSITION         2,738         2,546           NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR         38,546         36,000	INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES		1,614		2,453
NET POSITIONBEGINNING OF YEAR 38,546 36,000	Payments made and expenses incurred on behalf of WVU Parkersburg		1,124		93
	INCREASE IN NET POSITION		2,738		2,546
NET POSITIONEND OF YEAR         \$ 41,284         \$ 38,546	NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR		38,546		36,000
	NET POSITIONEND OF YEAR	\$	41,284	\$	38,546

See notes to financial statements.

#### WVU AT PARKERSBURG FOUNDATION, INC. COMPONENT UNIT - STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	TOTAL
REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER			
SUPPORT			
Contributions	\$ 6,677	\$ 140,920	\$ 147,597
Interest and Dividend Income	4,352	236,400	240,752
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)			
on Investments	9,905	447,854	457,759
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	565,262	(565,262)	
TOTAL REVENUES, GAINS, AND			
AND OTHER SUPPORT	586,196	259,912	846,108
EXPENSES			
School Support:			
Grants and Scholarships	337,067	-	337,067
Faculty and Staff Development	25,524	_	25,524
Other Expenses	6,663		6,663
Total School Support	369,254		369,254
Administrative:			
Salaries and Benefits	31,087	-	31,087
Trust Fees	32,781	-	32,781
Professional Fees	46,829	-	46,829
Depreciation	72,276	-	72,276
Database management	15,860	-	15,860
Marketing and public relations	9,168	-	9,168
Other	56,936		56,936
<b>Total Administrative</b>	264,937		264,937
TOTAL EXPENSES	634,191		634,191
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(47,995)	259,912	211,917
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,473,239	11,175,571	12,648,810
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,425,244	\$ 11,435,483	\$ 12,860,727

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### WVU AT PARKERSBURG FOUNDATION, INC. COMPONENT UNIT - STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	WITHOUT DONOI RESTRICTIONS	R WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	TOTAL
REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER			
SUPPORT			
Contributions	\$ 23,862		\$ 201,095
Interest and Dividend Income	4,082	2 219,617	223,699
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)	7.02	100.660	700 600
on Investments	7,931		500,600
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	596,642	(596,642)	·
TOTAL REVENUES, GAINS, AND			
AND OTHER SUPPORT	632,517	292,877	925,394
EXPENSES			
School Support:			
Grants and Scholarships	271,905	_	271,905
Faculty and Staff Development	27,213		27,213
Other Expenses	10,158		10,158
Other Expenses	10,130		10,138
Total School Support	309,270	<u> </u>	309,276
Administrative:			
Salaries and Benefits	44,543	3 -	44,543
Trust Fees	31,807	7 -	31,807
Professional Fees	64,125	5 -	64,125
Depreciation	71,673	-	71,673
Database management	26,534	1 -	26,534
Marketing and public relations	24,137	7 -	24,137
Other	104,310	<u> </u>	104,316
Total Administrative	367,135	-	367,135
TOTAL EXPENSES	676,411	<u> </u>	676,411
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(43,894	4) 292,877	248,983
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,517,133	3 10,882,694	12,399,827
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,473,239	9 \$ 11,175,571	\$ 12,648,810

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES           Tuition and fees         \$ 6,491         \$ 5,940           Grants and contracts         2,758         2,445           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         (3,699)         (3,836)           Payments to suppliers         (3,699)         (3,836)           Payments for benefits         (2,797)         (2,839)           Payments for benefits         (567)         (621)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,848)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (253)         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments for operating expenses to West Virginia University         (268)         (97)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         (3,836)         (98)         (97)           Assessments by Commission for operating extivities         (12,239)         (11,570)           Other receipts         (3,836)         4,312         4,798           Fed ach used in operating activities         10,819         9,495           Fed ach used in operating activities         (10,005)         14,203           Fed ach provided by	(Dollars in Thousands)		
Tuition and fees         \$ 6,491         \$ 5,940           Grants and contracts         2,758         2,445           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         (877)         -           Payments to suppliers         (3,649)         (3,836)           Payments to employees         (11,784)         (11,096)           Payments for benefits         (2,797)         (2,839)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments for operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         83           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Site appropriations         10,819         9,495           State appropriations         10,605         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         6         (5           Fees		2020	2019
Grants and contracts         2,758         2,445           CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         (877)         -           Payments to suppliers         (3,649)         (3,836)           Payments for suppliers         (11,784)         (11,096)           Payments for benefits         (2,797)         (2,839)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARIS Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         6         (5)           Purchases of capital asses         (50)         (270)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund expense         (877)         (3.836)         (3.836)         (3.836)         (3.836)         (3.836)         (3.836)         (11.996)         (2.977)         (2.839)         (2.977)         (2.839)         (2.977)         (2.839)         (2.977)         (2.837)         (2.837)         (2.837)         (2.487)         (2.487)         (2.487)         (2.487)         (2.487)         (2.572)         (2.487)         (2.487)         (2.572)         (2.487)         (2.572)         (2.487)         (2.572)         (2.487)         (2.572)         (2.487)         (2.582)         220         (2.502)		\$ <i>'</i>	\$ <i>'</i>
Payments to suppliers         (3,649)         (3,836)           Payments for penloyces         (11,784)         (11,086)           Payments for benefits         (2,797)         (2,839)           Payments for benefits         (567)         (621)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fee assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purc		2,758	2,445
Payments to employees         (11,784)         (11,096)           Payments for benefits         (2,797)         (2,839)           Payments to tulities         (567)         (621)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         233         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fee assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal pa		(877)	-
Payments for benefits         (2,797)         (2,839)           Payments to utilities         (367)         (621)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating sexpenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         16,065         14,293           CASH PLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on capital form Commission         90         (17)           Cash used in capital financing activ		(3,649)	(3,836)
Payments to utilities         (567)         (621)           Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,757)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Fee assessed by the Commission for debt service         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (50)         (70)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (5)         (67) </td <td></td> <td>(11,784)</td> <td>(11,096)</td>		(11,784)	(11,096)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships         (2,572)         (2,487)           Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         10,819         9.495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (6)         (5)           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177) <td< td=""><td>Payments for benefits</td><td>(2,797)</td><td>(2,839)</td></td<>	Payments for benefits	(2,797)	(2,839)
Auxiliary enterprise receipts         253         220           Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,3		(567)	(621)
Sales and service of educational departments         101         218           Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on proceeds from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         (1,120)         (1,392)           Cash recommended from Commission         (1,120)	Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(2,572)	(2,487)
Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University         (250)         (250)           Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         10,819         9,495           State appropriations         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fee assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442 <td></td> <td>253</td> <td>220</td>		253	220
Assessments by Commission for operations         (98)         (97)           Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         900         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities </td <td>Sales and service of educational departments</td> <td>101</td> <td>218</td>	Sales and service of educational departments	101	218
Other receipts         732         833           Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (5)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         90         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR<	Payments of operating expenses to West Virginia University	(250)	(250)
Net cash used in operating activities         (12,259)         (11,570)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         10,819         9,495           State appropriations         4,312         4,798           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CASES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         3,007         1,773	Assessments by Commission for operations	(98)	(97)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         (90)         (177)           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Other receipts	 732	 833
State appropriations         10,819         9,495           Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Net cash used in operating activities	 (12,259)	 (11,570)
Federal Pell grants         4,312         4,798           CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           Investment income         321         442           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
CARES Act revenue         934         -           Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           Investment income         321         442           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	State appropriations	10,819	9,495
Cash provided by noncapital financing activities         16,065         14,293           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Federal Pell grants	4,312	4,798
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	CARES Act revenue	 934	 
Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service         (6)         (5)           Purchases of capital assets         (709)         (908)           Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 16,065	 14,293
Purchases of capital assets       (709)       (908)         Principal paid on capital debt and leases       (260)       (270)         Interest paid on capital debt and leases       (55)       (67)         Principal paid on loan from Commission       (90)       (177)         Capital bond proceeds from Commission       -       35         Cash used in capital financing activities       (1,120)       (1,392)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Investment income       321       442         Cash provided by investing activities       321       442         INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       3,007       1,773         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR       21,383       19,610	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on capital debt and leases         (260)         (270)           Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Fees assessed by the Commission for debt service	(6)	(5)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Purchases of capital assets	(709)	(908)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases         (55)         (67)           Principal paid on loan from Commission         (90)         (177)           Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(260)	(270)
Capital bond proceeds from Commission         -         35           Cash used in capital financing activities         (1,120)         (1,392)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(55)	(67)
Cash used in capital financing activities (1,120) (1,392)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income 321 442  Cash provided by investing activities 321 442  INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 3,007 1,773  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 21,383 19,610	Principal paid on loan from Commission	(90)	(177)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         321         442           Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Capital bond proceeds from Commission	 	 35
Investment income         321         442           Cash provided by investing activities         321         442           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         3,007         1,773           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         21,383         19,610	Cash used in capital financing activities	 (1,120)	 (1,392)
Cash provided by investing activities321442INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS3,0071,773CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR21,38319,610	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 3,007 1,773 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 21,383 19,610	Investment income	 321	 442
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 21,383 19,610	Cash provided by investing activities	 321	 442
	INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,007	1,773
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 24,390 \$ 21,383	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 21,383	19,610
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 24,390	\$ 21,383

(continued)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Dollars in Thousands)

(Dollars III Titousalius)		2020	2019	
Reconciliation of net operating loss to net cash				
used in operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(14,442) \$	(12,999)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash				
used in operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		1,023	1,075	
Donated/noncapitalized expense		2	1	
Expenses paid on behalf of WVU Parkersburg		238	289	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows:				
Accounts receivable, net		(117)	(107)	
Due from the Council/Commission		24	170	
Prepaid expenses		(81)	-	
Inventories		(55)	(12)	
Accounts payable		456	(102)	
Accrued liabilities		(852)	(212)	
Unearned revenue		719	204	
Due to the Council/Commission		247	(2)	
Compensated absences		84	59	
Defined benefit pension plan		(13)	(15)	
Deferred other post employment benefits		508	81	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(12,259) \$	(11,570)	
Noncash Transactions:				
Capitalization of interest	\$	2 \$	5	
Donations	\$	2 \$	1	
Loss on dispositions	\$	10 \$	7	
Capital payments on behalf of WVU Parkersburg	\$	1,124 \$	59	

See notes to financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### 1. ORGANIZATION

West Virginia University at Parkersburg ("Parkersburg") is governed by the West Virginia University at Parkersburg Board of Governors (the "Board"). The Board was established by House Bill 3215 ("H.B. 3215").

During fiscal year 2008, H.B. 3215 was passed which clarified and redefined relationships between and among certain higher education boards and institutions. This legislation defines the statewide network of independently accredited community and technical colleges. Effective July 1, 2008, the administratively linked community and technical colleges of West Virginia University (the "University") established their own Boards of Governors.

