

**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS # 09032026
SERVICES**

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Questions will be received until October 01, 2026

Proposals will be received until November 02, 2026, 3:00 PM EST,

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS

RFP # 09032026

SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION AND STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1.1 Purpose: Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College is seeking in an RFP an organization through an RFP to provide bookstore services. Management and operation of the bookstore, including an on-site store and or a “virtual store”.

1.2 Schedule of Events:

Release of RFP: September 21, 2026

Question Deadline: October 01, 2026

Addendum/Response to Questions: October 15, 2026

Proposal Due Date: November 02, 2026

Target Award Date: November 16, 2026

1.3 Bidder's Point of Contact: The sole point of contact for questions, clarification and inquiries concerning this Request for Proposal (RFP) is:

Velva Pennington

Chief Finance Officer

Email: velva.pennington@southernwv.edu

1.4 Posting of Information: This RFP and any addenda, including answers to questions, will be posted <http://www.southernwv.edu/request-for-quotation>.

1.5 Questions and Answers: Questions concerning this RFP will be received in writing (via e-mail is acceptable) by the point of contact until the deadline identified in Section 1.2. When submitting questions by e-mail, please reference RFP 09032026 in the subject line. Questions, if any, will be answered by addendum and posted to the webpage identified in Section 1.4 above.

1.6 Proposal Submission: Deliver an original and one copy of the proposal on or before the date required in Section 1.2. The outside of the envelope should be clearly marked with the RFP number, the bid opening date/time, and the Chief Finance Officer's name.

NOTE: ALL PRICES ARE TO BE PROVIDED IN A SEPARATE SEALED ENVELOPE LABELED AS PRICING INFORMATION.

In addition, a digital copy of the proposal should be submitted; the preferred method is e-mail to velva.pennington@southernwv.edu.

PROPOSALS RECEIVED AFTER THE DUE TIME AND DATE WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED. IT IS THE BIDDER'S SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE TIMELY DELIVERY OF THE PROPOSAL.

1.7 Proposals shall remain in effect ninety (90) days from the submission date.

1.8 Conflict of Interest: By signing the proposal, the bidder affirms that it and its' officers, members and employees have no actual or potential conflict of interest, beyond the conflicts disclosed in its' proposal. Bidder will not acquire any interest, direct or indirect, that would conflict or compromise in any manner or degree with the performance of its services under this contract. If any potential conflict is later discovered or arises, the bidder must promptly disclose it to the institution.

1.8 Independent Proposal: A proposal will not be considered for award if the price in the proposal was not arrived at independently, without collusion, consultation, communication or agreement as to any matter relating to such prices with any other offer or with any competitor. The price quoted in the bidder's proposal will not be subject to any increase and will be considered firm for the life of the contract unless specific provisions have been provided for adjustment in the original contract.

1.9 Rejection of Proposals: The Chief Finance Officer reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals, in part or in whole, at her discretion. The Director reserves the right to withdraw this RFP at any time for any reason. Submission of, or receipt by, the Director confers no rights upon the bidder nor obligates the institution in any manner.

1.10 Expenses: The institution will not be held liable for any expenses incurred by any bidder responding to this RFP including expenses to prepare or deliver the proposal or attend any oral presentation.

1.11 Interviews: Discussions and/or interviews may be held with the bidders under final consideration prior to making a selection for award; however, the RFP may be awarded without such discussions or interviews.

1.12 Oral Statements and Commitments: Any oral representations made or assumed to be made during discussions held between the bidder's representatives and the institution personnel are not binding. Only the information issued in writing and added to the RFP by an official written addendum is binding.

1.13 Award: It is anticipated that a single contract will be awarded for all services. However, the institution reserves the right to configure the contract in whatever manner is in its' best interests.

1.14 Public Record: All documents submitted in response to the RFP and any documents created as a result of this RFP are considered public record. All bids, proposals or offers submitted shall become public information and will be available for inspection during normal business hours at the institution.

The only exception to the public record is disclosure information listed in WV Code § 29B-1-4. Primarily, only trade secrets are considered exempt from public disclosure.

1.15 Contract: The RFP and the bidder's response will be incorporated into the contract by reference. The order of precedence is the contract, the RFP, any addendum, and the bidder's proposal in the response to the RFP.

1.16 Contract Term: This contract will be effective upon award and shall extend for a period of 3 years. By mutual consent of the vendor and the institution, the contract may be renewed for an additional one (1) year.

1.17 Contract Changes: Any changes to the original contract will be made via a Change Order issued by the institution. No change is official until a signed Change Order is produced.

1.18 Contract Termination for Unavailability of Funds. If funds are not appropriated or allocated for the services provided under this contract, the institution may terminate the contract at the end of the affected current fiscal period without charge or penalty. The institution shall give the vendor written notice of such non-appropriation or non-allocation of funds as soon as possible after the institution receives notice.

