Quantitative Reasoning

Course Description:

The Quantitative Reasoning course incorporates problem solving, critical thinking, and oral and writing communication fluency. Approaches and methods used in the course include choosing and using appropriate mathematical models, the use of data, and the use of real-world applications.

Quantitative Reasoning courses have been designed typically for students seeking a Bachelor of Arts degree requiring a liberal arts mathematics course. In the era of co-requisite mathematics courses and alternative pathways, a Quantitative Reasoning course is often the most appropriate mathematics course for many majors.

A transferrable Quantitative Reasoning or "liberal arts" mathematics course is often taken by students to satisfy general education requirements. The course should stress critical thinking with a quantitative basis as its primary general education outcome. As cited in the 2015 CUPM Curriculum Guide, the six core competencies for quantitative reasoning identified by Boersma, Diefenderfer, Dingman, and Madison (2011) should also be addressed.

At least 70% of the course time must be spent on the essential topics. All essential topics must be addressed. The course must be at least a 3-credit course. If the course is more than 3-credit, then the essential topics comprise 70% of the three-hour portion of the class. The remaining 1-2 credit hours may be used for optional topics as part of the co-requisite portion of the course.

"1. Interpretation: Ability to glean and explain mathematical information presented in various forms (e.g., equations, graphs, diagrams, tables, words).

2. Representation: Ability to convert information from one mathematical form (e.g., equations, graphs, diagrams, tables, words) into another.

3. Calculation: Ability to perform arithmetical and mathematical calculations.

4. Analysis/Synthesis: Ability to make and draw conclusions based on quantitative analysis.

5. Assumptions: Ability to make and evaluate important assumptions in estimation, modeling, and data analysis.

6. **Communication:** Ability to explain thoughts and processes in terms of what evidence is used, how it is organized, presented, and contextualized." (pg. 74)

Boersma, S., Diefenderfer, C.L., Dingman, S.W., & Madison, B.L. (2011). Quantitative reasoning in the contemporary world, 3: Assessing student learning. Numeracy 4(2), Article 8.

Essential Topics:

Logical Reasoning

- Inductive and Deductive Reasoning
- Interpreting Statements using Logical Connectors
- Recognize Standard Forms of Valid and Invalid Arguments
- Applications using Set Concepts and Venn Diagrams Including Subsets of Real Numbers

Descriptive Statistics

- Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion
- Measures of Relative Standing: Percentiles and Quartiles
- Applications of Normal Distribution
- Reading, Interpreting, Creating Graphical Representations Using Data

Probability

- Theoretical and Empirical Probability
- Counting Principles Including Permutations and Combinations
- Compound Probabilities involving And, Not, Or
- Odds

Number Sense

• Putting Numbers into Perspective (scientific notation, estimation, accuracy and precision, units)

- Units of Measure (conversion, dimensional analysis, area and volume)
- Linear and Exponential Models, Including Financial Math Topics

Optional Topics May Include

- Additional Statistical Topics
- Applied Geometric Topics
- At Least One
- Conditional Probability
- Direct and Inverse Variation
- Divisibility Rules, Prime / Composite
- Expected Value
- Flow Charts
- Intermediate Algebra Topics
- Logarithmic Models
- Patterns / Sequences
- Sampling Methods
- Vertex Edge Graphs
- Voting Methods Apportionment
- Other

Template for Course Inventory

Please fill out the following table and submit attachment(s). Approved courses must be resubmitted every 5 years.

Please attach the following materials:

- Current working syllabus and lab syllabus that contains instructional goals and/or objectives
- Comprehensive final; in the absence of a comprehensive final no more than 5 sample assessments

Course #							
Course Title							
Beginning Term (when is/was it first offered?)	If more than five years, check box \Box						
Credit Hours (including the entire course, lecture/lab)	Course:						
Co-/Pre-requisite (test		Test	Score				
scores for placement)	Co-Requisite						
	Pre-Requisite						
Successor Course:							
Catalog Description							
All Textbook(s)/Lab Manual	ISBN:	ISBN:					
	Title:	Title:					
	Publisher:	Publisher:					
	Author:	Author:					
	Edition: Edition:						
	Copyright Year: Copyright Year:						

Indicate the percent time spent on each learning topic (should add up to 100%). To indicate where evidence of each learning topic is located in this submission, please check all boxes that apply.

S – Syllabus	T – Topics list	C – Catalog Description	A – Assessment	O – other attachment
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Essential Topics:	% Time	S	Т	С	Α	0
1. Inductive and Deductive Reasoning						
2. Interpreting Statements using Logical Connectors						
3. Recognize Standard Forms of Valid and Invalid Arguments						
4. Applications using Set Concepts and Venn Diagrams Including Subsets of Real Numbers						
5. Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion						
6. Measures of Relative Standing: Percentiles and Quartiles						
7. Applications of Normal Distribution						
8. Reading, Interpreting, Creating Graphical Representations Using Data						
9. Theoretical and Empirical Probability						
10. Counting Principles Including Permutations and Combinations						
11. Compound Probabilities involving And, Not, Or						
12. Odds						
13. Putting Numbers into Perspective (scientific notation, estimation, accuracy and precision, units)						
14. Units of Measure (conversion, dimensional analysis, area and volume)						
15. Linear and Exponential Models, Including Financial Math Topics						
Percentage Sub-Totals:						

Non-Essential Topics (may not be addressed at all):			Т	С	Α	0
1. Additional Statistical Topics						
2. Applied Geometric Topics						
3. At Least One						
4. Conditional Probability						
5. Direct and Inverse Variation						
6. Divisibility Rules, Prime/Composite						
7. Expected Value						

Non-Essential Topics (may not be addressed at all):			Т	С	Α	0
8. Flow Charts						
9. Intermediate Algebra Topics						
10. Logarithmic Models						
11. Patterns/Sequence						
12. Sampling Methods						
13. Vertex Edge Graphs						
14. Voting Methods – Apportionment						
15. Other:						
Percentage Sub-Totals:						

Percentage Grand Total:

Additional Comments:

Cher	ck if addressed:
	Current working syllabus and lab syllabus that contains instructional goals and/or objectives
	Comprehensive final; in the absence of a comprehensive final no more than 5 sample assessments
	Every essential topic has been addressed
	At least 70% of the course time must be spent on all the essential topics
	Percentages of topics must total 100%
	Course is at least 3-credit

Name of individual submitting:			 	 	_Date:	
Email address:					Phone:	

Please contact Jodi Oliveto, Senior Policy and Program Officer, jodi.oliveto@wvhepc.edu with questions