Powers and duties of the Board include, but are not limited to, the power to determine, control, supervise and manage the financial, business and educational policies and affairs of the institution under its jurisdiction, the duty to develop a master plan for the institution, the power to prescribe the specific functions and institution's budget request, the duty to review at least every five years all academic programs offered at the institution, and the power to fix tuition and other fees for the different classes or categories of students enrolled at its institution.

The West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education (the "Council") (two year education) and the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission (the "Commission") (four year and post graduate education) collectively comprise the West Virginia Higher Education Fund. Both the Council and the Commission were legislatively created under Senate Bill No. 448 and Senate Bill No. 653, respectively.

The Council is responsible for developing, overseeing and advancing the State's public policy agenda as it relates to community and technical college education. The Council is comprised of 12 persons appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The University provides Parkersburg with administrative and academic support services under a service agreement.

As a requirement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards, Parkersburg has included information from the WVU at Parkersburg Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation").

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Parkersburg have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by GASB. The financial statement presentation required by GASB provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of Parkersburg's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows.

a. Reporting Entity — Parkersburg is a blended component unit of the West Virginia Higher Education Fund and represents separate funds of the State that are not included in the State's general fund. Parkersburg is a separate entity which, along with all State institutions of higher education, the Council and the Commission (which includes West Virginia Network for Educational Telecomputing (WVNET)) form the Higher Education Fund of the State. The Higher Education Fund is considered a component unit of the State and its financial statements are discretely presented in the State's comprehensive annual financial report.

The WVU at Parkersburg Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is not part of the Parkersburg reporting entity and is not consolidated in the accompanying financial statements since Parkersburg has no ability to designate management, cannot significantly influence operations of this entity, and is not accountable for fiscal matters of the Foundation under GASB. The accompanying financial statements present all funds under the authority of Parkersburg. The basic criterion for inclusion in the accompanying financial statements is the exercise of oversight responsibility derived from Parkersburg's ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters of related entities.

In accordance with GASB, the audited financial statements of the Foundation are presented here as a discrete component unit with the Parkersburg financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The Foundation is a separate, private, nonprofit organization that reports under FASB standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the audited financial information as it is presented herein (See Note 14).

- b. Basis of Accounting For financial reporting purposes, Parkersburg is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, Parkersburg's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting with a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are reported when earned and expenditures are reported when materials or services are received.
- c. Cash and Cash Equivalents For purposes of the statement of net position, Parkersburg considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Cash on deposit with the West Virginia Treasurer's Office (the "Treasurer") is deposited into the WV Money Market Pool and the WV Short Term Bond Pool with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (BTI). The amounts on deposit are available for immediate withdrawal and, accordingly, are presented as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents also include cash in bank accounts and cash on hand.

- d. Appropriations Due from Primary Government For financial reporting purposes, appropriations due from the State are presented separate from cash and cash equivalents, as amounts are not specific deposits with the Treasurer, but are obligations of the State.
- e. Accounts Receivable Accounts receivable primarily includes amounts due from students for tuition and fees, amounts due from sponsoring agencies for grants and contracts, and other miscellaneous receivables.
- f. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts It is Parkersburg's policy to provide for future losses on uncollectible accounts receivable based on an evaluation of the underlying account, the historical collectibility experienced by Parkersburg on such balances, and such other factors which, in Parkersburg's judgment, require consideration in estimating doubtful accounts.
- g. *Inventories* Inventories are stated at the lower-of-cost or market, cost being determined on the first-in, first-out method.
- h. *Noncurrent Cash and Cash Equivalents* Cash that is (1) externally restricted to make debt service payments or (2) to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets is classified as a noncurrent asset in the statement of net position.
- i. Capital Assets Capital assets include property, plant, and equipment, books and materials that are part of a catalogued library, and infrastructure assets. Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or construction, or acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. The capital assets transferred in were recorded at net book value. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 15 to 50 years for buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements, 3 to 15 years for furniture, equipment, and library books. Parkersburg's capitalization thresholds are as follows: \$25,000 for buildings, land improvements, infrastructure and leasehold improvements, \$100,000 for software, and \$5,000 for equipment. Library books and land are capitalized irrespective of cost.
- j. *Unearned Revenue* Revenue for programs or activities to be conducted primarily in the next fiscal year are classified as unearned revenue, including items such as tuition, orientation fees, financial aid deposits, and advance payments on sponsored awards.
- k. Compensated Absences GASB requires entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave, or payments in lieu of accrued vacation leave, as such benefits are earned and payment becomes probable. Parkersburg's full-time employees earn up to two vacation leave days for each month of service and are entitled to compensation for accumulated, unpaid vacation leave upon termination.
  - The estimated expense incurred for vacation leave is recorded as a component of benefits expense on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.
- 1. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the West Virginia Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "OPEB plan"), which is administered by a combination of the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency ("PEIA") and the West Virginia Health Benefit Trust Fund (the "RHBT"), additions to/reductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the RHBT's financial statements

which can be found at <a href="www.peia.gov">www.peia.gov</a>. The OPEB plan schedules are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. GAAP as prescribed by GASB. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Investments are reported at fair value. Management of PEIA and the RHBT have made certain estimates and assumptions relating to the employer allocation schedules, and actual results could differ. (See Note 7.)

- m. *Noncurrent Liabilities* Noncurrent liabilities include (1) notes payable and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year; and (2) estimated amounts for OPEB liability, net pension liability, and other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.
- n. Net Pension Liability For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), and additions to/reductions from the TRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the TRS financial statements, which can be found at https://www.wvretirement.com/Publications .html#CAFR. The plan schedules of TRS are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus in accordance with U.S. GAAP as prescribed by GASB. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Investments are reported at fair value. Detailed information on investment valuation can be found in the TRS financial statements. Management of TRS has made certain estimates and assumptions relating to employer allocation schedules, and actual results could differ. (See Note 8.)
- o. Net Position GASB establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and require that the financial statements be presented on a basis to focus on Parkersburg as a whole. The components of net position are classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of Parkersburg's obligations. Parkersburg's components of net position are classified as follows:
  - Net investment in capital assets This represents Parkersburg's total investment
    in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations
    related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet
    expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net
    investment in capital assets, net of related debt.
  - Restricted, expendable This includes resources in which Parkersburg is legally
    or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions
    imposed by external third parties.

The West Virginia Legislature (the "Legislature"), as a regulatory body outside the reporting entity, has restricted the use of certain funds by Article 10, *Fees and Other Money Collected at State Institutions of Higher Education* of the West Virginia State Code. House Bill 101, passed in March 2004, simplified the tuition and fees restrictions to auxiliaries and capital items. These activities are fundamental to the normal ongoing operations of Parkersburg. These restrictions

are subject to change by future actions of the Legislature. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg had no restricted balances remaining in these funds.

- Restricted, nonexpendable This includes endowment and similar type funds
  which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift
  instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and
  invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either
  be expended or added to principal.
- Unrestricted This includes resources that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Such resources represent resources derived from student tuition and fees (not restricted as to use), state appropriations and sales and services of educational activities. This component is used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of Parkersburg, and may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board.
- p. *Classification of Revenues* Parkersburg has classified its revenues according to the following criteria:
  - Operating revenues Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (3) most federal, state, local, and nongovernmental grants and contracts, and (4) sales and services of educational activities.

Other operating revenues include revenue from leasing of Parkersburg's academic bookstore and retail store to Barnes & Noble College Bookstores, Inc., rental fees, commissions, and other miscellaneous revenues.

- Nonoperating revenues Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the
  characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions and
  other revenues that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB, such as state
  appropriations, Federal Pell grants, investment income and sale of capital assets
  (including natural resources).
- Other revenues Other revenues consist primarily of capital grants and gifts.
- q. Use of Restricted Net Position Parkersburg has not adopted a formal policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available. Generally, Parkersburg attempts to utilize restricted components of net position first when practicable. Parkersburg did not have any designated components of net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.
- r. Scholarship Allowances Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by Parkersburg, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf.

Financial aid to students is reported in the financial statements under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). Certain aid, such as loans and funds provided to students as awarded by third parties, is accounted for as a third-party payment (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment). All other aid is reflected in the financial statements as operating expenses, or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expense represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to the student in the form of reduced tuition. Under the alternative method, these amounts are computed on a college basis by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, on the ratio of total aid to the aid not considered to be third-party aid.

s. Federal Financial Assistance Programs — Parkersburg makes loans to students under the Federal Stafford Loan Program. Under this program, the U.S. Department of Education makes interest subsidized and nonsubsidized loans directly to students, through institutions like Parkersburg. Federal Stafford loan receivables are not included in Parkersburg's statement of net position, as the loans are repayable directly to the U.S. Department of Education. Parkersburg made awards of \$4.8 million and \$4.7 million in fiscal year 2020 and 2019, respectively, under the Federal Stafford Loan Program on behalf of the U.S. Department of Education; these amounts are not included as revenues and expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Parkersburg distributes student financial assistance funds on behalf of the federal government to students under the federal Pell Grant, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant, and College Work Study programs. The activity of these programs is recorded in the accompanying financial statements. In fiscal year 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg received and disbursed approximately \$4.4 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, under these federal student aid programs.

- t. Government Grants and Contracts Government grants and contracts normally provide for the recovery of direct and indirect costs, subject to audit. Parkersburg recognizes revenue associated with direct costs as the related costs are incurred. Recovery of related indirect costs is generally recorded at fixed rates negotiated for a period of one to three years.
- u. *Income Taxes* Parkersburg is exempt from income taxes, except for unrelated business income, as a nonprofit organization under federal income tax laws and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service.
- v. *Deferred Outflows of Resources* Consumption of net position by Parkersburg that is applicable to a future fiscal year is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg had deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$24,000, and \$30,000, respectively (see Note 8). As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg had deferred outflows of resources of \$596,000 and \$617,000, respectively, related to OPEB (see Note 7).
- w. *Deferred Inflows of Resources* Acquisition of net position by Parkersburg that is applicable to a future fiscal year is reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg had deferred inflows related to pensions of \$54,000 and \$71,000, respectively (see Note 8). As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg had deferred inflows of resources of \$1,537,000 and \$1,051,000, respectively, related to OPEB (see Note 7).

x. Risk Management — The State's Board of Risk and Insurance Management (BRIM) provides general liability, property and auto insurance coverage, to Parkersburg and its employees. Such coverage is provided to Parkersburg by BRIM through a self-insurance program maintained by BRIM for general liability and auto insurance coverage. BRIM maintains a self-insurance program to pay the first \$1,000,000 of each property insurance claim and purchases excess property insurance from the commercial insurance market to cover individual claims that exceed \$1,000,000. The BRIM self-insurance programs may involve experience and exposure related premiums.