1.19 Contract Termination for Failure to Perform: The institution may terminate the contract resulting from this RFP immediately at any time the vendor fails to meet the terms of the contract.

1.20 Payment of fees will be made upon successful completion of the required services. Progress payments for services satisfactorily completed may be made pursuant to a payment schedule which is deemed satisfactory to the Systems and is included in the bidder's response to this RFP.

1.21 Invoices: The vendor shall submit invoices, in arrears. State law prohibits payment of invoices prior to receipt of services. State law does not provide for interest payments on late payments. Invoices properly prepared and submitted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract are usually paid within thirty (30) days.

1.22 Governing Law: This contract shall be governed by the laws of the State of West Virginia.

SECTION 2: ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Vendor Registration – WV Code § 5A-3-12. The West Virginia Code requires that all vendors be registered with the WV Department of Administration, Purchasing Division, prior to receiving a purchase order for competitive products and/or services exceeding \$25,000. See Exhibit A.

2.2 Debarment – WV Code §5A-3-33 through §5A-3-33F. Vendors that have been debarred by the federal government are not eligible to offer or receive contracts to supply goods or services to the state and its subdivisions for a specified period of time.

2.3 West Virginia Secretary of State. The vendor must be in compliance with the Secretary of State and should provide a copy of their business license with the proposal. For more information, contact the WV Secretary of State.

2.4 Taxpayer Identification Information. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requires the institution to request a taxpayer identification number (TIN) for tax reporting purposes. IRS Form W9 is used to obtain this information. See Exhibit B.

2.5 Purchasing Affidavit – WV State Code §5A-3-10a. WV State Code requires all vendors to submit an affidavit regarding any debt owed to the State. The Affidavit (Exhibit C) should be completed, signed and returned with the bidder's proposal.

2.6 RFP Response Title Page – The Title Page includes the RFP Number, Addenda Received check boxes, the Bidder's business name, business address and telephone number, a contact name and e-mail address and includes a signature line and date for the individual authorized to obligate the business. See Exhibit D.

SECTION 3: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College (Southern) issues this Request for Proposal (RFP) to invite offers from qualified firms to assist the College in delivering a quality book purchase solution for students, faculty, and staff that provides convenience and cost economy in the overall experience. Southern is committed to providing quality products and services for this program.

Southern currently has a physical text bookstore located on the Logan Campus. This bookstore is currently run by an outside vendor. The college and this vendor work together to offer the Books Bundle program to students. This program is a course fulfillment program that lowers the cost of course materials and ensures students have their required course materials on the first day of class. The student registers for classes, and then, 30 days before classes begin, the student receives an e-mail to verify their order and select a fulfillment preference. An email notification will be sent to the student when their order is ready for pickup at the college or when it ships. Digital materials are delivered within the school's LMS. This vendor also sells apparel with Southern's logo online and in the physical store, along with convenience store items and other sundries.

SECTION 4: SCOPE OF SERVICES

Management and operation of the campus bookstore, including a physical location and/or a "virtual bookstore". The successful vendor will provide the following:

- All textbooks and all course materials
 - Textbooks (printed)
 - E-book
 - Software codes
 - Student kits

- Guaranteeing all course materials will be available to student not less than 10 days prior to semester start
 - Textbook rental program
- Textbook adoptions methods
 - Web-based
 - Other electronic methods such as password logins, software codes, product keys, etc. purchased for class.
- Shall conduct a book buy back on periodic basis
 - Online
 - In-person (physical)
 - Guaranteed Buyback where student know at time of purchase what the buyback price of selected textbooks will be
- Sell various merchandise, not limited to the following:
 - Basic office supplies (pens, pencils, notebooks, etc.)
 - Logo merchandise including various styles, types, options, and manufacturers clothing to include accessories such as hats, gloves, jackets, scarves, etc.
 - Graduation Regalia (sale or rental)
 - Giftware items
 - Trade books and study aids
- Student Vouchers
 - Accept financial aid vouchers from the college for approved purchases in the virtual and campus bookstore
 - Electronic delivery of vouchers to students
 - Multiple methods of submitting voucher data
- Locations:
 - Virtual bookstore
 - Physical location which shall be located on the Logan Campus in former bookstore location. Our former bookstore was located in the Building A with the physical address of: 2900 Dempsey Branch Road Mount Gay, WV 25637
 - Must be open at least 4 days a week during busy times. Hours and days of operation may vary based on different times in the semester.
 - Provide method to have limited merchandise available for sale on the other campuses. Other campuses would have a list of items at the main campus available to them. Actual items for sale at the satellite campuses would be limited to a few shirts, giftware items, office supply basics, etc. Just a small area in each.
- Must integrate with Ellucian Banner ERP
 - Student voucher charges must feed into Banner tables, at least once a day. Would prefer more often.
 - Prefer student course registration information pre-populates student cart with required textbooks and course materials.
- Prefer ADA compliant publications available upon special request

- Promotional materials to promote the bookstore and any special event such as book buy back
- Shipping and Delivery – provide multiple shipping methods for student to choose (i.e., ship to campus; ship to student, etc.)
- Customer Service
 - Online/phone 24/7 support
 - There will be a customer service (CS) person an employee of the vendor available when the store is open, regardless of the operational hours. Anytime the store is open there will be a CS rep onsite. The bookstore hours may not be the same as campus hours due to any number of issues.
- Refunds and Exchanges
 - The contractor shall state the refund and exchange policies to be applied in the campus store
- Vendor would provide their own retail equipment as needed, to include things such as cash registers, inventory machines, copy/printer, barcode scanners and any of the software needed to operate the business. Vendor would be responsible for the proposed fixed price of equipment, if they go over agreed amount they would be responsible to cover the additional costs.

SECTION 5: VENDOR INFORMATION AND QUALIFICATIONS

Provide a statement/response to each of the following:

- 5.1 Identify and provide a statement of qualifications of individuals to be assigned direct responsibility for the services.
- 5.2 Describe the experience that key personnel have, their length of service with the firm, as well as other relevant skills.
- 5.3 Describe the Firm's size, illustrating its ability to fulfill the terms of the RFP.
- 5.4 Describe any related experience.
- 5.5 Provide a complete description of how the work will be conducted, including all quality assurances that are provided in the firm's process for this type of work, and detail the amount of time and effort that will be required of the entity's personnel. Include in this description an explanation of the tools/technology used to collect/coordinates requested items.
- 5.6 Provide a proposed schedule for completion of the services.
- 5.7 Provide the names, telephone numbers and mailing addresses of at least three higher education clients and the contact person from whom references may be obtained. References should be from clients comparable to the type and scope of services solicited

in this RFP.

SECTION 6: BIDDER RESPONSE AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

6.1 Economy of Preparation: Proposals should be prepared simply and economically, providing a straightforward, concise description of the bidder's ability to satisfy the requirements of the RFP. Emphasis should be placed on completeness and clarity of content.

NOTE: ALL PRICES ARE TO BE PROVIDED IN A SEPARATE SEALED ENVELOPE LABELED AS PRICING INFORMATION.

6.2 Proposals should be limited to 25 pages. Additional material may be presented as exhibits to the main proposal.

6.3 A Title Page (Exhibit D) should be provided. The Title Page is the preferred method of providing the bidder's information. If the bidder does not utilize the Title Page, the bid must provide a cover letter with, at a minimum, the signature of an individual authorized to obligate the company and a date.

6.4 The proposal will be evaluated on a one hundred (100) point scale with points assigned as outlined below.

Vendors failing to score at least 70% or 49 points for Sections 6.4.1 and 6.4.2 will not be considered to have met the minimum acceptable score. Any vendor not meeting the minimum acceptable score will NOT have their prices opened and will NOT be considered for award of the bid.

6.4.1 Qualifications, Experience and Company Background – 40 points

Responses to Section 5 will be reviewed and evaluated here.

6.4.2 Services – 30 points

Responses to Section 4 will be reviewed and evaluated here.

6.4.3 Price – 30 points – The low bid will receive the full 30 points. Each higher bid will receive a percentage of the 30 points, based on the ratio to the lowest bid.

6.5 Award will be made to the bidder receiving the highest point total.

6.6 In the event that mutually acceptable terms cannot be reached within a reasonable period of time, with the highest-ranked bidder, Southern reserves the right to undertake negotiations with the next highest-ranked bidder and so on until mutually acceptable terms can be reached.

SECTION 7: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7.1 By submitting a proposal in response to this RFP, a firm shall be deemed to have accepted all the terms, conditions, and requirements set forth in herein unless otherwise clearly noted and explained in writing. Any exception(s) or additional terms and conditions a firm wishes to offer for consideration must be clearly itemized and explained. Otherwise, the RFP in total shall be incorporated into the contract by reference. The Systems may accept or reject the Firm's proposed exceptions as it deems appropriate and in the best interests of the Systems.

7.2 The State's Agreement Addendum (WV-96) is attached to demonstrate the State law and guidelines that must be adhered to in any contracts presented to the Systems for execution (See Exhibit E). A copy of additional terms and conditions that a firm wishes to offer for consideration should be enclosed with the proposal. The West Virginia Attorney General's Office must accept or reject proposed modifications to the WV-96.