BRIM engages an independent actuary to assist in the determination of its premiums so as to minimize the likelihood of premium adjustments to Parkersburg or other participants in BRIM's insurance programs. As a result, management does not expect significant differences between the premiums Parkersburg is currently charged by BRIM and the ultimate cost of that insurance based on Parkersburg's actual loss experience. In the event such differences arise between estimated premiums currently charged by BRIM to Parkersburg and Parkersburg's ultimate actual loss experience, the difference will be recorded, as the change in estimate becomes known.

- y. *Use of Estimates* The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- z. Risks and Uncertainties Parkersburg utilizes various investment instruments that are exposed to risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes.
  - On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. A national emergency was declared in the U.S. concerning the COVID-19 outbreak on March 13, 2020. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen which may materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and in the footnotes. The financial impact of these uncertainties cannot be determined at this time.
- aa. Newly Adopted Statements Issued by the GASB Parkersburg has implemented GASB Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests". This statement modifies previous guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. This statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Parkersburg has implemented Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans". This statement clarifies how the absence of a governing board should be considered in determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for purposes of evaluating potential component units and modifies the applicability of certain component unit criteria as they relate to defined contribution pension plans. This statement also establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for

benefits provided through those plans and modifies the investment valuation requirements for all Section 457 plans.

The requirements of this statement that exempt primary governments that perform the duties that a governing board typically performs from treating the absence of a governing board the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board in determining whether they are financially accountable for defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, or other employee benefit plans and limit the applicability of the financial burden criterion of Statement No. 84 to defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet established criteria were effective immediately. The adoption of these requirements did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

bb. Recent Statements Issued by the GASB – The GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities", which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. GASB Statement No. 84 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 84 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. This statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. According to this statement, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Such interest cost should not be capitalized as part of the historical cost of a capital asset. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB No. 89 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", which is effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2021, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. This statement defines conduit debt obligations for accounting and financial reporting purposes and establishes standards for recognition, measurement and disclosure for issuers. Parkersburg has not yet determined

the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 91 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020". This statement addresses various issues that have been identified during the implementation of certain GASB statements and establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments.

The requirements related to leases, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools and derivative instruments are effective upon issuance. The requirements for intra-entity transfers of assets and the requirements related to reporting assets accumulated for defined benefit postemployment benefits provided through plans that are not administered through trusts that meet specified criteria are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. The requirements related to the applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities", to postemployment benefit arrangements and the requirements related to fair value measurements are effective for are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. The requirements for government acquisitions are effective for government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 92 may have on its financial statements.

This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of interbank offered rates in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020, with the exception of the guidance regarding appropriate benchmark interest rates for derivative instruments that hedge the interest rate risk of taxable debt, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2021, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which was effective immediately. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 93 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements". This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for public-private and public-public partnerships and availability payment arrangements. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 94 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements". This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for subscription-based information technology arrangements by a

government end user. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96 may have on its financial statements.

The requirements of Statement No. 97 that are related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. For purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, the requirements of this statement that provide for all other arrangements, the absence of a governing board be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Parkersburg has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of these requirements may have on its financial statements.

### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The composition of cash and cash equivalents was as follows at June 30 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020		2019
Cash on deposit with the Treasurer	\$ 24,238	\$	21,350
Cash in Bank	151		32
Cash on Hand	 1		1
	\$ 24,390	\$	21,383

Cash on deposit with the Treasurer. Amounts with the Treasurer include deposits in the State Treasury bank account, the WV Money Market Pool and the WV Short Term Bond Pool. The amounts with the Treasurer as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, are comprised of two investment pools, the WV Money Market Pool and the WV Short Term Bond Pool, both of which are carried at amortized cost. There was \$22,028,518 and \$21,341,098 at June 30, 2020 and 2019 of unrestricted cash held for investment in these pools. The remainder of the cash held with the Treasurer was not invested at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Deposits in the WV Money Market Pool and the WV Short Term Bond Pool are pooled by the Treasurer with other available funds of the State for investment purposes by the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (the BTI). These funds are transferred to the BTI, and the BTI invests in accordance with West Virginia Code, policies set by the BTI, provisions of bond indentures and trust agreements when applicable. Fair value and investment income are allocated to participants in the pools based upon the funds that have been invested. Balances in the investment pools are recorded at fair value or amortized cost which approximates fair value. Fair value is determined by a third-party pricing service based on asset portfolio pricing models and other sources in accordance with GASB. The BTI was established by the Legislature and is subject to oversight by the Legislature. The amounts on deposit are available for immediate withdrawal and, accordingly, are presented as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements.

Cash in Bank. The carrying amount of cash in the bank at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 was approximately \$151,000 and \$32,000, respectively, as compared with the bank balance of approximately \$284,000 and \$54,000, respectively. The difference is primarily caused by

outstanding checks and items in transit. Bank accounts are FDIC insured up to \$250,000 per Federal Employer Identification Number and they are collateralized by securities held by the bank in the name of the State.

Cash on Hand. Imprest funds approved by the Treasurer comprise the cash on hand.

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The following table provides information on the Standard & Poor's rating of the investment pools as of June 30:

	)	2019				
	Carrying	S & P		Carrying	S & P Rating	
External Pool	 Value	Rating		Value		
WV Money Market Pool	\$ 21,506,282	AAAm	\$	20,847,665	AAAm	
WV Short Term Bond Fund	522,236	Not Rated		493,433	Not Rated	

A Fund rated "AAAm" has extremely strong capacity to maintain principal stability and to limit exposure to principal losses due to credit, market, and/or liquidity risks. "AAAm" is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. All the BTI's Consolidated Fund pools and accounts are subject to interest rate risk. The following table provides information on the weighted-average maturities for the WV Money Market Pool:

		2020		2019			
External Pool		Carrying Value	WAM (Days)	Carrying Value		WAM (Days)	
WV Money Market Pool	\$	21,506,282	44	\$	20,847,665	42	

### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable were as follows at June 30 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2	019
Student tuition and fees, net of allowances for doubtful				
accounts of \$203 and \$188	\$	94	\$	115
Grants and contracts receivable		188		43
Due from other State agencies		14		7
Other		207		213
	\$	503	\$	378

In November 2009, Parkersburg changed the payroll method for all non-exempt benefiteligible employees from current payroll to payroll in arrears. In September 2014, all other employees remaining on current payroll were moved to payroll in arrears. For both groups of employees, Parkersburg issued a "no hardship payment" to cover the transition period from current payroll to arrears payroll. Upon termination, the net amount of the "no hardship payment" will be deducted from the employee's last paycheck. This "no hardship payment" is recorded as other noncurrent accounts receivable on the statement of net position.

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Balances and changes in capital assets were as follows at June 30 (dollars in thousands):

2020	В	eginning				]	Ending	
	I	Balance	A	Additions		Reductions		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,349
Construction in progress		297		1,264		(1,466)		95
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,646	\$	1,264	\$	(1,466)	\$	1,444
Other capital assets:								
Land improvements	\$	944	\$	174	\$	-	\$	1,118
Buildings		36,710		1,316		-		38,026
Equipment		3,228		587		(50)		3,765
Library books		2,456		90		-		2,546
Software		6		-		-		6
Infrastructure		1,805				-		1,805
Total other capital assets		45,149		2,167		(50)		47,266
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(315)		(75)		-		(390)
Buildings		(14,483)		(622)		-		(15,105)
Equipment		(2,153)		(256)		40		(2,369)
Library books		(2,201)		(60)		-		(2,261)
Software		(5)		-		-		(5)
Infrastructure		(1,789)		(10)				(1,799)
Total accumulated depreciation		(20,946)		(1,023)		40		(21,929)
Other capital assets, net	\$	24,203	\$	1,144	\$	(10)	\$	25,337
Capital Assets Summary:			ф			(1.155)		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,646	\$	1,264	\$	(1,466)	\$	1,444
Other capital assets		45,149		2,167		(50)		47,266
Total cost of capital assets		46,795		3,431		(1,516)		48,710
Less accumulated depreciation		(20,946)		(1,023)		40		(21,929)
Capital assets, net	\$	25,849	\$	2,408	\$	(1,476)	\$	26,781

2019	Ве	ginning						Ending		
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Е	Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:								_		
Land	\$	1,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,349		
Construction in progress		365		598		(666)		297		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,714	\$	598	\$	(666)	\$	1,646		
Other capital assets:										
Land improvements	\$	700	\$	244	\$	-	\$	944		
Buildings		36,288		422		-		36,710		
Equipment		2,984		285		(41)		3,228		
Library books		2,366		90		-		2,456		
Software		6		-		-		6		
Infrastructure		1,805		-		-		1,805		
Total other capital assets		44,149		1,041		(41)		45,149		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Land improvements		(256)		(59)		-		(315)		
Buildings		(13,748)		(735)		-		(14,483)		
Equipment		(1,967)		(220)		34		(2,153)		
Library books		(2,151)		(50)		-		(2,201)		
Software		(5)		-		-		(5)		
Infrastructure		(1,778)		(11)		-		(1,789)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,905)		(1,075)		34		(20,946)		
Other capital assets, net	\$	24,244	\$	(34)	\$	(7)	\$	24,203		
Capital Assets Summary:										
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,714	S	598	S	(666)	S	1,646		
Other capital assets	_	44,149		1,041		(41)		45,149		
Total cost of capital assets		45,863		1,639		(707)		46,795		
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(19,905)	_	(1,075)	_	34	•	(20,946)		
Capital assets, net	\$	25,958	\$	564	\$	(673)	\$	25,849		

Parkersburg maintains certain collections of inexhaustible assets to which no value can be practically determined. Accordingly, such collections are not capitalized or recognized for financial statement purposes. Such collections include contributed works of art, historical treasures and literature that are held for exhibition, education, research and public service. These collections are neither disposed of for financial gain nor encumbered in any means.

Parkersburg capitalized interest on borrowings, net of interest earned on related debt of approximately \$2,000 and \$5,000 during fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Balances and changes in long-term liabilities were as follows at June 30 (dollars in thousands):

2020	Beg	ginning					E	nding	Due	within
	B	alance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Other post employment benefits liability	\$	3,991	\$	-	\$	(1,024)	\$	2,967	\$	-
Net pension liability		74		-		(2)		72		-
Leases payable		20		47		(22)		45		23
Note payable to West Virginia University		1,471		-		(287)		1,184		299
Notes payable to the Commission		225				(90)		135		90
Total long-term liabilities	\$	5,781	\$	47	\$	(1,425)	\$	4,403	\$	412

2019	Beg	ginning					E	nding	Due	within
	Balance		alance Addition		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Other post employment benefits liability	\$	4,361	\$	-	\$	(370)	\$	3,991	\$	-
Net pension liability		142		-		(68)		74		-
Leases Payable		14		20		(14)		20		12
Note payable to West Virginia University		1,746		-		(275)		1,471		287
Notes payable to the Commission		402		_		(177)		225		90
Total long-term liabilities	\$	6,665	\$	20	\$	(904)	\$	5,781	\$	389

### 7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Employees of Parkersburg are enrolled in the West Virginia Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "OPEB plan") which is administered by the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency ("PEIA") and the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (the "RHBT").