WV-1A

REV. 11/20/2024

☐ New ☐ Update

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA - PURCHASING DIVISION

**VENDOR REGISTRATION AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
AND SMALL, WOMEN-, AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS
CERTIFICATION APPLICATION**

Before a vendor is eligible to sell goods and/or services to the State of West Virginia, the *West Virginia Code* §5A-3-12 requires all vendors to have on file with the West Virginia Purchasing Division a completed Vendor Registration and Disclosure Statement. Vendors supplying sole source goods or services to West Virginia state agencies, or competitive purchases of \$5,000 or less annually in aggregate across all state agencies are required to complete the Vendor Registration and Disclosure Statement (WV-1A form). If the amount for competitive purchases exceed \$5,000 in aggregate across all state agencies in any one year, a **\$125.00** annual fee is required. Payment of the annual fee includes email notifications on bid opportunities based on the commodities and services selected upon registering in the Vendor Self-Service (VSS) portal at wvOASIS.gov. Please complete **Part I** of this form in its **ENTIRETY** and return to the state agency listed below for their completion of **Part II**. The agency will forward this form to the West Virginia Purchasing Division for processing. Incomplete forms may not be processed and may be returned to the vendor. **Please return all correspondence to:**

STATE AGENCY:

ADDRESS:

CITY, STATE, ZIP:

Whenever a change occurs in the information submitted, such change shall be reported immediately in the same manner as required in the original disclosure statement (*West Virginia Code* §5A-3-12). Vendors doing business with the State of West Virginia are expected to abide by the Vendor Code of Conduct available online at www.state.wv.us/admin/purchase/vrc/vendorconduct.pdf.

Privacy Notice: The Purchasing Division is required to collect certain information as stated in *West Virginia Code* §5A-3-12, other applicable sections of the *West Virginia Code*, the Vendor Registration and Disclosure Statement forms, and other documents to facilitate the state bidding and contract administration processes. This information is stored in a secure environment, but unless specifically protected under state law, any information provided may be inspected by or disclosed to the public.

Vendors are also required to be licensed and in good standing in accordance with any and all state and local laws and requirements by any state or local agency of West Virginia, including, but not limited to, the West Virginia Secretary of State's Office, the West Virginia Tax Department, West Virginia Insurance Commission, or other state agencies or political subdivisions. Failure to do so may result in delay of or disqualification from a contract award, pursuant to *West Virginia Code of State Rules* §148-1-6.1.7. If you have any questions concerning this *Vendor Registration and Disclosure Statement*, please contact the Purchasing Division at (304) 558-2311.

Questions concerning this Vendor Registration and Disclosure Statement may be directed to the Purchasing Division at (304) 558-2311. Should you need additional information relating to vendor registration, please visit www.state.wv.us/admin/purchase/VendorReg.html.

VENDOR REGISTRATION AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND SMALL, WOMEN-, AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS CERTIFICATION APPLICATION

PLEASE TYPE OR CLEARLY PRINT ALL INFORMATION
To Be Completed by the Vendor and Returned to the Purchasing Division

1. Legal Name of Company/Individual _____

Ordering Address _____

(Please provide a physical address, not a post office box.) _____

☐ **Default Ordering Address**

Payment Address _____

City, State, Zip _____

Telephone Number _____ **Fax Number** _____

Principle Contact Person _____ **E-mail** _____

Contact's Telephone Number _____ **Contact's Fax Number** _____

DBA, if any _____

Ordering Address _____

Payment Address _____

City, State, Zip _____

Telephone Number _____ **Fax Number** _____

Principle Contact Person _____ **E-mail** _____

Contact's Telephone Number _____ **Contact's Fax Number** _____

2. Vendor Tax Classification:

☐

Individual

☐

Sole Proprietor

☐

Partnership

☐

Corporation

☐

Board Member

☐

Trust

☐

Estate

☐

Government

☐

Medical Corporation

☐

Attorney Corporation

☐

Non-Profit Organization

☐

Payroll

☐

Employee

VENDOR REGISTRATION AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND SMALL, WOMEN-, AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS CERTIFICATION APPLICATION

PLEASE TYPE OR CLEARLY PRINT ALL INFORMATION
To Be Completed by the Vendor and Returned to the Purchasing Division

3. **Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN):** If you have an Identification Number, enter it below. All partnerships, corporations, or companies with employees must have an EIN.

- EIN

OR

If you do not have a EIN, please enter Social Security number (SSN), Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) or Adoptive Identification Number (ATIN) and check the correct below.

-- - (SSN ☐, ITIN ☐, ATIN ☐)

4. (A) Small, Women-Owned, Minority-Owned Businesses

West Virginia Code §5A-3-59 establishes a procurement certification program in West Virginia for small, women-, and minority-owned businesses. Requirements related to the certification program are provided in the **West Virginia Code of State Rules §148-2-1 et seq.** Note that this certification provides nonresident vendors preference that is equivalent to competing resident (West Virginia) vendors that have applied for resident vendor preference, in accordance with **West Virginia Code §5A-3-37**. This certification may assist resident small, women-, and minority-owned businesses when soliciting business in other states. If you are renewing your two-year SWAM business certification status, please indicate the appropriate designation below.

Certification of Status (Check all those which apply)

- ☐ **Minority-owned Business** [1] means a business concern that is at least fifty-one percent owned by one or more minority individuals or in the case of a corporation, partnership, or limited liability company or other entity, at least fifty-one percent of the equity ownership interest in the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company or other entity is owned by one or more minority individuals and both the management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more minority individuals.
- A "minority individual" means an individual who is a citizen of the United States or a noncitizen who is in full compliance with United States immigration law and who satisfies one or more of the following definitions:
 - **African American** means a person having origins in any of the original peoples of Africa and who is regarded as such by the community of which this person claims to be a part.
 - **Asian American** means a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent or the Pacific Islands, including, but not limited to, Japan, China, Vietnam, Samoa, Laos, Cambodia, Taiwan, Northern Mariana, the Philippines, a U.S. territory of the Pacific, India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, or Sri Lanka and who is regarded as such by the community of which this person claims to be a part.
 - **Hispanic American** means a person having origins in any of the Spanish-speaking peoples of Mexico, South or Central America, or the Caribbean Islands or other Spanish or Portuguese cultures and who is regarded as such by the community of which this person claims to be a part.

- **Native American** means a person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who is regarded as such by the community of which this person claims to be a part or who is recognized by a tribal organization.

VENDOR REGISTRATION AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND SMALL, WOMEN-, AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS CERTIFICATION APPLICATION

PLEASE TYPE OR CLEARLY PRINT ALL INFORMATION

To Be Completed by the Vendor and Returned to the Purchasing Division

-
- ☐ **Small Business [2]** means a business, independently owned or operated by one or more persons who are citizens of the United States or noncitizens who are in full compliance with United States immigration law, which, together with affiliates, has two hundred fifty or fewer employees, or average annual gross receipts of \$10 million or less averaged over the previous three years.
- ☐ **Women-owned Business [3]** means a business concern that is at least fifty-one percent owned by one or more women who are citizens of the United States or noncitizens who are in full compliance with United States immigration law, or in the case of a corporation, partnership or limited liability company or other entity, at least fifty-one percent of the equity ownership interest is owned by one or more women who are citizens of the United States or noncitizens who are in full compliance with United States immigration law, and both the management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women who are citizens of the United States or noncitizens who are in full compliance with United States immigration law.

(B) Other Federal Designations

Additionally, by providing the following information, I represent that this enterprise is a small business as defined by the **Code of Federal Regulations**, Title 13, Part 121, as appended - which contains detailed industry definitions and related procedures - and/or the characteristics of the enterprise's control, operation and/or ownership are accurately reflected in the information provided. *Check all that apply.*

- ☐ Disabled Small Business Ownership [4]
- ☐ Veteran Small Business Ownership [5]

5. Commodity Codes: You may register for commodity codes for the products and services that you offer, which will provide you with bid opportunity alerts and notifications should you become a paid registered vendor. To perform this function, visit the Vendor Self-Service (VSS) portal at wvOASIS.gov.

6. What is the latest Dun & Bradstreet number and rating on the vendor (<https://www.dnb.com/duns/duns-lookup.html>)? _____

7. Is the vendor acting as an agent for some other individual, firm or corporation? If yes, attach statement of the principal authorizing such representation. ☐ No ☐ Yes

By signing below and submitting this form, the vendor certifies and acknowledges that: 1) it has obtained all licenses, certifications, and authorizations necessary to lawfully conduct business in the state of West Virginia; and 2) that the assertions made by completing this form and delivering it to the Purchasing Division are accurate and true in accordance with the applicable law and rules. As authorized agent of the vendor named herein, I do solemnly swear that the above information is true and complete, in accordance with **West Virginia Code §5A-3-12(e)**.

In the event that the vendor is applying for certification as a small, women-, or minority-owned business, the vendor's signature below further certifies that: 1) the state in which the vendor has its headquarters or principal place of business does not deny a like certification to a West Virginia based small, women-owned, or minority-owned business; 2) the state in which the vendor has its headquarters or principal place of business does not provide a preference to small, women-owned, or minority-owned firms that is unavailable to West Virginia based businesses; and, 3) that it has read and understands this form, along with the law and rules governing certification as a small, women-owned, or minority-owned business.