Following is Parkersburg's other postemployment benefits liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, revenues, and other postemployment benefits expense and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30 (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2019
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,967	\$ 3,991
Deferred Outflows of Resources	596	617
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,537	1,051
Revenues	216	272
OPEB Expense	116	381
Contributions made by Parkersburg	416	415

### **Plan Description**

The OPEB plan is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan that covers the retirees of State agencies, colleges and universities, county boards of education, and other government entities as set forth in West Virginia Code Section 5-16D-2 (the "Code"). Plan benefits are established and revised by PEIA and the RHBT with approval of the Finance Board. The Finance Board is comprised of nine members. Finance Board members are appointed by the Governor, serve a term of four years and are eligible for reappointment. The State Department of Administration secretary serves as Chairman of the Board. Four members represent labor, education, public employees and public retirees. Four remaining members represent the public-at-large.

Active employees who retire are eligible for PEIA health and life benefits, provided they meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the applicable State retirement system and if their last employer immediately prior to retirement: is a participating employer under the Consolidated Public Retirement Board ("CPRB") and, as of July 1, 2008 forward, is a participating employer with PEIA. Active employees who, as of July 1, 2008, have ten years or more of credited service in the CPRB and whose employer at the time of their retirement does participate with CPRB, but does not participate with PEIA will be eligible for PEIA retiree coverage provided: they otherwise meet all criteria under this heading and their employer agrees, in writing, upon a form prescribed by PEIA, that the employer will pay to PEIA the non-participating retiree premium on behalf of the retiree or retirees, or that the retiree agrees to pay the entire unsubsidized premium themselves. Employees who participate in non-State retirement systems but that are CPRB system affiliated, contracted, or approved (such as TIAA-CREF and Empower Retirement), or are approved, in writing, by the PEIA Director must, in the case of education employees, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the State Teachers Retirement System ("STRS"), and in all other cases meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the Public Employees Retirement System to be eligible for PEIA benefits as a retiree.

The financial activities of the OPEB plan are accounted for in the RHBT, a fiduciary fund of the State of West Virginia. The RHBT audited financial statements and actuarial reports can be found on the PEIA website at www.peia.wv.gov.

### **Benefits Provided**

The OPEB plan provides the following benefits: medical and prescription drug insurance and life insurance. The medical and prescription drug insurance is provided through two options: the self-insured preferred provider benefit plan option, which is primarily for non-

Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses; and the external managed care organization option, which is primarily for Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses.

### **Contributions**

Pay as you go premiums ("paygo") are established by the Finance Board annually. All participating employers are required by statute to contribute this premium to the RHBT at the established rate for every active policyholder per month. The active premiums subsidize the retirees' health care.

Members retired before July 1, 1997 pay retiree healthcare contributions at the highest sponsor subsidized rate, regardless of their actual years of service. Members retired between July 1, 1997 and June 30, 2010, pay a subsidized rate depending on the member's years of service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2010, pay retiree healthcare contributions with no sponsor provided implicit or explicit subsidy.

Retiree leave conversion contributions from the employer depend on the retiree's date of hire and years of service at retirement as described below:

- Members hired before July 1, 1988 may convert accrued sick or vacation leave days into 100% of the required retiree healthcare contribution.
- Members hired from July 1, 1988 to June 30, 2001 may convert sick or vacation leave days into 50% of the required retiree healthcare contribution.

The conversion rate is two days of unused sick and vacation leave days per month for single healthcare coverage and three days of unused sick and vacation leave days per month for family healthcare coverage.

Employees hired on or after July 1, 2001 no longer receive sick and/or vacation leave credit toward the required retiree healthcare contribution when they retire. All retirees have the option to purchase continued coverage regardless of their eligibility for premium credits.

Certain faculty employees (generally those with less than a 12-month contract) earn a similar extended health or life insurance coverage retirement benefit based on years of service. Generally, 3-1/3 years of teaching service extend health insurance coverage for one year of family coverage. Faculty hired after July 1, 2009 no longer receive years of service credit toward insurance premiums when they retire. Faculty hired on or after July 1, 2010 receive no health insurance premium subsidy when they retire. Two groups of employees hired after July 1, 2010 will not be required to pay the unsubsidized rate: 1) active employees who were originally hired before July 1, 2010 who have a break in service of fewer than two years after July 1, 2010; and 2) retired employees who had an original hire date prior to July 1, 2010 may return to active employment. In those cases, the original hire date may apply.

### **Basis of Allocation**

OPEB amounts have been allocated to each contributing employer based on their proportionate share of employer contributions to the RHBT for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Effective July 1, 2017, certain employers that met the plan's opt out criteria and chose not to participate in the plan coverage were no longer required to make contributions to the plan. The amounts previously allocated to such employers for the net OPEB liability

and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows are reallocated to the remaining employers participating in the cost sharing plan. The plan reallocates these balances to the remaining active employers based on their proportionate share of contributions made in the period of reallocation.

### **Assumptions**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the net OPEB liability for financial reporting purposes was determined by an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the net OPEB liability for financial reporting purposes was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions were used and applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal cost method.
- Amortization method and period: Level percentage of payroll over 20 years.
- Investment rate of return: 7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
- Projected salary increases: dependent on pension system ranging from 3.00% to 6.50%, including inflation.
- Healthcare cost trend rates: Trend rate for pre-Medicare per capita costs of 8.5% for plan year 2020, decreasing by .5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year 2028. Trend rate for Medicare per capita costs of 3.1% for plan year end 2020. 9.5% for plan year 2021, decreasing by .5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year end 2031.

• Inflation rate: 2.75%.

• Discount rate: 7.15%

• Mortality rates: based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015.

The long-term investment rate of return of 7.15% on OPEB plan investments was determined by a combination of an expected long-term rate of return of 7.50% for long-term assets invested with the West Virginia Investment Management Board ("IMB") and an expected short-term rate of return of 3.0% for assets invested with the WV Board of Treasury Investments ("BTI").

Long-term pre-funding assets are invested with the IMB. The strategic asset allocation consists of 55% equity, 15% fixed income, 10% private equity, 10% hedge fund and 10% real estate invested. Short-term assets used to pay current year benefits and expenses are invested with the BTI.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected

returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the long-term geometric rates for each major asset class are summarized below.

### 2020

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	49.5%	4.8%
Core Plus Fixed Income	13.5%	2.1%
Hedge Fund	9.0%	2.4%
Private Equity	9.0%	6.8%
Core Real Estate	9.0%	4.1%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10.0%	0.3%

### 2019

	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic	17.0%
Non-Large Cap Domestic	22.0%
International Qualified	24.6%
International Non-Qualified	24.3%
International Equity	26.2%
Short-Term Fixed	0.5%
Total Return Fixed Income	6.7%
Core Fixed Income	0.1%
Hedge Fund	5.7%
Private Equity	19.6%
Real Estate	8.3%
Opportunistic Income	4.8%
Cash	0.0%

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that RHBT contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates, in accordance with prefunding and investment policies. Based on those assumptions, and that the plan is expected to be fully funded by the fiscal year ended June 30, 2033, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. Discount rates are subject to change between measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents Parkersburg's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what Parkersburg's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.15%) or one percentage point higher (8.15%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

2020	1% Decrease (6.15%)		Discount Rate (.15%)	1% Increase (8.15)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	4,250	\$ 2,967	\$	2,985	
2019		Decrease	Discount Rate		Increase 8.15)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,054	\$ 3,991	\$	3,672	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents Parkersburg's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what Parkersburg's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates (dollars in thousands):

2020	1%]	Decrease	Healt	urrent hcare Cost nd Rates	1% 1	Decrease
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,872	\$	2,967	\$	4,398
2019	1%]	Decrease	Healt	urrent hcare Cost nd Rates	1% 1	Decrease
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,558	\$	3,991	\$	5,204

## OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was measured as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019, which is the measurement date. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

The net OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was measured as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018, which is the measurement date. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

At June 30, 2020, the amount recognized as Parkersburg's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was \$2,967,476. At June 30, 2020, the nonemployer contributing entity's (State of West Virginia) portion of the collective net OPEB liability is \$728,783 and the total net OPEB liability attributable to Parkersburg is \$3,696,259.

At June 30, 2019, the amount recognized as Parkersburg's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was \$3,991,238. At June 30, 2019, the nonemployer contributing entity's (State of West Virginia) portion of the collective net OPEB liability is \$888,749 and the total net OPEB liability attributable to Parkersburg is \$4,879,987.

The allocation percentage assigned to each contributing employer is based on the employer's proportionate share of employer contributions to the RHBT for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. Employer contributions are recognized when due. At June 30, 2018, Parkersburg's proportion was .214642962%, a increase of .014205425% from its proportion of .200437537% calculated as of June 30, 2018.

The allocation percentage assigned to each contributing employer is based on the employer's proportionate share of employer contributions to the RHBT for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. Employer contributions are recognized when due. At June 30, 2018, Parkersburg's proportion was .200437537%, a increase of .015260501% from its proportion of .185177036% calculated as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, Parkersburg recognized OPEB expense of \$116,000. Of this amount, \$(100,000) was recognized as Parkersburg's proportionate share of the OPEB expense, and \$216,000 as the amount of OPEB expense attributed to special funding. Parkersburg also recognized revenue of \$216,000 for support provided by the State.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Parkersburg recognized OPEB expense of \$381,000. Of this amount, \$109,000 was recognized as Parkersburg's proportionate share of the OPEB expense, and \$272,000 as the amount of OPEB expense attributed to special funding. Parkersburg also recognized revenue of \$272,000 for support provided by the State.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are as follows at June 30, (dollars in thousands):

2020	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion and difference between				
employer contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions	\$	159	\$	284
Net differences between projected and actual				
investment earnings		-		32
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		411
Changes in assumptions		-		694
Opt-out proportionate share		1		96
Contributions after the measurement date		416		-
Total	\$	576	\$	1,517

2019	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	202	\$	481
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	•	-	·	77
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		64
Changes in assumptions		-		429
Contributions after the measurement date		415		
Total	\$	617	\$	1,051

Parkersburg will recognize the \$416,000 and \$415,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from OPEB contributions after the measurement date as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended	Amortization	
June 30, 2021	\$	(555)
June 30, 2022		(499)
June 30, 2023		(232)
June 30, 2024		(71)
	\$	(1,357)

### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Some employees of Parkersburg are enrolled in a defined benefit pension plan, the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), which is administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB).