Authorized Agent of Vendor (Print Name)

Authorized Agent (Signature)

Title

Date

**PURCHASING DIVISION
USE ONLY**

Vendor ID: _____

Check No. : _____

Memo No. : _____

Date: _____

Entered by: _____

**VENDOR REGISTRATION AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND SMALL, WOMEN-,
AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS CERTIFICATION APPLICATION**

PLEASE TYPE OR CLEARLY PRINT ALL INFORMATION
To Be Completed by the Vendor and Returned to the Purchasing Division

Part II: FOR STATE USE ONLY - To Be Completed by State Agency and Returned to Purchasing Division

1. Please provide a concise description of the goods and/or services the vendor is providing with your specific transaction.

2. Cite the corresponding exemption code from Section 9 of the Purchasing Division Procedures Handbook, if applicable.

3. Are the goods and/or services considered sole source?

☐ No

☐ Yes

4. Will the goods and/or services provided by this vendor exceed \$5,000 in aggregate across all state agencies? If not, and an award under this dollar threshold is pending, please refer to WVREGEX in wvOASIS for a processing code to use on your wvOASIS award document.

☐ No

☐ Yes

State Agency Procurement Officer Signature

Date

Telephone No.

FAX No.

Return to: WV Purchasing Division
Vendor Registration
2019 Washington Street, East
Charleston, WV 25305-0130

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.

Before you begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see *Purpose of Form*, below.

Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	1 Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the owner's name on line 1, and enter the business/disregarded entity's name on line 2.)	
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above.	
	3a Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. ☐ Individual/sole proprietor ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Trust/estate ☐ LLC. Enter the tax classification (C = C corporation, S = S corporation, P = Partnership) _____ Note: Check the "LLC" box above and, in the entry space, enter the appropriate code (C, S, or P) for the tax classification of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. ☐ Other (see instructions) _____	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) reporting code (if any) _____ (Applies to accounts maintained outside the United States.)
	3b If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its tax classification, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership interest, check this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions. ☐	
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.). See instructions.	Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code		
7 List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN*, later.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also *What Name and Number To Give the Requester* for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number	
	- -
or	
Employer identification number	
	-

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
- I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
- The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and, generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here Signature of U.S. person

Date

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

What's New

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

New line 3b has been added to this form. A flow-through entity is required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

Caution: If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See *What is backup withholding*, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued);
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee; and
4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See *What Is FATCA Reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441-1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(l)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under "*By signing the filled-out form*" above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also *Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding*, earlier.

What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

• **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note for ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

• **Sole proprietor.** Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

• **Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

• **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

• **Disregarded entity.** In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

Line 3a

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation.
• Individual or	Individual/sole proprietor.
• Sole proprietorship	
• LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification:
• LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation	P = Partnership, C = C corporation, or S = S corporation.
• Partnership	Partnership.
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate.

Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

Note: A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

Line 4 Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.
- 5—A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory.
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8—A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11—A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
• Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7.
• Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
• Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4.
• Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5. ²
• Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4.

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.

G—A real estate investment trust.

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).

J—A bank as defined in section 581.

K—A broker.

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).

M—A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also *Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding*, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))**	The grantor ⁴

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing Form 1041 or under the Optional Filing Method 2, requiring Form 1099 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))**	The trust

¹List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

²Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

Note: The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust.

**For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
Purchasing Division

PURCHASING AFFIDAVIT

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS: Under W. Va. Code § 5-22-1(i), the contracting public entity shall not award a construction contract to any bidder that is known to be in default on any monetary obligation owed to the state or a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, obligations related to payroll taxes, property taxes, sales and use taxes, fire service fees, or other fines or fees.

ALL CONTRACTS: Under W. Va. Code §5A-3-10a, no contract or renewal of any contract may be awarded by the state or any of its political subdivisions to any vendor or prospective vendor when the vendor or prospective vendor or a related party to the vendor or prospective vendor is a debtor and: (1) the debt owed is an amount greater than one thousand dollars in the aggregate; or (2) the debtor is in employer default.

EXCEPTION: The prohibition listed above does not apply where a vendor has contested any tax administered pursuant to chapter eleven of the W. Va. Code, workers' compensation premium, permit fee or environmental fee or assessment and the matter has not become final or where the vendor has entered into a payment plan or agreement and the vendor is not in default of any of the provisions of such plan or agreement.

DEFINITIONS:

"Debt" means any assessment, premium, penalty, fine, tax or other amount of money owed to the state or any of its political subdivisions because of a judgment, fine, permit violation, license assessment, defaulted workers' compensation premium, penalty or other assessment presently delinquent or due and required to be paid to the state or any of its political subdivisions, including any interest or additional penalties accrued thereon.

"Employer default" means having an outstanding balance or liability to the old fund or to the uninsured employers' fund or being in policy default, as defined in W. Va. Code § 23-2c-2, failure to maintain mandatory workers' compensation coverage, or failure to fully meet its obligations as a workers' compensation self-insured employer. An employer is not in employer default if it has entered into a repayment agreement with the Insurance Commissioner and remains in compliance with the obligations under the repayment agreement.

"Related party" means a party, whether an individual, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company or any other form or business association or other entity whatsoever, related to any vendor by blood, marriage, ownership or contract through which the party has a relationship of ownership or other interest with the vendor so that the party will actually or by effect receive or control a portion of the benefit, profit or other consideration from performance of a vendor contract with the party receiving an amount that meets or exceeds five percent of the total contract amount.

AFFIRMATION: By signing this form, the vendor's authorized signer affirms and acknowledges under penalty of law for false swearing (W. Va. Code §61-5-3) that: (1) for construction contracts, the vendor is not in default on any monetary obligation owed to the state or a political subdivision of the state, and (2) for all other contracts, that neither vendor nor any related party owe a debt as defined above and that neither vendor nor any related party are in employer default as defined above, unless the debt or employer default is permitted under the exception above.

WITNESS THE FOLLOWING SIGNATURE:

Vendor's Name: _____

Authorized Signature: _____ Date: _____

State of _____

County of _____, to-wit:

Taken, subscribed, and sworn to before me this ____ day of _____, 20__.

My Commission expires _____, 20__.

AFFIX SEAL HERE

NOTARY PUBLIC _____

EXHIBIT D

TITLE PAGE

The undersigned declares that he/she has read the RFP and that the following proposal is submitted as a good faith response.

The undersigned declares that he/she has the authority to obligate the company.

The undersigned acknowledges receipt of the following addenda, if released. If no addenda are released, this section is to be left blank:

Addendum 1 _____ (initial receipt)

Addendum 2 _____ (initial receipt)

Addendum 3 _____ (initial receipt)

(Signature of Signee)

(Name of Signee)

(Title)

(Company Name)

(Street Address)

(City, State, Zip)

(Telephone Number)

(E-mail)

(Date)

WV-96
May 2026

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
ADDENDUM TO VENDOR'S STANDARD CONTRACTUAL FORMS
REQUIRED INFORMATION ABOUT THIS CONTRACT:

State Agency, Board, or Commission (the "State"): _____

Vendor: _____

Contract Name or Identifier/Lease Number ("Contract"): _____

Commodity/Service: _____

The State and the above-identified Vendor are entering into the above-referenced contract. The Contract or other materials incorporated into this Contract may contain provisions that are inconsistent with West Virginia law, regulations, or policy. **THIS ADDENDUM SUPERSEDES, MODIFIES AND CONTROLS ANY CONFLICTING PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT REGARDLESS OF WHEN SUCH DOCUMENTS ARE SUBMITTED.**

1. **PAYMENT** – The State will not make any advanced payments for goods or services unless the payment is (i) authorized by the policy of the West Virginia State Auditor (e.g., software/SaaS licenses, software support services, and the first year of a software subscription), or (ii) expressly authorized in a writing by the West Virginia State Auditor and that approval is made a part of this contract. Payments are made only after the (i) receipt of the goods and/or services and (ii) processing of all required invoice documentation to the State Auditor's satisfaction.

The following provisions are deleted: (i) interest or penalties for late payment, (ii) payment of lost profits, termination fees, or liquidated damages upon termination, and (iii) acceleration of payments due to termination, default, or non-funding.

2. **FUNDING** – Payments under this Contract are contingent upon the availability of properly encumbered funds through legislative appropriation or other lawful funding sources. If funding becomes unavailable, then the State may terminate this Contract upon notice to the vendor. Non-appropriation or non-funding is not an event of default, and all work shall cease upon termination.
3. **TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE** – The State may terminate this Contract for convenience upon thirty (30) days written notice to the Vendor. The State will pay only for undisputed services rendered or goods delivered prior to termination. Any conflicting Vendor provision regarding termination is deleted.
4. **GOVERNING LAW** – The Contract shall be governed by the laws of the State of West Virginia or required federal law. Any provision requiring the application of any other state's laws is deleted.
5. **JURISDICTION/DISPUTES** – All claims for monetary damages must be filed with the West Virginia Legislative Claims Commission. Other legal actions must be brought in courts authorized under West Virginia laws to exercise jurisdiction.
6. **PRESERVATION OF STATE LEGAL RIGHTS** - Notwithstanding any provision contained in this Contract or other materials incorporated into this Contract, any term that limits, waives, or otherwise restricts the legal rights available to the State is deleted. Without limitation, the following provisions are deleted:
 - a. Any requirement that the State agrees to (i) participate in binding arbitration or other extra-judicial dispute resolution process, (ii) waive a jury trial, or (iii) resolve disputes in any jurisdiction or venue other than the State of West Virginia.
 - b. Any provision requiring the State to (i) indemnify, defend, or hold harmless the Vendor or any third party, or (ii) assume the Vendor's business or legal risks.
 - c. Any provision limiting the Vendor's liability for direct damages arising from bodily injury, death, or damage to property (tangible or intangible) caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of the Vendor or its employees or agents. Any limitation of liability is enforceable only to the extent permitted by West Virginia Law.
 - d. Any provision requiring the State to waive or limit its legal rights, claims or defenses.
 - e. Any provision limiting the time within which the State may file a claim or initiate any legal action.
 - f. Any provision permitting repossession of equipment without notice to the state. Repossession may occur only with appropriate notice.
 - g. Any provisions requiring the State to pay Vendor's attorney fees, collection costs, or litigation expenses are deleted except in cases where they are ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
7. **TAXES** – The State is exempt from federal, state, and local taxes. Any provision requiring the State to pay taxes on behalf of the Vendor is deleted. The State will provide a tax-exempt certificate upon request.