Following is Parkersburg's pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, revenues, and the pension expense and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2019
Net Pension Liability	\$ 72	\$ 74
Deferred Outflows of Resources	24	30
Deferred Inflows of Resources	54	71
Revenues	22	18
Pension Expense	20	14
Contributions Made by Parkersburg	11	11

### TRS

### **Plan Description**

TRS is a multiple employer defined benefit cost sharing public employee retirement system providing retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. It covers all full-time employees of the 55 county public school systems in the State and certain personnel of the 13 State-supported institutions of higher education, State Department of Education and the Higher Education Policy Commission hired prior to July 1, 1991. Employees of the State-supported institutions of higher education and the Higher Education Policy Commission hired after June 30, 1991, are required to participate in the Higher Education Retirement System. TRS closed membership to new hires effective July 1, 1991.

TRS is considered a component unit of the State for financial reporting purposes, and, as such, its financial report is also included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. TRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained from the TRS website at https://www.wvretirement.com/Publications.html#CAFR

### **Benefits Provided**

TRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. A member is eligible for normal retirement at age 60 with five years of service, age 55 with 30 years of service or any age with 35 years of service. A member may retire with the pension reduced actuarially if the member is less than age 55 and has between 30 and 35 years of service. For all employees hired after July 1, 2015, qualification for normal retirement is age 62 with 10 years of service. All members hired after July 1, 2015 may retire with the pension reduced actuarially if the member is between the ages of 60 and 62 with 10 years of service or between ages 55 and 62 with 30 years of service. Terminated members with at least five,

but less than 20, years of credited service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions are entitled to a deferred retirement commencing at age 62. For all employees hired after July 1, 2015, this age increases to 64 with 10 years of service. Retirement benefits are equivalent to 2% of average annual salary multiplied by years of service. Average salary is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years of earnings during the last 15 fiscal years of earnings. Chapter 18, Article 7A of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan, including contribution rates, to the Legislature.

### **Contributions**

The funding objective of the CPRB pension trust funds is to meet long-term benefit requirements through contributions, which remain relatively level as a percent of member payroll over time, and through investment earnings. Contribution requirements are set by CPRB. A member who withdraws from service for any cause other than death or retirement may request that the accumulated employee contributions plus interest be refunded.

**Member Contributions**: TRS funding policy provides for member contributions based on 6% of members' gross salary. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for members and employers are established by State law and are not actuarially determined.

Employer Contributions: Employers make the following contributions:

The State (including institutions of higher education) contributes:

- 1. 15% of gross salary of their State-employed members hired prior to July 1, 1991;
- 2. 15% of School Aid Formula (SAF) covered payroll of county-employed members;
- 3. 7.5% of School Aid Formula SAF-covered payroll on members of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDCRS);
- 4. A certain percentage of fire insurance premiums paid by State residents; and
- 5. Under WV State code section 18-9-A-6a, beginning in fiscal year 1996, an amount determined by the State Actuary as being needed to eliminate the TRS unfunded liability within 40 years of June 30, 1994. As of June 30, 2019, Parkersburg's proportionate share attributable to this special funding subsidy was \$21,017. As of June 30, 2018, Parkersburg's proportionate share attributable to this special funding subsidy was \$17,018.

Parkersburg's contributions to TRS for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, were approximately \$11,000, \$11,000, and \$11,000, respectively.

### **Assumptions**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the total pension liabilities for financial reporting purposes were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019. For the year ended June 30, 2019, total pension liabilities for financial reporting purposes were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions were used and applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll.
- Asset valuation method: Investments are reported at fair (market) value.
- Amortization method and period: Level dollar, fixed period over 40 years, from July 1, 1995 through fiscal year 2035.
- Investment rate of return of 7.50%, net of pension plan administrative and investment expenses.
- Projected salary increases: Teachers 3.00–6.00% and non-teachers 3.00–6.50%, based on age.
- Inflation rate of 3.0%.
- Discount rate of 7.50%
- Mortality rates based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables.
- Withdrawal rates: Teachers 0.8%-35% and non-teachers 1.316%-24.75%.
- Disability rates: 0.008%-0.704%
- Retirement age: An age-related assumption is used for participants not yet receiving payments.
- Retirement rates: 15%-100%
- Ad hoc cost-of-living increases in pensions are periodically granted by the Legislature. However, the retirement system makes no automatic provision for such increases.

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. The most recent experience study covered the period from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the CPRB adopts revised assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the long-term arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 are summarized below.

2020

	Long-term Expected	Target
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Allocation
Domestic equity	5.8%	27.5%
International equity	7.7%	27.5%
Fixed income	3.3%	15.0%
Real estate	6.1%	10.0%
Private equity	8.8%	10.0%
Hedge funds	4.4%	10.0%

2019

	Long-term Expected	Target
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Allocation
Domestic equity	4.5%	27.5%
International equity	8.6%	27.5%
Fixed income	3.3%	15.0%
Real estate	6.0%	10.0%
Private equity	6.4%	10.0%
Hedge funds	4.0%	10.0%

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, TRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TRS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents Parkersburg's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what Parkersburg's TRS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands).

	^		^
-7	•	7	

2020	 Decrease 50%)	Curre	ent Discount Rate (7.50%)	 ncrease 50%)
Net pension liability	\$ 99	\$	72	\$ 50
2019	 Decrease 50%)	Curre	ent Discount Rate (7.50%)	 ncrease 50%)
Net pension liability	\$ 100	\$	74	\$ 52

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The TRS net pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was measured as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019, which is the measurement date. The total pension liability at June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

The TRS net pension liability at June 30, 2019 was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability at June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

At June 30, 2020, Parkersburg's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability was \$246,000. Of this amount, Parkersburg recognized approximately \$72.000 as its proportionate share on the statement of net position. TRS measured the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The remainder of \$174,000 denotes Parkersburg's proportionate share of net pension liability attributable to the special funding.

At June 30, 2019, Parkersburg's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability was \$267,000. Of this amount, Parkersburg recognized approximately \$74,000 as its proportionate share on the statement of net position. TRS measured the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018. The remainder of \$193,000 denotes Parkersburg's proportionate share of net pension liability attributable to the special funding.

The allocation percentage assigned to each participating employer and non-employer contributing entity is based on their proportionate share of employer and non-employer contributions to TRS for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Employer contributions are recognized when due. At June 30, 2019, Parkersburg's proportion was .002426%, a decrease of .000043% from its proportion of 0.002383% calculated as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, Parkersburg's proportion was 0.002383%, a decrease of 0.001739% from its proportion of 0.004122% calculated as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, Parkersburg recognized TRS pension expense of \$20,534. Of this amount, \$(1,655) was recognized as Parkersburg's proportionate share of the TRS expense, \$21,017 as the amount of pension expense attributable to special funding and \$1,172 as the pension expense related to a non-special funding from a non-employer contributing entity. The Parkersburg also recognized revenue of \$22,189 for support provided by the State.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Parkersburg recognized TRS pension expense of \$13,285. Of this amount, \$(4,401) was recognized as Parkersburg's proportionate share of the TRS expense and \$17,018 as the amount of pension expense attributable to special funding and \$668 as the pension expense related to non-special funding from a non-employer contributing entity. Parkersburg also recognized revenue of \$17,686 for support provided by the State.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the TRS pension are as follows at June 30 (dollars in thousands).

### 2020

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 11	\$	50	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_		2	
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		2	
Contributions after the measurement date	11		-	
Changes in assumptions	2		_	
	\$ 24	\$	54	

### 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions	\$	16	\$ 66	
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		-	4	
Differences between expected and actual experience		1	1	
Contributions after the measurement date		11	-	
Changes in assumptions		2	 _	
	\$	30	\$ 71	

Parkersburg will recognize the \$11,000 and \$11,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension contributions after the measurement date as a reduction of the TRS net pension liability in the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in TRS pension expense as follows.

Fiscal Year Ended	Amortization	
June 30, 2021	\$	(6)
June 30, 2022		(14)
June 30, 2023		(14)
June 30, 2024		(7)
	\$	(41)

### Payables to the Pension Plan

Parkersburg did not report any amounts payable for normal contributions to the TRS as of June 30, 2020 or 2019.

### 9. LEASES PAYABLE

a. *Operating*—Future annual minimum lease payments on operating leases for years subsequent to June 30, 2020 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

	2021	\$ 57
	2022	53
	2023	27
	2024	4
	2025	 1
Total		\$ 142

Total rent expense for these operating leases for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was approximately \$42,000 and \$16,000, respectively. Parkersburg does not have any non-cancelable leases.

b. *Capital* — Parkersburg leases certain property, plant and equipment under capital leases. Future annual minimum lease payments and the present value of minimum lease payments on capital leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

### Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2021	\$ 24
2022	18
2023	4
Future minimum lease payments	46
Less interest	(1)
Total	45
Current Portion	23
Noncurrent Portion	\$ 22

The net book value of the leased assets were as follows as of June 30 (dollars in thousands):

	2	020	2	019
Equipment	\$	95	\$	48
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(29)		(15)
Net Book Value	\$	66	\$	33

### 10. NOTES PAYABLE

Energy Performance Contract – In 2008, the University entered into an agreement with Siemens Building Technologies, Inc. to perform Phase II of the Energy Performance contract. The contract was to install certain energy enhancement equipment in buildings on the University's campuses, including Parkersburg. The cost of the contract was financed with a lease purchase agreement between the University and Suntrust Leasing Corporation ("Suntrust").

Beginning in fiscal year 2009, when Parkersburg became a separate entity from the University, the Parkersburg portion of the Energy Performance Phase II lease purchase was reported on Parkersburg's statement of net position as a lease payable.

During fiscal year 2012, the University issued the 2011 Series B and C bonds which in part paid off the Energy Performance Phase II lease purchase with Suntrust. After the bonds were issued, an agreement was entered into between the University and Parkersburg wherein Parkersburg agreed to continue to pay the University based on their portion of the original amortization schedule for the lease purchase with Suntrust. This source of funds is internally assigned by the University to pay on their bonds.