8. **ASSIGNMENT** – No assignment of this contract is effective and binding until the State and Vendor execute a change order to this Contract. This Contract is automatically terminated if the assignment is to a person or entity with whom the State is prohibited from doing business. In that circumstance, Vendor agrees to pay the State a pro-rata refund equal to the cost paid for the unused portion of the commodity or service provided. The State may assign this Contract to another State agency, board or commission upon thirty (30) days written notice to the Vendor.
9. **RENEWAL/MODIFICATION** – This Contract may be renewed, extended, amended, or modified only by written agreement signed by both parties and approved, as to form, by the Attorney General. Any automatic renewal or modification provision is deleted.
10. **INSURANCE** – Any provision requiring the State to maintain insurance for the benefit of the State, the Vendor or any third party is deleted.
11. **DELIVERY** – All deliveries under the Contract shall be FOB destination unless the State expressly and knowingly agrees otherwise in writing. Any contrary delivery term is deleted.
12. **PUBLIC RECORDS AND CONFIDENTIALITY** – This Contract and related records are subject to the West Virginia Freedom of Information Act (“W. Va. FOIA”) (W. Va. Code §29B-1-1 et seq.) and applicable public procurement laws. Any provision requiring Vendor consent or notice prior to disclosure is deleted.
- All provisions requiring the non-disclosure of information must be (i) permitted by West Virginia law, (ii) incorporated through a separately signed writing, and (iii) approved, as to form, by the Attorney General.
13. **DATA OWNERSHIP**. During and after the term of this Contract, the State retains all ownership rights to information or data that the State provides to the Vendor, or which the Vendor collects or captures while providing its services (hereafter “Data”). The Vendor agrees to only use the Data to provide the procured services. Without limitation, the following provisions are deleted:
- a. Any provision granting the Vendor or any other person or entity: (i) rights to sell, license or otherwise exploit the Data, (ii) use rights (including without limitation the right to use the Data to train machine learning and/or artificial intelligence models) or (iii) any other proprietary interests in the Data.
 - b. Any provision that defines “Data” in a manner that excludes from these protections: (i) transaction or system-based data, including metadata, (ii) Data once it has been de-identified, anonymized, or aggregated, or (iii) vendor analytics performed on the Data.
- Before contract termination, the Vendor agrees to coordinate with the State, to either (1) destroy the Data or (2) return it to the State in the format requested by the State. This shall be done without further conditions, costs, or delays.
14. **THIRD-PARTY SOFTWARE** – If this Contract contemplates or requires binding the State to third-party’s end-users license agreement (EULA), the Vendor represents that none of the mandatory click-through, unsigned, or web-linked EULA terms and conditions conflict with any term of this Addendum or that it has the authority to modify such third-party software’s terms and conditions to be subordinate to this Addendum. The Vendor shall indemnify and defend the State against all claims resulting from a wrongful representation/assertion that the EULA’s terms and conditions are in accord with, or subordinate to, this Addendum.
15. **AMENDMENTS** –All amendments, modifications, alterations or changes to this Contract shall be made by a (i) written change order, (ii) signed by all parties, and (iii) approved, as to form, by the Attorney General.

If legal circumstances require this Addendum to be amended, then those changes must be made in an **OBVIOUS MANNER** such as by using **bold Italics**, or underline to identify language being added and using bold ~~strikethrough~~ to identify language being deleted. Do not use track-changes. All changes to this WV-96 must be expressly approved by the Office of the Attorney General.

State: _____

Vendor: _____

By: _____

By: _____

Printed Name: _____

Printed Name: _____

Title: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

Date: _____