The original amount of the note related to Parkersburg was \$3,316,991 with an interest rate of 3.98%. The term of the note was 16 years with the last payment due in January 2024. The new agreement between the University and Parkersburg used the same terms. The outstanding note payable at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 was \$1,183,548 and

\$1,470,493, respectively. Interest incurred during fiscal years 2020 and 2019 was \$54,459 and \$65,635, respectively, and is recorded as interest on capital asset-related debt on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The scheduled maturities of this note payable are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Fiscal	Yea	r
Ending J	<b>fune</b>	30,

2021	\$ 299
2022	310
2023	324
2024	 251
	\$ 1,184
Current Portion	299
Noncurrent Portion	\$ 885

Loans from Commission – In December 2016, Parkersburg received a loan of \$450,000 from the Commission for the replacement of three HVAC units and the refurbishment of another HVAC unit in the main building. The term of the note is five years and the last payment is due in January 2022. The loan is interest free and payments are due semi-annually. The outstanding note payable at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 was \$135,000 and \$225,000, respectively. The scheduled maturities of this note payable are as follows (dollars in thousands):

### Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2021	90
2022	 45
	\$ 135
Current Portion	 90
Noncurrent Portion	\$ 45

### 11. STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION INDEBTEDNESS

Parkersburg is a State institution of higher education. It receives a State appropriation in partial support of its operations. In addition, Parkersburg is subject to the legislative and administrative mandates of State government. Those mandates affect all aspects of Parkersburg's operations, its tuition and fee structure, its personnel policies and its administrative practices.

The State has chartered the Commission with the responsibility to construct or renovate, finance and maintain various academic and other facilities of the State's universities and colleges, including certain facilities within the Council. Financing for these facilities was provided through revenue bonds issued by either the former Board of Regents, the former University System of West Virginia, the former State College System of West Virginia or the former Interim Governing Board (collectively, the "Boards"). These obligations administered by the Commission are the direct and total responsibility of the Commission, as successor to the former Boards.

The Commission assesses each public institution of higher education for funds to meet the payment of debt service on these various bonds. Certain tuition and registration fees (referred to as system fees) of the members of the former State University System are generally pledged as collateral for the Commission's bond indebtedness. Student fees collected by the institution in excess of the debt service allocation are retained by the institution for internal funding of capital projects and maintenance. The bonds remain as a capital obligation of the Commission; however, effective June 30, 2002, an amount of principal related to each institution was reported as debt service assessment payable to the Commission by each institution and as a receivable by the Commission. During fiscal years 2020 and 2019, Parkersburg paid \$5,563 and \$5,283, respectively, to the Commission against the debt obligation. The amount due to the Commission at both June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 was \$0.

The Commission issued 2004 Series B Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bonds (the "HEPC 2004 B Bonds") in August 2004 to provide funds for capital improvements at institutions of higher education throughout the State's universities and colleges, including Parkersburg. In June 2012, a portion of the HEPC 2004 Bonds were advance refunded by the State of West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission Revenue Refunding Bonds (Higher Education Facilities) 2012 Series A and Revenue Bonds (Higher Education Facilities) 2012 Series B Bonds (the "HEPC 2012 Bonds"). The HEPC 2004 B Bonds and the HEPC 2012 Bonds are secured by the pledge of higher education institutions' tuition and registration fees as well as excess lottery revenues. The HEPC 2004 B Bonds and the HEPC 2012 Bonds are considered an indirect obligation of Parkersburg and the principal amount of the bonds related to Parkersburg is not reported as a payable to the Commission.

During December 2009, the Commission, on behalf of the Council, issued \$78,295,000 of Community and Technical Colleges Improvement Revenue Bonds, 2009 Series A (the "2009 Bonds"). The proceeds of the 2009 Bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, equipping, or improvement of community and technical college facilities in West Virginia, including Parkersburg. State Lottery funds will be used to repay the debt.

### 12. RETIREMENT PLANS

Substantially all full-time employees of Parkersburg participate in either TRS or the Teachers' Insurance and Annuities Association—College Retirement Equities Fund (the TIAA-CREF). (See Note 8 for information regarding TRS.)

Effective January 1, 2003, higher education employees enrolled in the basic 401(a) retirement plan with TIAA-CREF had an option to switch to the Educators Money 401(a) basic retirement plan (Educators Money). New hires had the choice of either plan. Educators Money was a brand utilized by Great West Financial; this transitioned to Empower Retirement.

Effective September 17, 2019, employees enrolled in the Empower Retirement 401(a) basic retirement plan were automatically enrolled in the TIAA-CREF retirement plan. On October 3, 2019, account balances with Empower Retirement were transferred to the new accounts with TIAA-CREF.

The TIAA-CREF and Empower Retirement are defined contribution plans in which benefits are based upon amounts contributed plus investment earnings. Each employee who elects to participate in these plans is required to make a contribution equal to 6% of total annual compensation. Parkersburg simultaneously matches the employees' 6% contribution. Contributions are immediately and fully vested.

Contributions to the TIAA-CREF for each of the last three fiscal years were approximately as follows (in thousands):

### Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Parke	ersburg	Emp	loyees		Γotal
2020	\$	640	\$	640	\$	1,280
2019	Φ	582	Φ	582	Φ	1,164
2018		539		539		1,078

Contributions to the Empower Retirement for each of the last three fiscal years were approximately as follows (in thousands):

### Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Parke	rsburg	Emp	loyees	T	otal
2020	¢	2	ø.	2	¢.	4
2020 2019	\$	11	\$	11	\$	22
2018		11		11		22

Parkersburg's total payroll for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, was approximately \$11.9 million, \$11.1 million, and \$10.6 million, respectively, and total covered employees' salaries in the TIAA-CREF and Empower Retirement were approximately \$10.7 million, and \$26,000 in fiscal year 2020, \$9.7 million and \$73,000 in fiscal year 2019, and \$9.0 million and \$189,000 in fiscal year 2018, respectively.

### 13. COMMITMENTS

Parkersburg has entered into contracts for the construction and improvement of various facilities. These outstanding contractual commitments totaled approximately \$376,000 at June 30, 2020.

### 14. WVU AT PARKERSBURG FOUNDATION, INC.

The Foundation is a separate nonprofit organization incorporated in the State that has as its purpose "to provide, encourage and assist in the development and growth of Parkersburg and to render service and assistance to Parkersburg, its faculty, students, and alumni, and to the citizens of the State of West Virginia." Oversight of the Foundation is the responsibility of an independently elected Board of Directors, not otherwise affiliated with Parkersburg.

In carrying out its responsibilities, the Board of Directors of the Foundation forms policy and maintains fiscal accountability over funds administered by the Foundation. The Foundation's financial statements are discretely presented as part of Parkersburg's financial statements, as the net position of the Foundation are "entirely or almost entirely" for the use of Parkersburg, in accordance with GASB standards.

During the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation contributed \$337,000 and \$272,000, respectively, to Parkersburg for grants and scholarships.

### 15. CONTINGENCIES

The nature of the educational industry is such that, from time to time, claims will be presented against colleges and universities on account of alleged negligence, acts of discrimination, breach of contract or disagreements arising from the interpretation of laws or regulations. While some of these claims may be for substantial amounts, they are not unusual in the ordinary course of providing educational services in a higher education system. In the opinion of management, all known claims are covered by insurance or are such that an award against Parkersburg would not impact seriously on the financial status of Parkersburg.

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes disallowances, if any, would not have a significant financial impact on Parkersburg's financial position.

Parkersburg owns various buildings that are known to contain asbestos. Parkersburg is not required by Federal, State or Local Law to remove the asbestos from its buildings. Parkersburg is required by Federal Environmental, Health and Safety Regulations to manage the presence of asbestos in the buildings in a safe condition. Significant problems of dangerous asbestos conditions are abated as the condition becomes known. Parkersburg also addresses the presence of asbestos as building renovation or demolition projects are undertaken and through asbestos operation and maintenance programs directed at containing, managing or operating with the asbestos in a safe condition.

# 16. NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION (Dollars in Thousands)

Parkersburg's operating expenses by functional and natural classification are as follows:

Year	
Ended	
1 June 30,	
30,	
2020	

					Natural Classification	fication				
	Salaries &		Scholarships &		Supplies &		Assessments by	CARES Act Higher Education	on Service	
Functional Classification		Benefits	Fellowships	Utilities	Utilities Other Services Depreciation the Co	Depreciation	the Commission		Relief Fund Expense Agreement Expense Total	Total
Instruction	\$ 6,844	\$ 6,844 \$ 1,559 \$	-	- \$	\$ 1,193 \$	- \$		. \$	\$	\$ 9,596
Academic Support	844	209		1	47					1,101
Student Services	1,337	314			306					1,957
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	689	234		566	681					2,170
General Institutional Support	2,151	488			1,474					4,113
Student Financial Aid			2,823							2,823
Auxiliary Enterprises	62	9			13					84
Depreciation						1,023				1,023
Assessments by Commission for Operations							98			98
CARES Act Higher Education Relief Fund Expense								. 877		877
Service Agreement Expense									250	250
Total Expenses	\$ 11,927	\$ 11,927 \$ 2,813 \$		2,823 \$ 567 \$	\$ 3,714 \$	\$ 1,023 \$	\$ 98	\$ \$ 877	7 \$ 250	\$ 24,092

2	Year
J. 18411.	Ended June
atural Classification	June 30, 2019
3	ULY

					Mathem Classification	псяпоп				
	Salaries &		Scholarships &		Supplies &		Assessments by	CARES Act Higher Education	Service	
Functional Classification	Wages	Benefits	Fellowships	Utilities	Utilities Other Services Depreciation	_	the Commission	Relief Fund Expense	Agreement Expense	Total
Instruction	\$ 6,481	6,481 \$ 1,588 \$	-	- \$	\$ 1,631 \$	- \$	\$	- \$	\$ - \$	9,700
Academic Support	715	173		1	25					914
Student Services	1,336	338			324					1,998
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	679	263		607	587				1	2,136
General Institutional Support	1,822	496		,	1,316				1	3,634
Student Financial Aid			2,509	,					1	2,509
Auxiliary Enterprises	31	9			7					47
Depreciation				1		1,075			1	1,075
Assessments by Commission for Operations				,			9'	7 -	1	97
Service Agreement Expense									250	250
Total Expenses	\$ 11,064	\$ 2,867 \$	\$ 11,064 \$ 2,867 \$ 2,509 \$ 608 \$ 3,890 \$ 1,075 \$	\$ 608	\$ 3,890	\$ 1,075	\$ 9	7 \$ -	\$ 250 \$	22,360

### 17. COMPONENT UNIT'S DISCLOSURES — FOUNDATION

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES

<u>Nature of activities and organization</u> - The WVU at Parkersburg Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of West Virginia. The purpose of the Foundation is to "provide, encourage, and assist in the development and growth of West Virginia University at Parkersburg (the University) and to render service and assistance to the University, its faculty, students and alumni, and to the citizens of the State of West Virginia."

<u>Basis of accounting</u> - The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred, whether or not cash is received or paid out at that time.

<u>Use of estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Classification of net assets</u> - These financial statements are prepared to focus on the entity as a whole and to present transactions according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, transactions and balances are classified into two categories of net assets.

Net assets without donor restrictions are not restricted by donor-imposed stipulations. Net assets without donor restrictions are maintained and distributed at the discretion of the Foundation's Board of Directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of contributions restricted by donor-restricted stipulations, which will either expire by the passage of time or by action of the Foundation. When donor restrictions expire, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is fulfilled, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and are reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

<u>Endowment investment and spending policies</u> - The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding for programs supported by the endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. The Foundation's investment and spending policies work together to achieve this objective.

The Foundation's investment objectives are: to maintain the purchasing power of its funds by preserving the real (after inflation) value of its assets; to provide the maximum flow of funds for scholarships, grant making, and operating expenses; and to ensure that an average net return is provided that at least matches or exceeds widely used comparison indices as they pertain to each asset allocation class.

To satisfy its investment objectives over long periods of time, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are obtained through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends).

The Foundation's investment managers shall consider the long and short term needs of the Foundation in carrying out its charitable purposes, its present and anticipated financial requirements as have been communicated to them by the Foundation's representatives, expected total return on the Foundation's investments, price level trends, and general economic conditions. Diversification by asset class, investment style, investment manager, etc. is employed to avoid undue risk concentration and enhance total return.

Per the Foundation's spending policy, the Foundation's Investment Committee annually reviews expected long-term investment returns, economic conditions, projected inflation, and fees. Based on the review, recommendations for the spending rate are developed and forwarded to the Finance Committee for approval.

The base calculation for the recommended level of distribution is as follows:

- Expected average long-term investment return
- Less the anticipated annualized fees
- Less an assumed long-term annual inflation impact
- Equals a base distribution rate

The rate will be applied to the average of the portfolio market value for the last 3 years ending December 31.

The calculated base distribution rate may be considered a "neutral" point for unitized payout: At this level, the account's principal should grow over the long-term at or about the inflation rate and maintain purchasing power of principal. Similarly, the income stream for the current distributions should grow at or about the rate of inflation.

<u>Income tax status</u> - By a letter issued December 15, 1963, the Internal Revenue Service has determined that the Foundation qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, therefore, is not subject to federal and state income taxes on its exempt purpose activities. In addition, the Foundation qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2). However, income from certain activities not directly related to the Foundation's tax-exempt purpose would be subject to taxation as unrelated business income.

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation has no material uncertain tax positions to be accounted for in the financial statements under professional standards. The Foundation recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense. The Foundation's returns for years ending on or after June 30, 2017 remain subject to examination.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> - For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Foundation considers all cash accounts and all highly liquid instruments available for current use with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not held for long-term investment and are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> - The Foundation maintains its funds in a pooled investment account. Income of the investment pool is distributed based on the percentage relationship of the individual fund balance to the total of the fund balances involved. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in the change in net assets without donor restrictions unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law. Quoted market values are updated daily for equities and mutual funds with bonds being updated at each month end. The Foundation does not require collateral to secure its investments.

The Foundation carries investments with readily determinable market values at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying statements of activities.

To facilitate the observance of the general intent of contributions and bequests, the Foundation maintains separate trust and/or fund accounts.

Accounts receivable - Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from students and the University. Uncollectible accounts are written off in the year they are determined to become uncollectible. As needed, the Foundation records an allowance for doubtful accounts from the determination of collectibility, which is based on historical bad debt experience and an evaluation of the periodic aging accounts. The Foundation believes no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

<u>Property and equipment</u> - Property and equipment are recorded at cost, if purchased, or estimated fair value, if donated. The Foundation computes depreciation on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which range from 3 to 7 years for equipment, 15 years for building improvements, and 30 years for buildings. Useful lives are revised when a change in life expectancy becomes apparent. No depreciation is recorded for assets acquired but not yet placed in service.

Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred while major additions and improvements are capitalized. Gains or losses on dispositions of fixed assets are included in current operations as realized.

<u>Contributions and grants</u> - Contributions received by the Foundation are recorded at their fair market values on the date of such gifts and reported as an increase in net assets. During 2020, the Foundation adopted FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* and FASB ASU No. 2018-08, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. ASU 2014-09 provides comprehensive guidance on the recognition of revenue from customers arising from the transfer of goods and services. ASU 2018-08 and ASU Sub Topic 958-605, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Revenue Recognition – Contributions*, specifically address the application of the standard to contribution income.

The majority of the Foundation's revenues come from contributions, and interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments that are outside the scope of Topic 606. The Foundation has evaluated the nature of its contributions from donors and agency organizations in accordance with the guidance provided in ASU 2018-08 and Sub Topic 958-605. Due to the nature of the Foundation's revenue, there was no significant change in the determination of the amount and timing of the Foundation's revenue.

The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Grants made by the Foundation are recorded in the financial statements at the time the grants are approved by the Board of Directors of the Foundation. Scholarships are reimbursed to the University by the Foundation. Payments for grants and scholarships are made when requested by the grantee or the University.

Advertising - It is the policy of the Foundation to expense advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$768 and \$2,392, respectively.

<u>Funds Held For Others</u> - Funds held for others are used to account for assets held by the Foundation as an agent. These funds are custodial by nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of operations. The funds are held on behalf of the University, a related party of the Foundation.

The Foundation maintains legal ownership of these funds and, as such, continues to report the funds as assets of the Foundation. However, a liability has been established for the fair value of the funds.

<u>Risks and uncertainties</u> - The Foundation invests in various instruments, including fixed income, stocks, mutual funds, and real assets that, in general, are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position, and the realized and unrealized gains/(losses) on the statements of activities.

<u>Date of management's review of subsequent events</u> - Management has evaluated subsequent events through August XX, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

<u>Reclassification of prior year's statements</u> - Certain amounts in the 2019 financial statements, as previously presented, have been reclassified to conform to the 2020 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on net assets or change in net assets.

### NOTE 2 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation's financial assets available for general expenditure within one year after year end are as follows:

	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents  Investments, at fair value Accounts receivable	\$ 60,941 443,030 2,381	\$ 38,265 429,200 3,322
	\$ 506,352	\$ 470,787

The Foundation's investments held at year end are considered available for expenditure based on the Foundation's approved spending policy. The base calculation for the recommended level of distribution is the expected average long-term investment return, less the anticipated annualized fees, less an assumed long-term annual inflation impact. The rate will be applied to the average of the portfolio market value for the last 3 years ending December 31.

As part of the Foundation's liquidity management, it has objectives to maintain the purchasing power of its funds by preserving the real (after inflation) value of its assets; to provide the maximum flow of funds for scholarships, grant making, and operating expenses; and to ensure that an average net return is provided that at least matches or exceeds widely used comparison indices as they pertain to each asset allocation class.

### NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS

Investments are stated at estimated fair value in the financial statements. The following is an analysis of the composition of the Foundation's investments.

	 June	30,	
	2020		2019
Investments, at fair value Mutual funds Bonds Stocks Mortgage backed securities	\$ 6,944,353 674,969 3,818,007 257,704	\$	7,098,398 477,256 3,823,450
Total investments, at fair value	\$ 11,695,033	\$	11,399,104

### NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

<u>Determination of fair value</u> - The Foundation uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and to determine fair value disclosures. In accordance with the *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in many instances, there are no quoted market prices for the Foundation's various financial instruments. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument.

The fair value guidance provides a consistent definition of fair value, which focuses on exit price in an orderly transaction (that is, not a forced liquidation or distressed sale) between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. If there has been a significant decrease in the volume and level of activity for the asset, a change in valuation technique or the use of multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. In such instances, determining the price at which willing market participants would transact at the measurement date under current market conditions depends on the facts and circumstances and requires the use of significant judgment. The fair value, a reasonable point within the range, is most representative of fair value under current market conditions.

### NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

<u>Fair value hierarchy</u> - In accordance with this guidance, the Foundation groups its financial assets generally measured at fair value in three levels, based on markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value.

Level 1 - Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Foundation has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets generally include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets.

Level 2 - Valuation is based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly. The valuation may be based on quoted prices for similar assets; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Valuation is based on unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets. Level 3 assets include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

### NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Fair Va	lue Measurements	s at
		Rep	orting Date Using	
		<b>Quoted Prices</b>		
		In Active	Significant	
		Markets For	Other	Significant
		Identical	Observable	Unobservable
	Fair	Assets/Liabilities	Inputs	Inputs
Investments	Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Mutual funds	_	_	_	_
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alternative strategies	554,382	554,382	- 1	
Domestic equity	2,404,814	2,404,814	- 1	
Fixed income	3,695,570	3,695,570	- 1	-
International equity	289,587	289,587		
Total mutual funds	6,944,353	6,944,353		
Bonds				- 1
Consumer discretionary	318,491	1	318,491	- 1
Financial	303,181	1	303,181	
Healthcare	53,297		53,297	
Total bonds	674,969		674,969	
Stocks				
Communication services	260 220	260 220		
	368,238	368,238	1	Ī
Consumer discretionary	374,967	374,967	1	Ī
Consumer staples	350,092	350,092	1	1
Energy	150,238	150,238	172 000	1
Financial	619,022	446,022	173,000	1
Healthcare	518,120	518,120	1	1
Industrial	289,994	289,994	1	1
Information technology	878,779	878,779	1	- 1
Materials	151,534	151,534	- 1	
Real estate	60,823	60,823	- 1	
Utilities	56,200	56,200		
Total stocks	3,818,007	3,645,007	173,000	
Mortgage backed securities				
Mortgage backed securities	257,704	1	257,704	
	237,704		231,704	
88	257 704		257 704	
securities	257,704		257,704	
	2		\$	2
Total investments	11,695,033	\$ 10,589,360	1,105,673	φ _
Total investments	11,075,055	Ψ 10,507,500	1,100,075	

### NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

			lue Measuremen orting Date Using	
Investments	Fair Value	Quoted Prices In Active Markets For Identical Assets/Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Mutual funds				
Wittual Turids	S	S	\$	\$
Alternative strategies	518,028	518,028	1	1
Domestic equity	2,150,830	2,150,830		
Fixed income	4,144,787	4,144,787	- 1	
International equity	284,753	284,753		
Total mutual funds	7,098,398	7,098,398		
Bonds				
Consumer discretionary	280,372	1	280,372	1
Financial	96,069		96,069	
Healthcare	50,962		50,962	1
Industrial	49,853	1	49,853	1
Total bonds	477,256		477,256	
Stocks				
Communication services	327,446	327,446	1	
Consumer discretionary	435,306	435,306	1	]
Consumer staples	272,964	272,964		
Energy	237,005	237,005	1	
Financial	708,537	539,536	169,001	1
Healthcare	562,339	562,339		
Industrial	382,989	382,989	- 1	
Information technology	636,618	636,618	- 1	
Materials	124,074	124,074		
Real Estate	71,027	71,027		
Utilities	65,145	65,145		-
Total stocks	3,823,450	3,654,449	169,001	-
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total investments	11,399,104	10,752,847	646,257	<u> </u>

### NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

### Property and equipment consist of the following:

	Jun	e 30,	
	2020		2019
Land Buildings Furniture Machinery and equipment	\$ 24,592 1,224,930 77,065 3,900	\$	24,592 1,224,930 77,065 3,900
Total Less accumulated depreciation	1,330,487 (189,332)		1,330,487 (117,056)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,141,155	\$	1,213,431

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$72,276 and \$71,673, respectively.

### NOTE 6 - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

	Jui	ne 30,
	 2020	2019
Donor restricted net assets available for grants, scholarships, and other donor-designated purposes; and net assets to be held in		
perpetuity	\$ 11,435,483	\$ 11,175,571

### NOTE 7 - ENDOWED FUNDS

Professional standards contained in the *Not-For-Profit Entities – Presentation of Financial Statements* Topic of the FASB Codification provide guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA), including guidance pertaining to disclosures about an organization's endowed funds (both donor restricted endowment funds and board designated endowment funds) whether or not the organization is subject to UPMIFA.

The State of West Virginia adopted UPMIFA effective March 5, 2008. The financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were prepared in accordance with UPMIFA and Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958. The Foundation is governed subject to its corporate bylaws and most contributions are subject to the terms specified by the Foundation. Certain contributions are received subject to other gift instruments, or are subject to specific agreements with the Foundation.

Under the terms of the governing documents, and agreements with donors, the Board of Directors has the ability to distribute as much of the corpus of any trust or separate gift, devise, bequest, or fund as the Board in its sole discretion shall determine.

At this time, all of the endowed funds were created from donations restricted for scholarships or other expenses for the benefit of the University under donor restricted endowment agreements. The pooled investment fund presented on the statements of financial position is an exclusive pooled fund of the Foundation created and managed for the endowed funds by a bank trust department. From time to time throughout the year, the various endowment funds purchase or sell equivalent unit shares in the pooled investment fund based on the cash and liquidity needs for each of the funds. The non-endowed funds are held in cash accounts and income liquid assets funds.

### NOTE 7 - ENDOWED FUNDS (Continued)

A summary of the net assets of the endowed and non-endowed funds and net changes therein consisted of the following from June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2020:

	Endowed Net Assets	Non-Endowed Net Assets	Total Net Assets
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 9,992,549	\$ 2,407,278	\$ 12,399,827
Contributions Interest and dividends Net realized and unrealized (gains) and losses Distributions Transfers	167,321 202,555 453,212 (563,787) 36,703	33,774 21,144 47,388 (112,624) (36,703)	201,095 223,699 500,600 (676,411)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 10,288,553	\$ 2,360,257	\$ 12,648,810
Contributions Interest and dividends Net realized and unrealized (gains) and losses Distributions Transfers	74,178 216,393 411,027 (356,711) (99,567)	73,419 24,359 46,732 (277,480) 99,567	147,597 240,752 457,759 (634,191)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 10,533,873	\$ 2,326,854	\$ 12,860,727

Contributions for the creation of new endowment funds under the "Building Toward Endowment Program" are classified as Non-Endowed Net Assets With Donor Restrictions until such time as the new fund reaches the required amount in effect at the time of the creation of the fund to be reclassified as an endowment fund.

A reconciliation of endowed and non-endowed net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions is as follows:

	June	: 30,	
	2020		2019
Endowed net assets with donor restrictions Non-endowed net assets with donor restrictions Net assets without donor restrictions	\$ 10,533,873 901,610 1,425,244	\$	10,288,553 887,018 1,473,239
Total net assets	\$ 12,860,727	\$	12,648,810

### NOTE 7 - ENDOWED FUNDS (Continued)

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the maintenance of only the original gift amount contributed to an endowment fund, unless a donor stipulates the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation would consider a fund to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of (1) the original value of initial and subsequent gifts donated to the fund and (2) any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with applicable donor gift instrument. The Foundation has interpreted UPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with prudent measures in accordance with the terms of the governing documents and agreements with donors.

At June 30, 2020, the Foundation identified two donor restricted endowment funds considered to be underwater, which together have an original gift amount of \$254,435, a current market value of \$178,049, and a deficiency of \$76,386. At June 30, 2019, the Foundation identified four donor restricted endowment funds considered to be underwater, which together have an original gift amount of \$402,182, a current market value of \$222,896, and a deficiency of \$179,286. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations and continued appropriation to certain programs that were deemed prudent by the Board of Directors.

### NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Foundation was organized to provide service and assistance to West Virginia University at Parkersburg. The Foundation reimburses the University for scholarships, faculty and staff development costs, the president's fund, the executive director's salary and benefits, and certain equipment and supply expenditures that are approved by the Foundation in the form of grants and scholarships. Benefits provided to West Virginia University at Parkersburg for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$423,638 and \$403,628, respectively.

In addition to these monetary transactions, the University provides immaterial amounts for office space, use of office equipment, and accounting services to the Foundation at no charge, the fair value of which is immaterial to these financial statements.

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the University owed the Foundation \$2,381 and \$3,322, respectively. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation owed the University \$42,167 and \$7,271, respectively.

### NOTE 9 - NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS

Expenses are allocated among program services and management and general based on the purposes for which the expenses have been incurred. For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the following tables represent operating expenses within both natural and functional classifications:

	Program Services	Management and General	Total
June 30, 2020	¢	¢	<b>Q</b>
Grants and scholarships	337,067	φ -	337,067
Faculty and staff development	25,524	- 1	25,524
Other school support	6,663	-	6,663
Salaries and benefits Trust fees	1	31,087 32,781	31,087 32,781
Professional fees	[	46,829	46,829
Depreciation 1965		72,276	72,276
Database management		15,860	15,860
Marketing and public relations	1	9,168	9,168
Other administrative support		56,936	56,936
Total expenses	\$	\$	\$
	369,254	264,937	634,191
	Program	Management	
	Program Services	Management and General	Total
June 30, 2019			Total
	Services \$		\$
June 30, 2019  Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development			Total \$ 271,905 27,213
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support	Services \$ 271,905	and General \$ -	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits	\$ 271,905 27,213	and General \$ - 44,543	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits Trust fees	\$ 271,905 27,213	\$ 44,543 31,807	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543 31,807
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits Trust fees Professional fees	\$ 271,905 27,213	and General  \$ 44,543 31,807 64,125	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543 31,807 64,125
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits Trust fees	\$ 271,905 27,213	\$ 44,543 31,807	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543 31,807
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits Trust fees Professional fees Depreciation Database management Marketing and public relations	\$ 271,905 27,213	and General  \$ 44,543 31,807 64,125 71,673 26,534 24,137	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543 31,807 64,125 71,673 26,534 24,137
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits Trust fees Professional fees Depreciation Database management	\$ 271,905 27,213	and General  \$ 44,543 31,807 64,125 71,673 26,534	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543 31,807 64,125 71,673 26,534
Grants and scholarships Faculty and staff development Other school support Salaries and benefits Trust fees Professional fees Depreciation Database management Marketing and public relations	\$ 271,905 27,213	and General  \$ 44,543 31,807 64,125 71,673 26,534 24,137	\$ 271,905 27,213 10,158 44,543 31,807 64,125 71,673 26,534 24,137

## SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (dollars in thousands):

June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	Measurement Date				
0.185177036%	0.200437537%	0.214642962% \$	Net OPEB Liability	Percentage of	Share as a	Proportionate	Parkersburg's
4,361	3,991	\$ 2,967 \$	Share	Proportionate Proportionate Proportionate	Parkersburg's		
1,093	889	\$ 729 \$	Share	<b>Proportionate</b>	State's		
5,454	4,880	\$ 3,696	Share	<b>Proportionate</b>	Total		
4,072	4,110	\$ 4,132	Payroll	Covered	Parkersburg's		
107.09%	97.10%	71.80%	Covered Payroll	Percentage of	Share as a	Proportionate	Parkersburg's
25.10%	30.98%	39.69%	Total OPEB Liability	Percentage of	Net Position as a	Plan Fiduciary	Parkersburg's

Schedule of Employer Contributions (dollars in thousands):

June 30, 2018 380	June 30, 2019 410	June 30, 2020 \$ 442 \$	Actuarily Determined Fiscal Year End Contribution (	
399	415	416	Actual Contribution	
(19)	(5)	\$ 26	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	
4,072	4,110	\$ 4,132	Covered Payroll	
9.80%	10.10%	10.10%	Actual Contribution as a percentage of Covered Payroll	

These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

be obtained from the RHBT and PEIA at www.peia.gov. reported in the required supplementary information, there is no additional information to include in notes. Information, if necessary, can There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as change in benefit terms or assumptions. With only three years

# SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of TRS Net Pension Liability (dollars in thousands):

	Parkersburg's					Parkersburg's	
	Proportionate					Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
	Share as a	Parkersburg's	State's	Total	Parkersburg's	Share as a	Net Position as a
	Percentage of	Proportionate Proportionate Proportionate Covered	Proportionate	Proportionate	Covered	Percentage of	Percentage of
<b>Measurement Date</b>	Measurement Date Net Pension Liability	Share	Share	Share	Payroll	Covered Payroll	<b>Total Pension Liability</b>
June 30, 2019	0.242600% \$	\$ 72 \$	\$ 174 \$	\$ 246 \$	\$ 34	211.82%	72.64%
June 30, 2018	0.238300%	74	193	267	35	214.27%	71.20%
June 30, 2017	0.412200%	142	315	457	62	229.55%	67.85%
June 30, 2016	0.004724%	194	370	564	71	271.95%	61.42%
June 30, 2015	0.004143%	144	328	472	61	234%	66.25%
June 30, 2014	0.003925%	135	306	441	59	229%	66.05%
			(		,		

Schedule of Employer Contributions (dollars in thousands):

	Actuarily	7		Contribution			<b>Actual Contribution</b>
	Determined	ă	Actual	Deficiency		Covered	as a percentage of
Fiscal Year End	Contribution	on C	ontribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Covered Payroll
June 30, 2020	\$	11 \$	11	-	\$	34	32.28%
June 30, 2019		1	11			35	31.68%
June 30, 2018		17	19	(2)	$\overline{}$	62	30.63%
June 30, 2017		20	18	2		71	25.21%
June 30, 2016		20	18	2		61	30.69%
June 30, 2015		18	18	1		59	30.51%

These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

be obtained from the CPRB Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. reported in the required supplementary information, there is no additional information to include in notes. Information, if necessary, can There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as change in benefit terms or assumptions. With only six years



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Governors West Virginia University at Parkersburg Parkersburg, West Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, and the discretely presented component unit of West Virginia University at Parkersburg (Parkersburg), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Parkersburg's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2020. The financial statements of the West Virginia University at Parkersburg Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the West Virginia University at Parkersburg Foundation, Inc.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Parkersburg's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Parkersburg's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Parkersburg's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Parkersburg's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania September 30, 2020

Clifton Larson Allen LLP